

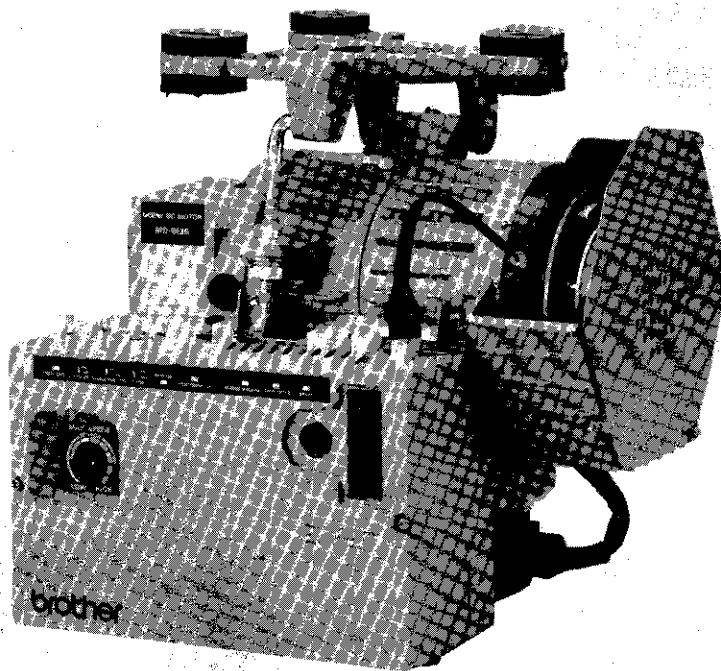
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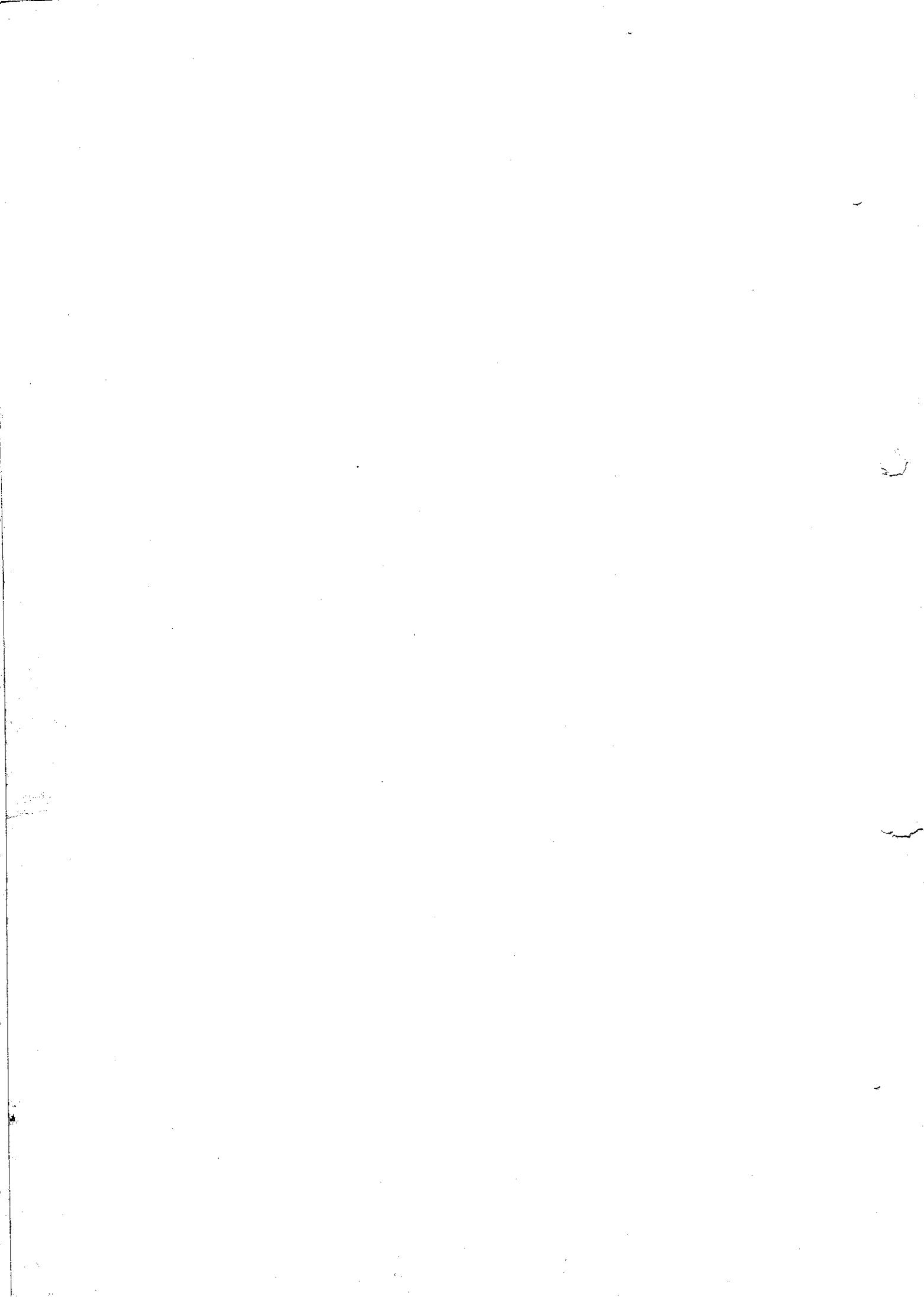
DC SERVOMOTOR **Mark II**

SERVICE MANUAL

MD-803 (Single-Phase Type)

MD-813 (Three-Phase Type)





INTRODUCTION

This service manual is compiled for the technical staff responsible for maintaining and inspecting the drive motor designed for the automatic thread trimming machine. The manual describes the motor and the control box and also covers adjustments. Read the service manual carefully so that you understand the right handling and adjustment.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE MOTOR

★ The Brother DC servomotor is best suited to labor-saving applications. To save sewing labor and enhance automation, advanced functions are provided with a full systems design.

FEATURES

1. Energy Saving

Power consumption is reduced about 50% with the DC servomotor as compared with conventional Brother clutch motors. When the sewing machine is stopped, the DC servomotor is also stopped, resulting in highly effective energy savings.

2. Quiet Operation

While the clutch motor produces a whirring idling sound and vibrations, the DC servomotor is free of these because it does not run when the sewing machine is stopped.

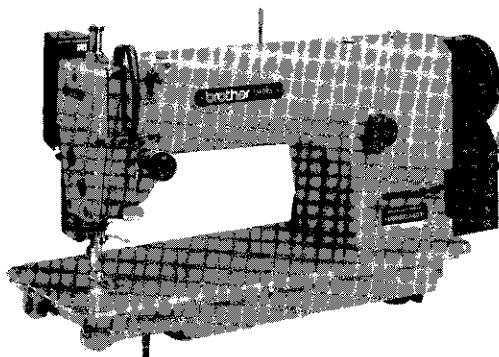
3. Easy maintenance

Maintenance is as easy as adjusting the solenoid brake spacing. There is no need to replace the moving brake plate.

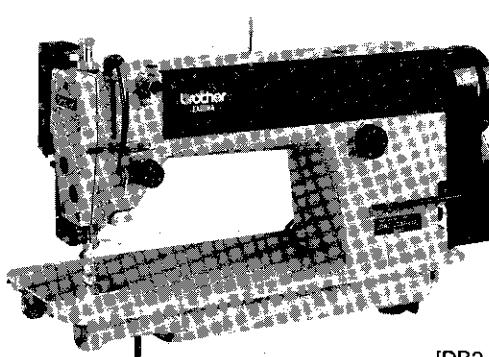
4. Reliability

High integration microcomputers and hybrid ICs are used for higher reliability.

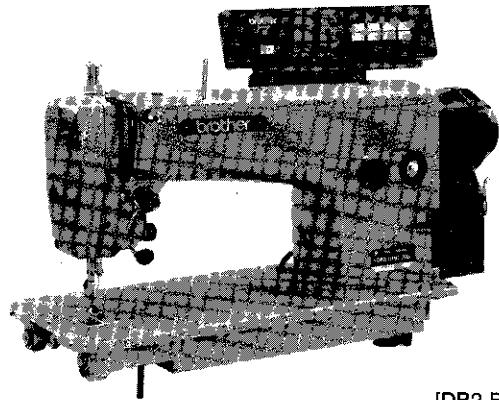
★Use the DC servomotor for the following sewing machines.



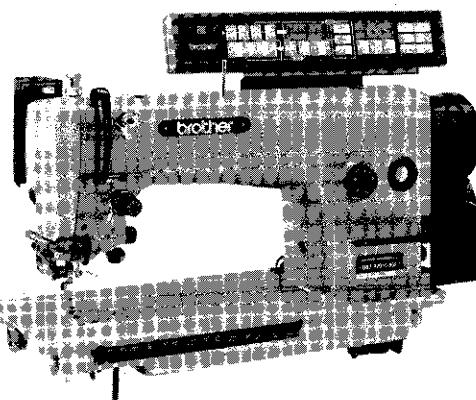
[DB2-B737]



[DB2-B737]
Mark II



[DB2-B791]

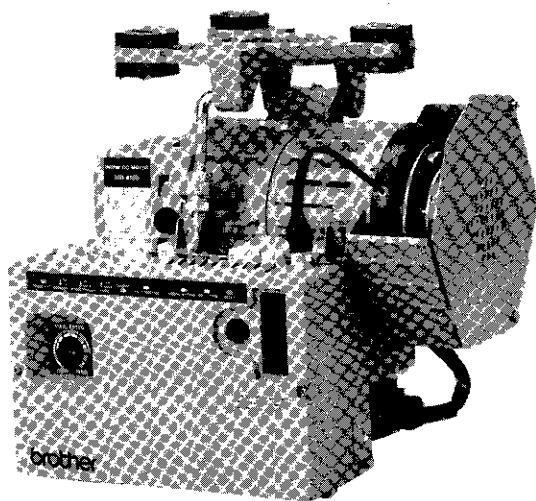


[DB2-B7910]

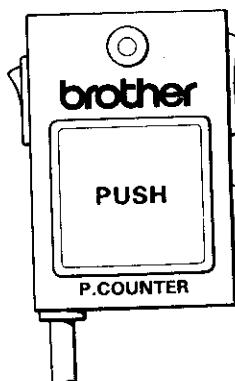
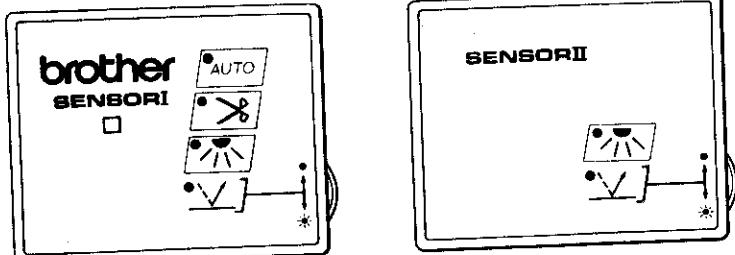
★The DC servomotor is also used with automatic thread trimming machines models DB2-B748, B795, and B798.

SPECIFICATIONS

※The operation panel is optionally available. Use the operation panel which is best suited to your work.

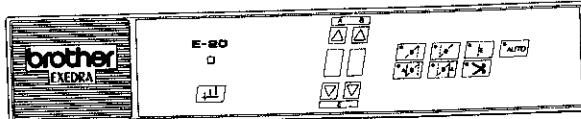


•Sensors

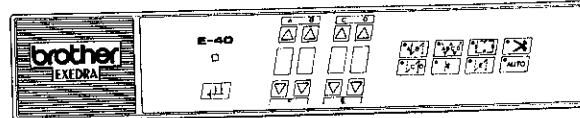


•Operation panel

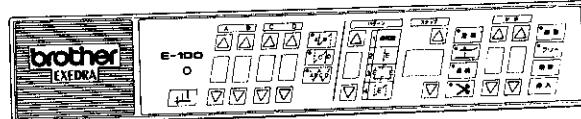
E-20



E-40

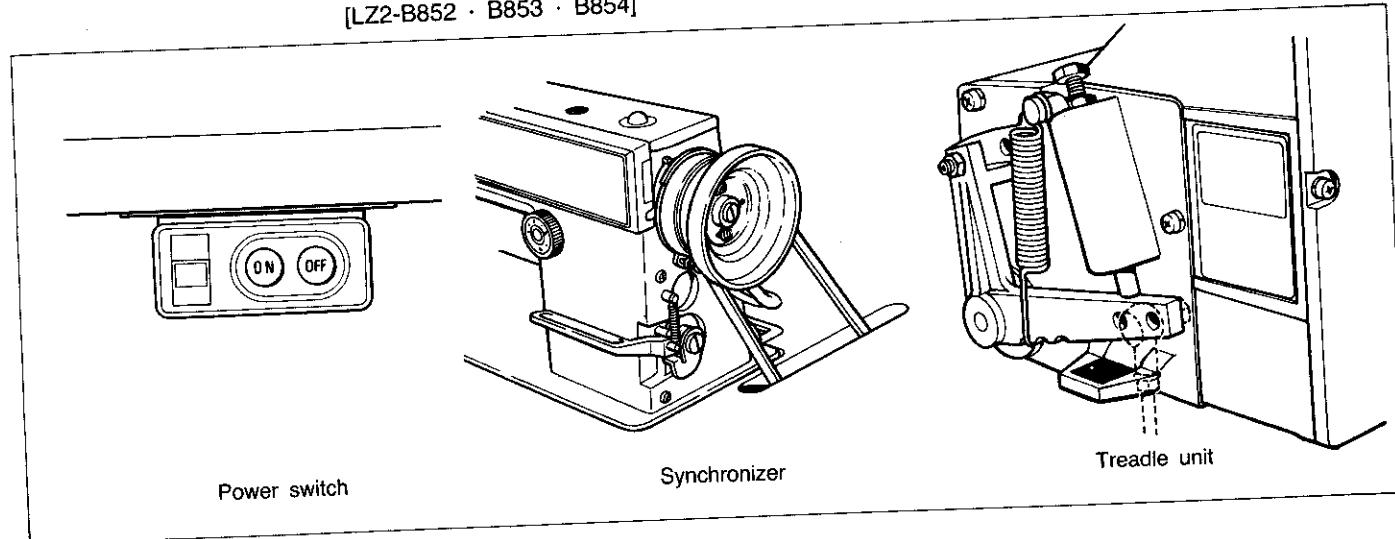


E-100

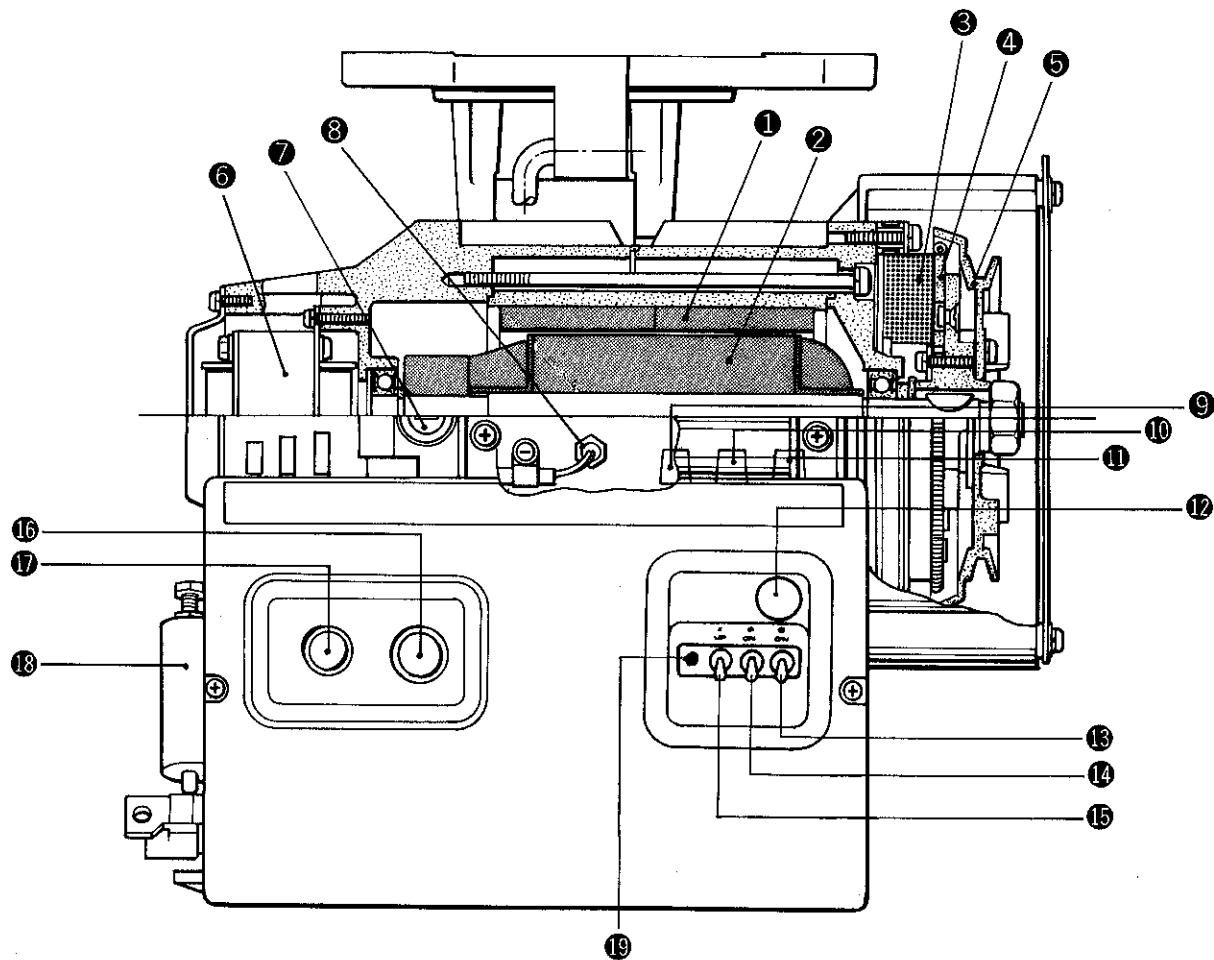


•Production quantity counter

Machine Head to be Applied [DB2-B737 · B748 · B791 · B793 · B795 · B798]
[LT2-B842 · B845 · B847 · B848 · B872 · B875]
[LZ2-B852 · B853 · B854]



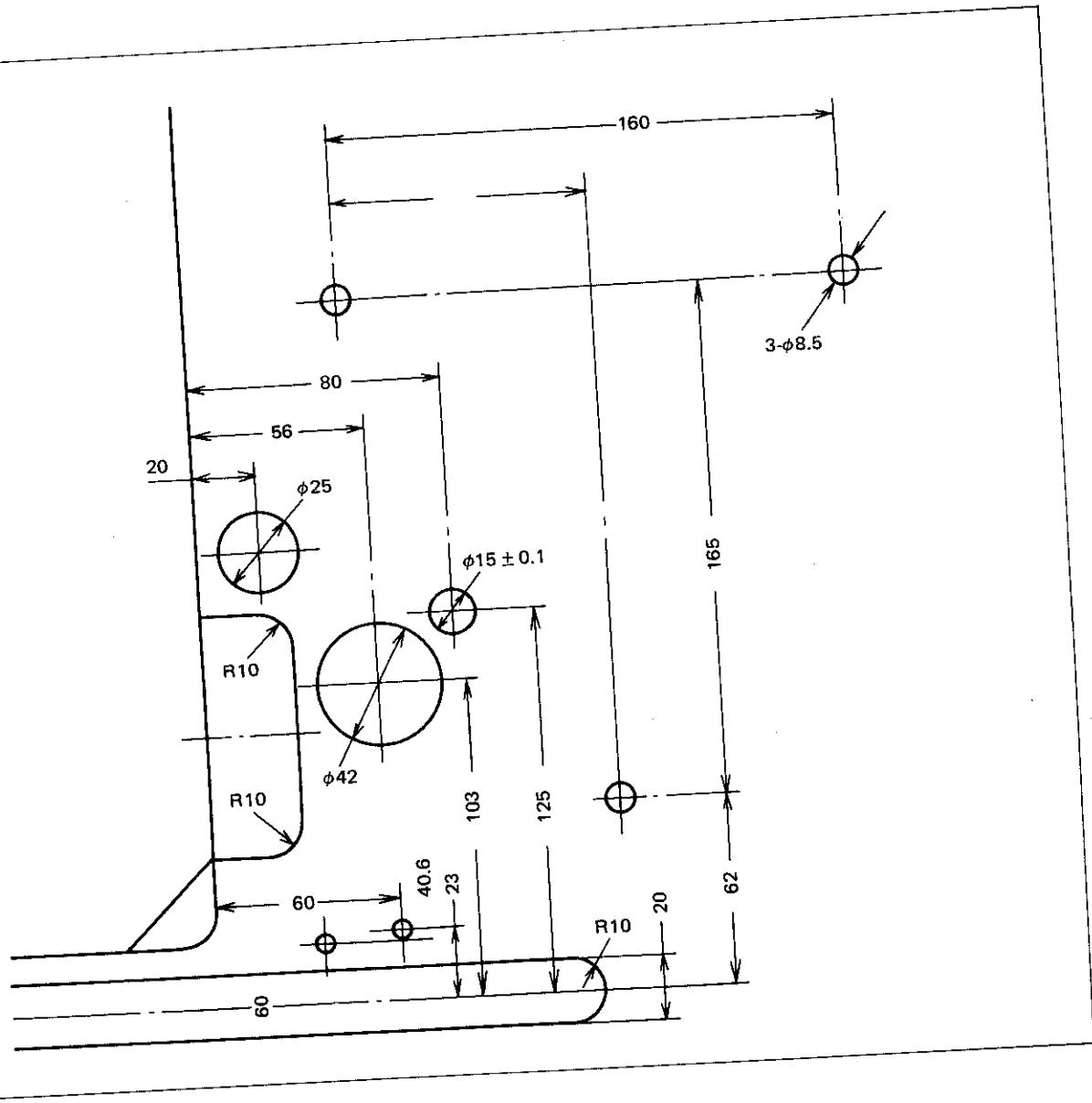
NAME OF EACH PART



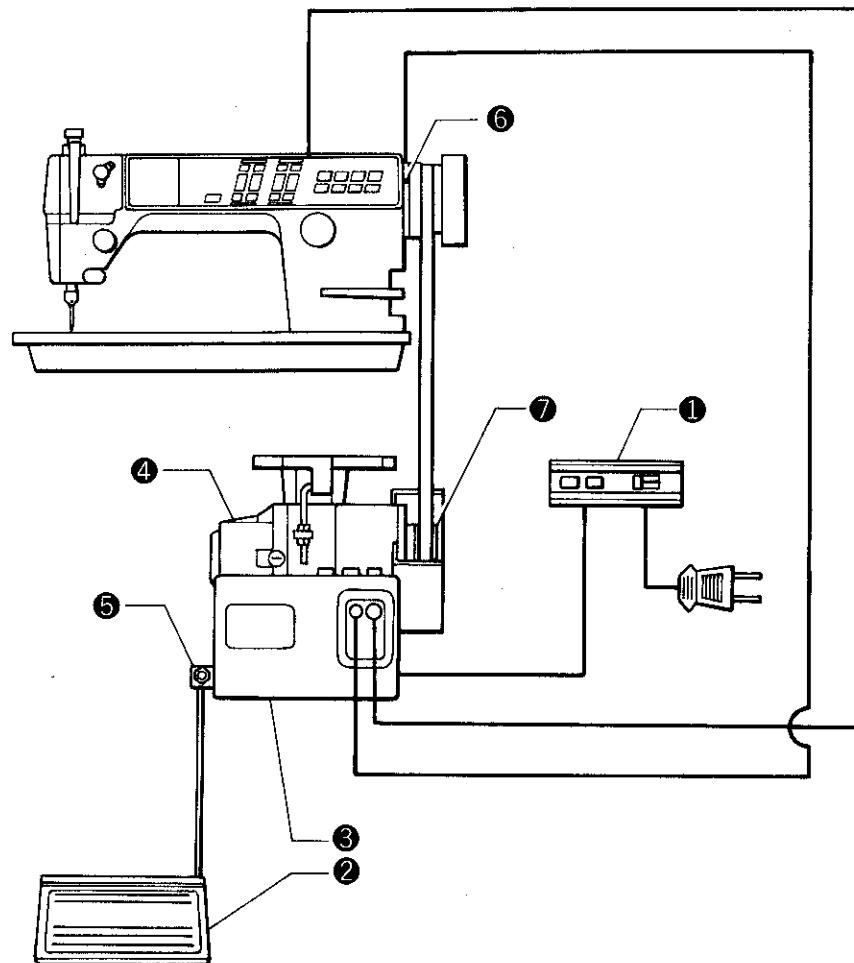
- ① Stator (magnet)
- ② Rotor
- ③ Brake coil (lining)
- ④ Brake armature
- ⑤ Pulley
- ⑥ Reactor
- ⑦ Brush holder
- ⑧ Thermistor
- ⑨ Sewing machine plug
- ⑩ Presser foot lifter plug

- ⑪ Brake plug
- ⑫ Synchronizer plug
- ⑬ Slow start switch
- ⑭ Correction switch
- ⑮ Needle position switch
- ⑯ Backtack sewing speed control
- ⑰ High sewing speed control
- ⑱ Treadle unit
- ⑲ Power lamp

Motor Mounting Template

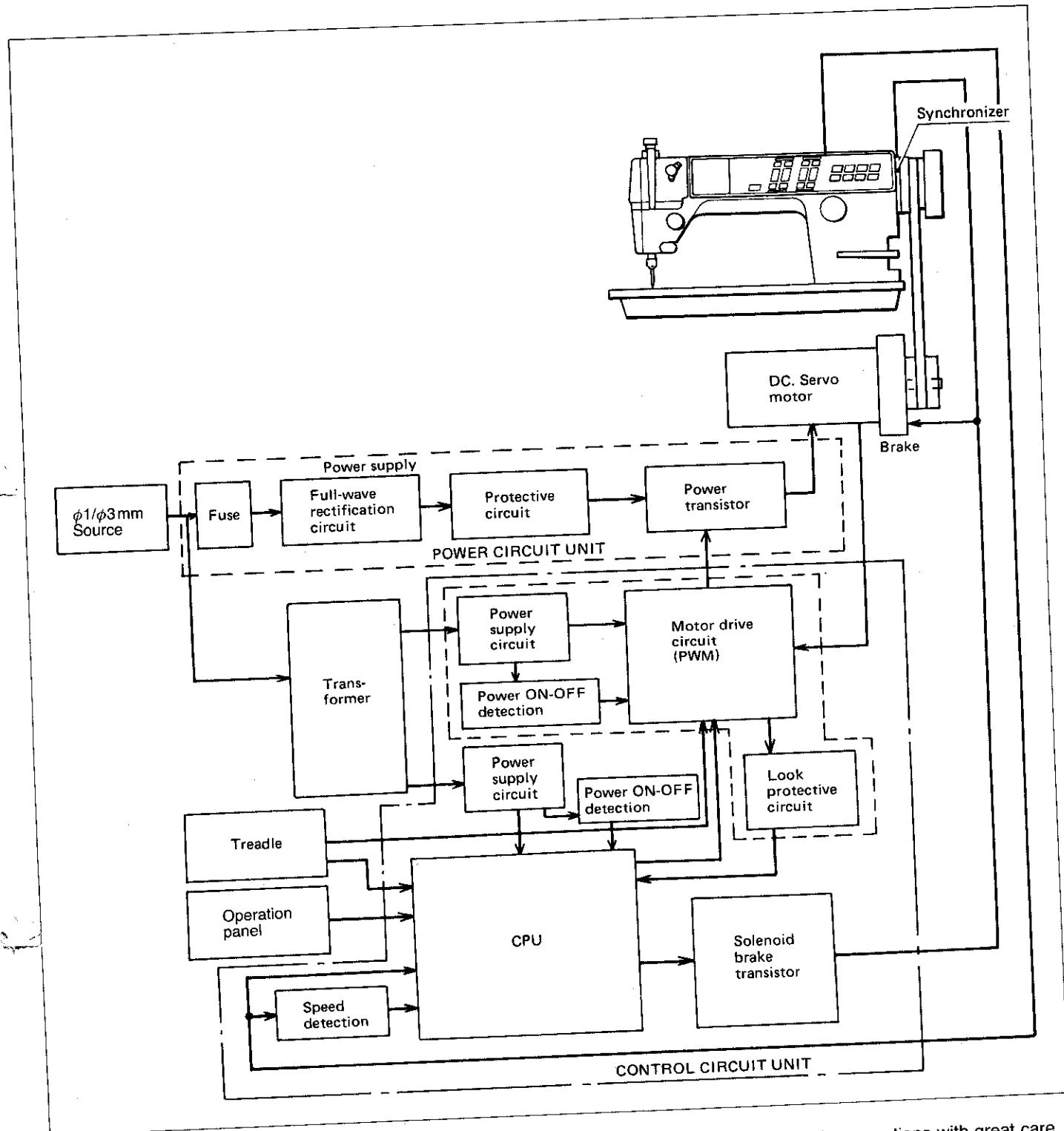


PRINCIPLE OF CONTROL SYSTEM



1. When the power switch ① is turned on and the treadle ② is depressed, the start signal and a voltage corresponding to how far the treadle is depressed are supplied to the control box ③ by the treadle unit. The voltage is supplied to the motor ④ by the control circuit board in the control box ③ so that the motor runs in proportion to the depression of the treadle to drive the sewing machine.
2. When the treadle ② is returned to the neutral position (with foot off), the neutral signal is sent to the control box ③ by the treadle unit ⑤ and the brake command is given by the control circuit board to decelerate the motor ④. Then the signal from the synchronizer ⑥, mounted on the pulley of the sewing machine, is sent to the control box ③ and the brakes are applied so that the operation of the sewing machine is stopped at the needle down stop position set by the synchronizer ⑥.
3. When the treadle is stepped on again, the thread trimming signal is sent to the control box ③ by the treadle unit ⑤ and the command is given by the control circuit board to run the motor ④ at the thread trimming speed (inching speed). Then the signal from the synchronizer ⑥ is sent to the control box ③ and the brakes ⑦ are applied so that the operation of the sewing machine is stopped at the needle up stop position set by the synchronizer ⑥.

CONFIGURATION



Note: The sections enclosed by the broken line indicate where high voltage is applied. Handle these sections with great care.

CAUTION:

- When setting down the machine head or touching the needle, be sure to turn off the power switch and confirm that the pilot lamp is OFF.
- Ground cords are provided for both single-phase and three-phase types. Do not fail to ground the motor. (A ground cord is not provided for single-phase 110V types. Be sure to ground the motor frame if necessary.)
- When adjusting the controls in the control box, be sure to turn off the power switch, remove the front cover and confirm that the pilot lamp is OFF.
- *It is dangerous to handle the control box when the power is on because high voltage is applied. Handle with great care.
- Do not use the DC servomotor rear machines which generate strong high frequency noise, e.g., are welders.

COMPATIBILITY OF MD-802, 812 AND MD-803, 813 (except B738 or B7380)

		MD-802, 812	MD-803, 813
Control circuit board	1-110V	S-PCB300B1-100V (291270-110)	S-PCB500B1-100V (291782-110)
	1-230V	S-PCB300B1-230V (291270-123)	S-PCB500B1-230V (291782-123)
	3-230V	S-PCB300B3-230V (291270-323)	S-PCB500B3-230V (291782-323)
	3-400V	S-PCB300B3-400V (291270-340)	S-PCB500B3-400V (291782-340)
Threadle unit	comp.	PS-UNIT#8 (291442-001)	PS-UNIT#11 (291790-001)
	p.c.b.	PS-PCB#8 (291443-001)	PS-PCB#11 (291792-001)
Operation box or panel		E-2 (137209-90103) E-4 (137209-90203)	MarkII others
			E-20 137208-91111 137208-91120
			E-40 137208-91211 137208-91220
			E-100 137208-91311 137208-91320
			SI, SII reference *1
Power board	1-110V	D-PCB1-110V (291273-001)	
	1-240V	D-PCB1-240V (291274-001)	
	3-240V	D-PCB3-240V (291275-001)	
	3-400V	D-PCB3-415V (291276-001)	
Transformer	110V (6V)		229963-001
	220V (6V)		229643-001
	220V (12V)		230660-001
	230V (6V)		229645-001
	240V (6V)		229646-001
	240V (12V)		231335-001
	380V (6V)		229561-001
	380V (12V)		229623-001
	415V (6V)		230214-001
	415V (12V)		229644-001
Motor		There is fundamentally two kinds of motor, one is from 100V to 240V, another is higher than 380V. But as motor lavel depends on each voltage or phase, there are many motors.	
Synchronizer		Synchronizer #13 (291079-001) #14 (291670-001) ; For twin needle	

Note: Power board 1-110V (100~110V), 1-240V (200~240V), 3-230V (220~240V), 3-400V (380~440V)

Note: () is lamp tap voltage.

*1 Sensor

Sewing machine	SI	SII
B737 MarkII	SENSOR#1-1 (291655-002)	SENSOR#2-2 (291657-002)
B748	SENSOR#1-1 (291655-002)	SENSOR#2-1 (291659-002)
B842 type	SENSOR#1-3 (291673-002)	SENSOR#2-3 (291674-002)
B791	SENSOR#1-4 (291656-002)	SENSOR#2-4 (291640-002)
B793, B795	SENSOR#1-5 (291658-002)	SENSOR#2-5 (291641-002)
B798	SENSOR#1-6 (291744-002)	SENSOR#2-6 (291642-002)

MOTOR

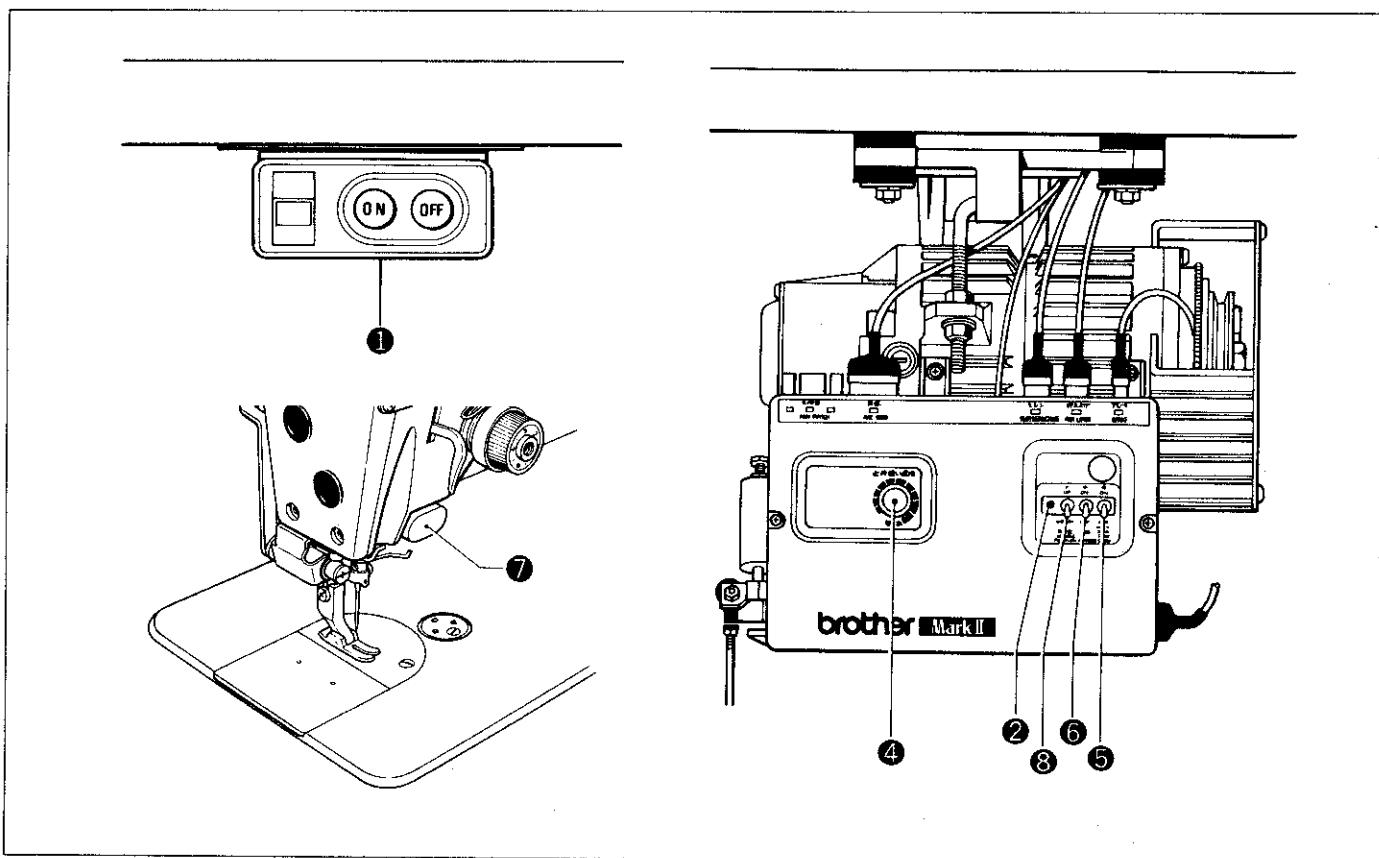
			MD-802 -812	MD-803 -813
Motor Assembly	Single phase	110V	291408-001	291823-001 (MD-803C)
		220V	291409-001	291824-001 (MD-803A)
		230V	291410-001	
		240V	291411-001	291825-001 (MD-813A)
	Three phase	220V	291412-001	
		380V	291413-001	291826-001 (MD-813B)
		415V	291414-001	
Bracket L	Single phase Three phase 220V		231001-001	
	Three phase 380V, 415V		231003-001	
			231556-001	
Brush	Single phase Three phase 220V		231558-001	
	Three phase 380V, 415V			231646-001
Rotor#145	Single phase 110V		231004-001	
	Single phase 220~240V			
	Three phase 380V, 415V		231018-001	

OPERATION PANEL

Model	Operation panel	
B737 MarkII	E20	137-208-911-11
	E40	137-208-912-11
	E100	137-208-913-11
B791 B798 B748	E20	137-208-911-15
	E40	137-208-912-15
	E100	137-208-913-15
LT2-B842 Type	E20	137-208-911-17
	E40	137-208-912-17
	E100	137-208-913-17
B793 B795	E20	137-208-911-19
	E40	137-208-912-19
	E100	137-208-913-19
Operation panel	E20	137-208-911-20
	E40	137-208-912-20
	E100	137-208-913-20

OPERATION INSTRUCTION

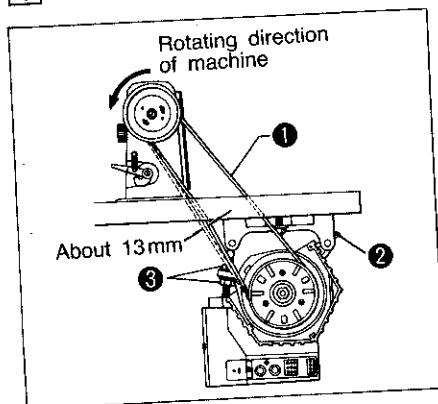
① Motor control and control box use



- ★ The power lamp ② will light up when the power switch ① is turned on.
- ★ Sewing speed will increase as the speed control ③ is turned toward HIGH (to the right), and will decrease as the control is turned towards LOW (to the left).
The sewing speed range varies from a minimum 215spm to an adjustable maximum speed.
- ★ Start backtack sewing speed will increase as the backtack sewing speed control ④ is turned clockwise, and will decrease as the control is turned counterclockwise.
The start backtack continuous sewing speed range is 215 to 3000 spm. The end backtack sewing speed is set at 1800 spm and cannot be adjusted.
- When the slow start switch ⑤ is switched to ON, the first two stitches (after thread trimming and needle up position stop) will be sewn at low speed. Sewing speed after these first two stitches is regulated by depressing the treadle.
- When the correction switch ⑥ is ON, the machine will sew in the correction stitch mode (215spm) when the actuator ⑦ is depressed while the machine is stopped. If the actuator is depressed during machine operation, the machine will enter the reverse sewing mode.
- The machine will stop with the needle in the down position if the machine is stopped after setting the needle position switch ⑧ to the needle down position. Conversely, the machine will stop in the needle up position if the needle position switch ⑧ is set to the needle up position.

ADJUSTMENT

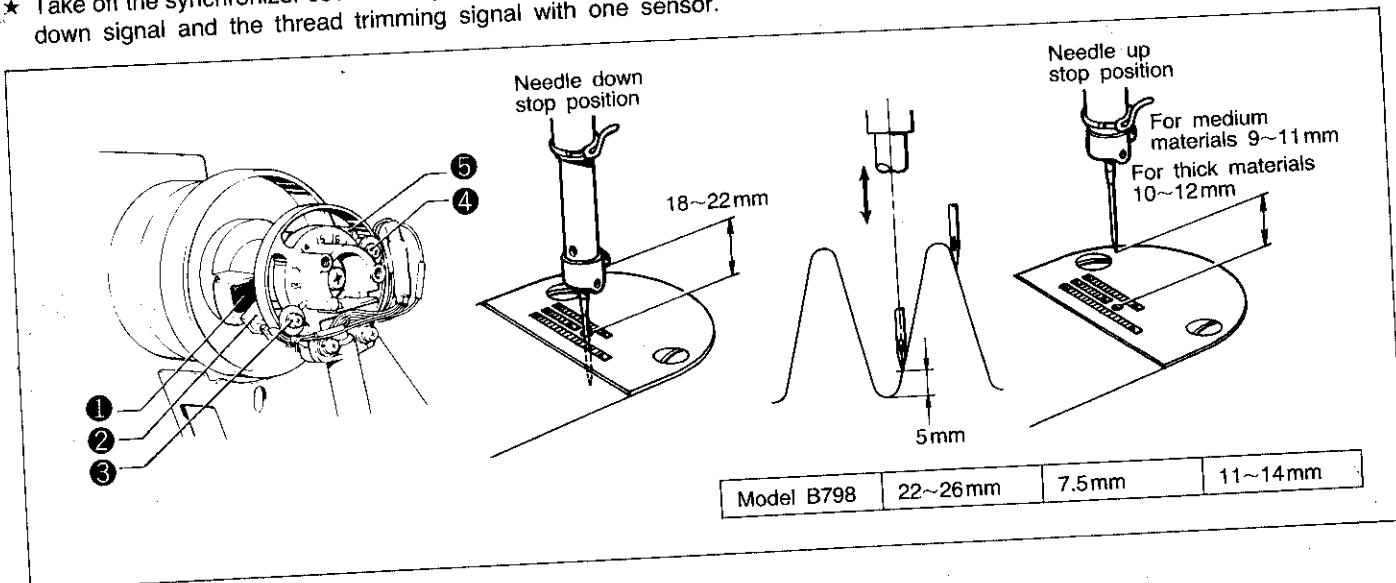
1 DC Servomotor



- ★ Lower the machine head and then mount the belt on the motor pulley and the machine pulley.
- ★ The belt fits the machine pulley and the motor pulley as shipped. Belt tension may loosen in time. Check the belt tension.
- ★ The machine rotates counterclockwise as seen from the pulley side.
- ★ Adjust the belt ① by loosening the set screw ② and turning the nut ③ so that it gives about 13mm when pressed by hand.

2 Needle position detector (synchronizer) Model DB2-B791 · B793 · B795 · B798

★ Take off the synchronizer cover for adjustment. The synchronizer detects the needle with two sensors and controls the needle down signal and the thread trimming signal with one sensor.



★ In adjusting each sensor, do not fail to turn off the power switch.

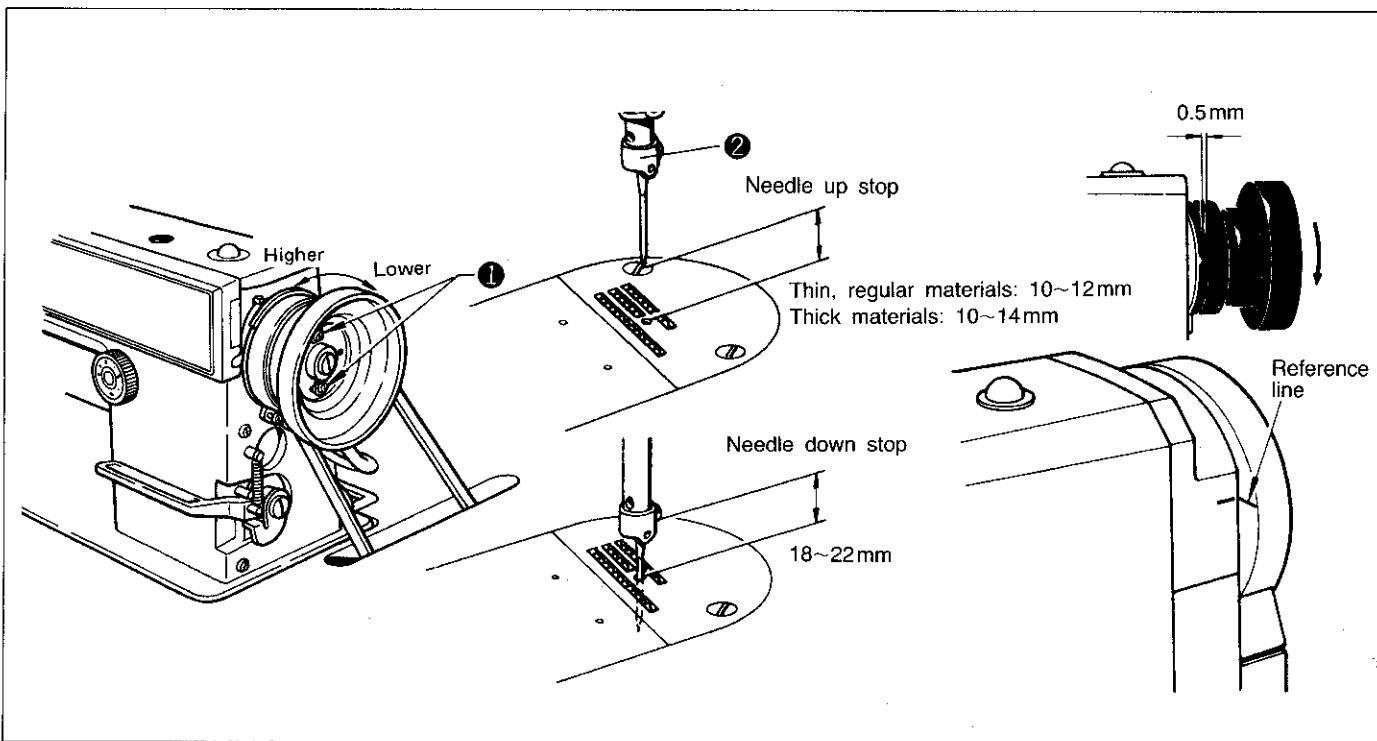
Position adjustment for needle down signal

★ Turn the machine pulley this side and set the needle 5mm up from the bottom to align the lower end of the magnet ① with the upper end of the thread trimming needle down sensor ②.
(As for the model B747 · B748, adjust the needle 7mm up from the bottom and as for the model B798, 7.5mm up.)
When the lower end of the magnet ① does not coincide with the upper end of the thread trimming needle down sensor ②,
loosen the screw ③ and move the thread trimming needle down sensor for adjustment.
When the thread trimming needle down sensor ② is moved in the rotating direction, the needle bar comes up. And when in the reverse direction, the needle bar comes down.
Turn on the power switch and stop the machine at the needle down stop position so that the distance between the top of the needle plate and the lower end of the needle clamp screw is 18~22mm. (As for the model B798, the distance is 22~26mm.)

Position adjustment for needle up signal

★ Stop the machine at the needle up stop position. The needle point stops 9~11 mm away from the top of the needle plate for thin and medium materials, and 10~12 mm for thick materials.
(As for the model B798, the needle point stops 11~14 mm away.)
When the needle point does not stop properly, loosen the screw ④ and move the needle up stop sensor ⑤ for adjustment.
When the needle up stop sensor ⑤ is moved in the rotating direction, the needle bar comes down. And when in the reverse direction, the needle bar comes up.
★ Tighten the screw ③ and ④ by the force of 6~10kg-cm.

Synchronizer Model DB2-B737 · B748



- ★ The synchronizer detects the needle position with two sensors.
The thread trimmer signal is timed to the needle down position signal and the treadle reverse signal.
- ★ When the power is turned on and the needle stopped in the down position, the distance between needle plate top and needle set screw bottom should be 18 to 22mm.
When the needle is stopped in the up position and the pulley reference line is within the belt cover reference lines, the distance between needle plate top and needle tip should be 10 to 12mm with thin and regular materials, 10 to 14mm with thick materials.
(With Model B748 the needle up stop position is 10~14mm.)
Adjust as follows when necessary.
- ★ Turn the power off.

Needle up position

1. Slightly loosen the two screws ①.
Move the set screws ① in the direction of normal pulley movement to raise the needle bar ② stop position. Turn the other way to lower the needle bar.

Needle down position

1. Set the treadle to reverse and then release it to neutral. (This is the needle down stop position.)
2. The needle plate top to needle screw bottom gap should be 18~22mm.
3. Loosen screw ③ and move the synchronizer ④ to adjust.
 - * Check the needle up stop position.
 - * When the machine pulley is removed once, provide 0.5mm clearance between the pulley bottom and the synchronizer for installation.
(Improper clearance causes improper machine operation)

When the synchronizer is out of order . . .

- ★ Turn off the power switch and disconnect the synchronizer cord.
Use the machine with standard function (without thread trimming) until the synchronizer is replaced.

3 Control box

Control box (Model DB2-B737)

The high speed volume, backtack stitch volume, power lamp, needle position switch, one-stitch modification switch, slow start switch and connector for synchronizer are arranged on the front of the control box. All these parts are already provided on the control circuit board.

The control circuit board is installed on the inside of the control box.

The power circuit board is at the back and the treadle unit is on the left side wall.

The right side wall is furnished with one 15A fuse for the 110~240V single-phase type, two 5A fuses for the 200~240V three-phase type and two 3A fuses for 380~440V three-phase type.

The control circuit board is provided with the 8A fuse for solenoid load.

*Do not fail to secure the fuse holder cap after replacing or inspecting the fuses.

*Never short-circuit the lamp terminal (AC 6V or 12V terminal) for lighting, or the transformer may be broken.

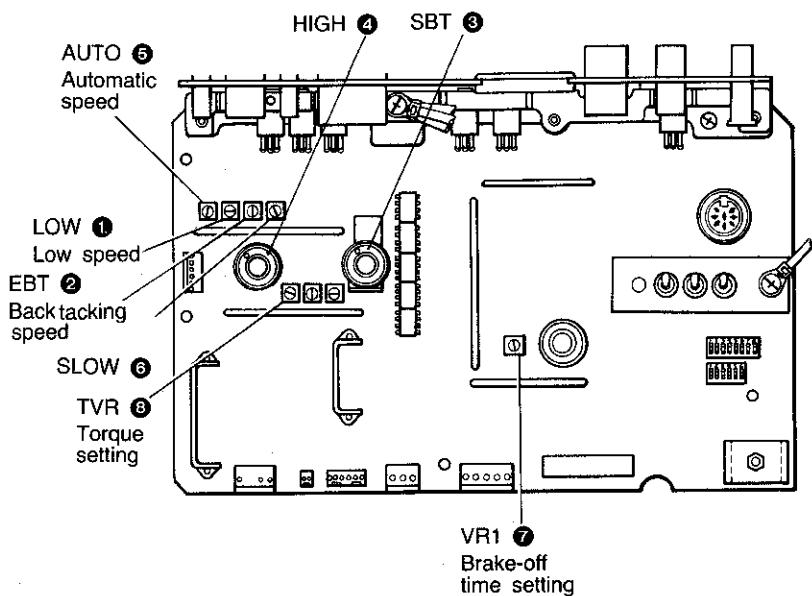
Control circuit board

Explanation of each volume knob

*Do not turn the volume knobs when not necessary.

Model B737 · B748 · B791 · B793 · B795 · B798

1. Take off the front cover.
2. When the LOW VR ① (low speed and thread trimming) is turned clockwise, the low machine speed is adjusted to increases.
3. When the EBT VR ② (end backtacking speed) is turned clockwise, the backtacking speed is adjusted to increases.
4. The SBT VR ③ is start backtacking speed and continuous backtacking speed adjust volume.
5. The HIGH VR ④ is high sewing speed adjust volume.
6. The AUTO VR ⑤ is automatic sewing speed adjust volume.
7. The SLOW VR ⑥ is slow start speed adjust volume.
8. When the VR1 ⑦ is (brake-off timing set) is turned clockwise, the brake force is adjusted to increase. And when counter-clockwise, it is adjusted to decrease.
9. When the TVR ⑧ (torque setting) is turned clockwise, the torque is adjusted to increases.



CAUTION:

Other volume knobs are factory set, so that they never require adjustment.

Note 1: It is dangerous to touch the volume knobs by finger because high voltage is applied. Do not fail to turn off the power switch before adjustment. To check the setting, turn it on again.

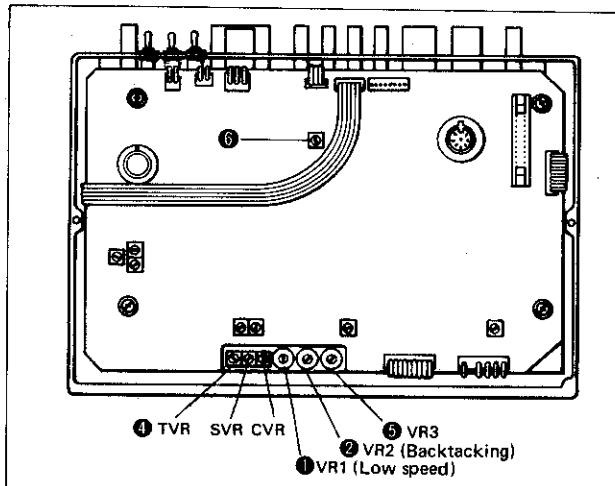
Note 2: Take care that the driver does not touch other parts but the volume knobs for adjustment. Adjust the volume knobs with great care. They may be broken if turned past the stop point.

Note 3: When any volume knob is turned by mistake, turn it back so that the red indexes match with each other.

4 Explanation each dip switches

Dip A			
1	Position of presser after thread trimming	ON	Down
		OFF	Raised
2	Position of presser after thread trimming with treadle at neutral	ON	Raised
		OFF	Down
3	Position of presser when machine is stopped with treadle at neutral	ON	Raised
		OFF	Down
4	Double start backtack	ON	Double start backtack (W)
		OFF	Single start backtack (V)
5	Double end backtack	ON	Double end backtack (W)
		OFF	Single end backtack (V)
6	AB+10 backtack	ON	10 stitches added to the displayed AB seam length
		OFF	Seam AB sewn as displayed
7	CD+10 backtack	ON	10 stitches added to the displayed CD seam length
		OFF	Seam CD sewn as displayed
8	Continuous backtack selection	ON	A+C, B+C, sewn repeatedly D times
		OFF	A, B, C, D
Dip B			
1			Normally OFF
2	Start backtack selection	ON	Stops when treadle is returned to neutral
		OFF	Sews to end of B when treadle is at neutral
3	Start and End backtack stitch number	ON	Fixed 4-stitches setting becomes variable with models E-20, E-40
		OFF	Fixed at 4 stitches
4	Actuator switch	ON	Thread trimming controllable with actuator switch
		OFF	none
5			Normally ON
6	Unused		

Model B7380



1. Take off the front cover.
2. When VR1 ① (low speed and thread trimming) is turned clockwise, the low machine speed increases.
3. VR2 ② (backtacking speed) is preset at 1800spm. It does not require adjustment. (Do not touch VR2, or the stop position varies.)
4. VR3 ③ (automatic speed) is changed by the maximum sewing speed volume knob, so VR3 requires no adjustment.
5. When TVR ④ (torque setting) is turned clockwise, the torque increases.
6. When the VR1 ⑤ (brake-off time setting) is turned clockwise, the brake force increases. When turned counterclockwise, it decreases.

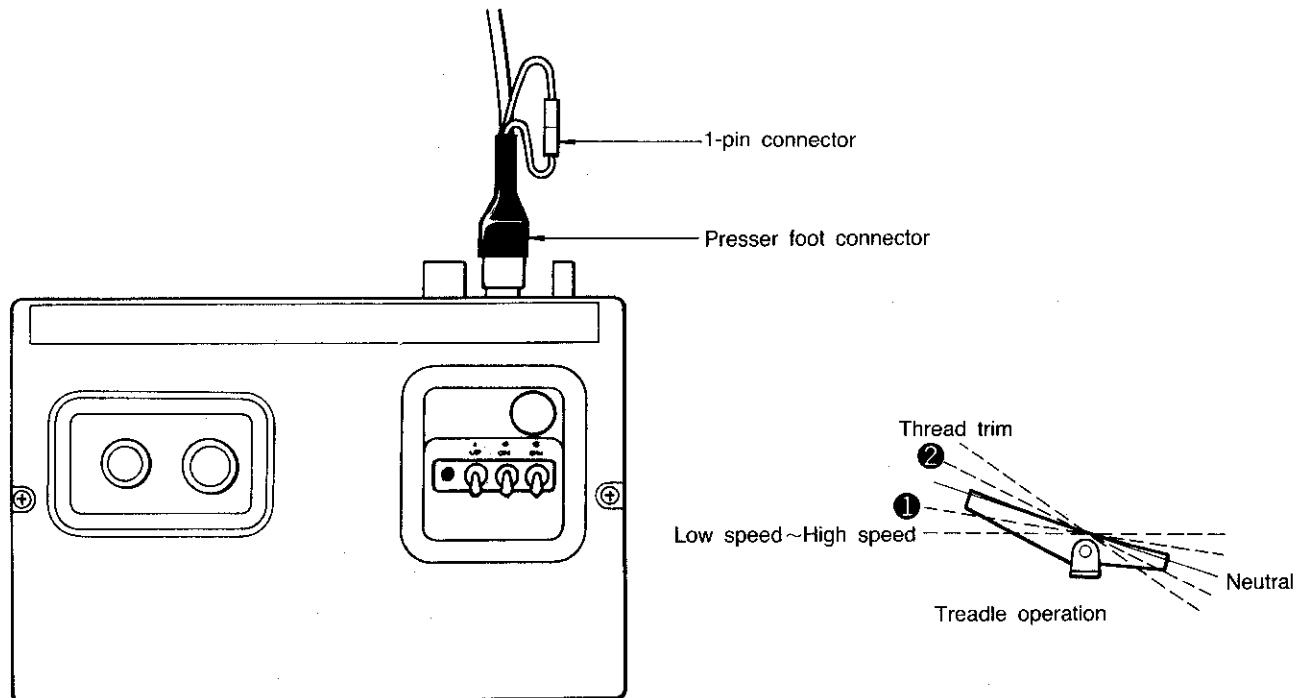
CAUTION:

Other volume knobs are factory set, so that they never require adjustment.

- Note 1: It is dangerous to touch the volume knobs by finger because high voltage is applied. Do not fail to turn off the power switch before adjustment. To check the setting, turn it on again.
- Note 2: Take care that the driver does not touch other parts but the volume knobs for adjustment. Adjust the volume knobs with great care. They may be broken if turned past the stop point.
- Note 3: When any volume knob is turned by mistake, turn it back so that the red indexes match with each other.

4 Use of the presser foot connector (1-pin) and DIPA2, 3

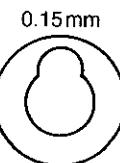
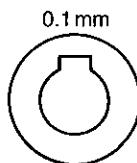
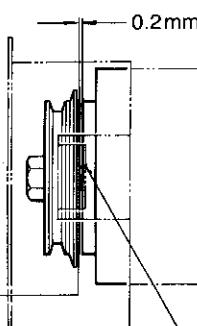
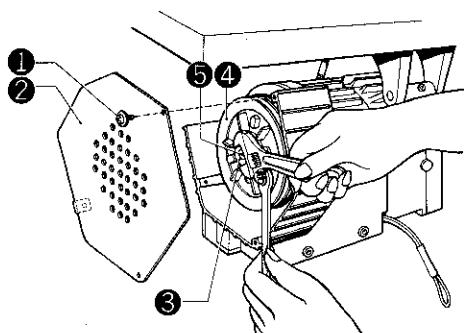
			After thread trimming	Stop state after returned to neutral
1-pin short			Allways up at neutral Down at ①	Allways up at neutral Down at ①
1-pin open	DIPA 2	ON	Allways up at neutral Down at ①	irrelevance
		OFF	Allways down at neutral Up at ②	
DIPA 3		ON	irrelevance	Allways up at neutral Down at ①
		OFF		Allways down at neutral Up at ②



Presser foot conditions are indicated by UP (raised) and DOWN (lowered).

6 Motor brake

Asbestos brake spacing



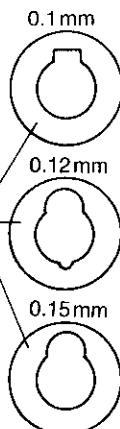
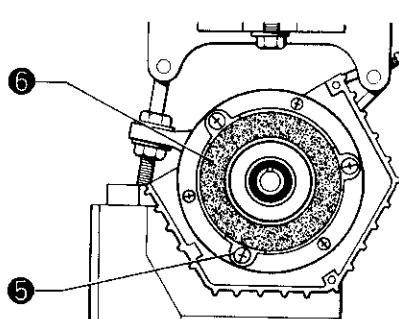
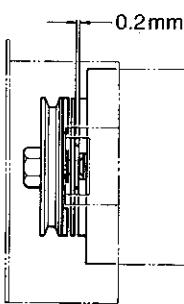
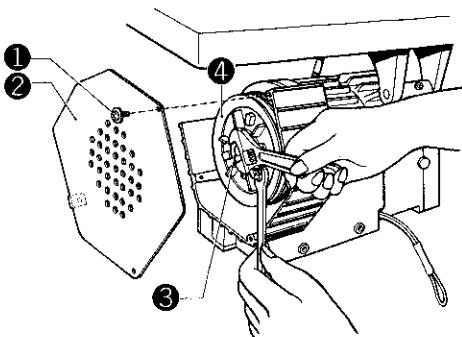
Window fro adjusting the brake spacing

- ★ Adjust the brake spacing when about two years have passed. And also adjust when the brake generates abnormal noises and does not stop stably.

Adjustment Procedures

1. It is recommended that you remove the motor pulley and measure the brake spacing in advance. The brake spacing is factory set at approx. 0.2mm.
2. Remove the screw ① and the pulley cover ②.
3. Remove the V belt.
4. Remove the nut ③ and the motor pulley assembly ④.
5. Remove the washer ⑥ from the shaft ⑤ so that the brake spacing becomes 0.2mm. The washer ⑥ is available with the thickness, 0.1mm, 0.15mm and 0.3mm. Adjust the brake spacing approx. 0.2mm by removing the waher ⑥.

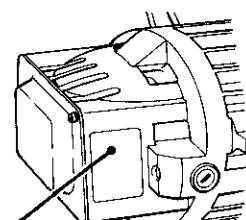
Cork brake



- ★ Check for brake lining wear (excessive gap) if the brakes become noisy or the sewing stop position fluctuates. If the lining is worn (the gap is large), replace the brake lining ⑥.

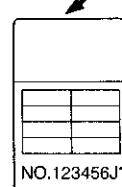
Replace the brake lining as follows.

1. The brake lining gap is factory-adjusted to approximately 0.2mm.
2. Remove screw ①, and remove the pulley cover ②.
3. Remove the V-belt.
4. Remove nut ③, and remove the motor pulley assembly ④.
5. Remove the three set screws ⑧, and replace the brake lining ⑥.
Use supplied spacers ⑦ to adjust the brake lining gap to approximately 0.2mm.
There are three spacer thicknesses: 0.1mm, 0.12mm, 0.15mm.



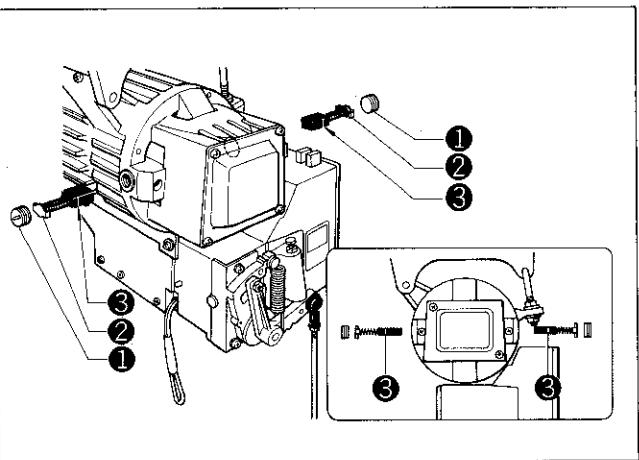
Note 1: Pulley M125 ④ for the asbestos brake cannot be installed to the cork brake.

Note 2: For the cork brake, be sure to adjust so that the brake lining does not rub, because rubbing will cause excessive brake wear.



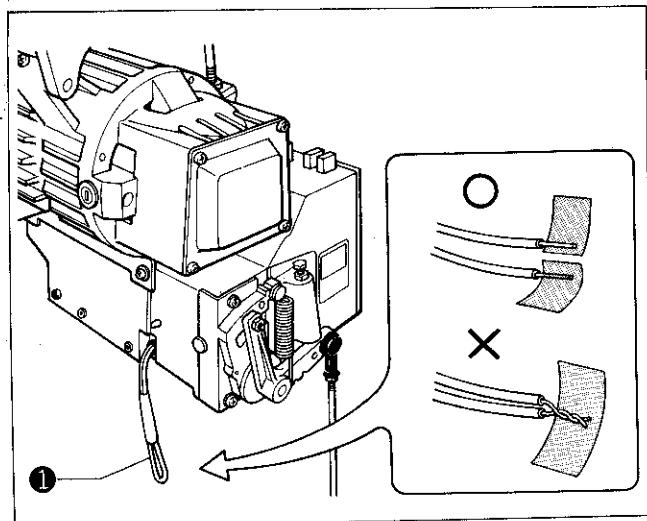
J and thereafter indicate cork brake.

7 Brush replacement



1. Be sure to turn off the power switch.
2. Disconnect the motor plug.
3. Remove the clamp screws ①.
4. Remove the brushes ②.
5. After checking the reference line of the brush ②, mount the usable brush ② so that the reference line ③ directs toward the treadle unit. Replace the brush used to the reference line ③ with a new one.
6. Tighten the clamp screws ① with 10~15kg/cm torque.
7. Connect the motor plug.

8 Checking the lamp terminal code



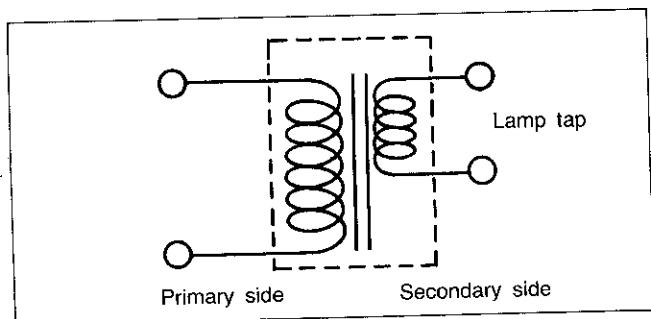
★ The lamp terminal cord ① is provided at the back of the control box. The AC 6V or 12V lamp can be connected with this lamp terminal cord.

The lamp terminal cord
Black cord 6V 20W
Grey cord 12V 20W

For the lamp cord, the primary side is insulated by the transformer.

CAUTION:

Be sure to wrap the end of the cord with tape after disconnecting the lamp cord.



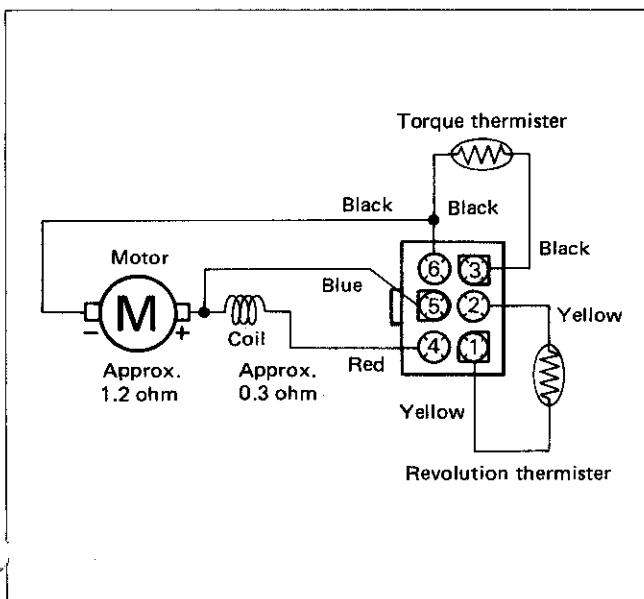
TROUBLESHOOTING

- * When the troubleshooting is required, inspect separately such main parts as the control box, motor, operation panel box, motor, operation panel box, synchronizer, power switch, machine solenoid and pressure foot lifter.
- * When the control box is found to be out of order, inspect the control circuit board, power board, treadle unit, and transformer separately.
- * Whatever troubles you encounter, check whether the connectors are secured.
- * Pay great attention to the maintenance of the power and control circuit boards because the high voltage is applied.
- * Refer to the circuit drawings provided separately to check the quality of the detailed parts (semiconductors) for maintenance.

Trouble	Check Point	Parts to Be Replaced	Ref. Page
1. The machine does not run even by stepping on the treadle while the power switch is ON. (1) Power indicator lamp (red LED) does not go ON. (2) Power indicator lamp (red LED) is ON.	Check the power source voltage. (Try to plug into another outlet.) Fuse blown: 3-phase 5A fuse (2 pcs.) Single-phase 15A fuse (1 pc.) (Replace with new ones.) Check whether the connection are secured. (Check especially the 6P connector of the motor.)	Fuse Control box Control box	
2. The machine stops during operation. (1) Power indicator lamp (red LED) flickers. (2) Power indicator lamp (red LED) does not flicker.	The machine pulley is to heavy to turn manually. (The machine or the motor (brake lining) is locked. Remove the cause and turn on the power. The machine should run normally.) Power source voltage drop. (The motor is not out of order.)		
3. The machine starts running just by turning on the power switch even with the treadle set in the neutral position.		Control box	
4. The machine does not run at high speed.	Check whether the high speed volume is set to "Low". (The range of the high speed control is from 215spm to the maximum.)	Power switch assembly Control box	
5. The machine does not stop even if the treadle is returned to the neutral position.	If the machine stops after turning off the power switch, removing the synchronizer switch, then turning it on again, the synchronizer is out of order. (Use as a clutch motor for a while..)	Synchronizer Control box	
6. Abnormal motor running (variation in rpm)		Motor	P.18
7. The brake produces abnormal noises during operation.	Adjustment of brake clearance	Remove washer.	P.15
8. The operations related to the machine solenoid do not work. (thread trimming, reverse rotation, thread wiper, and presser)	Check the 8-A fuse provided on the control circuit board.	8-A fuse Control box	
9. Abnormality related to automatic backtacking, etc.		Control box Operation panel	P.19

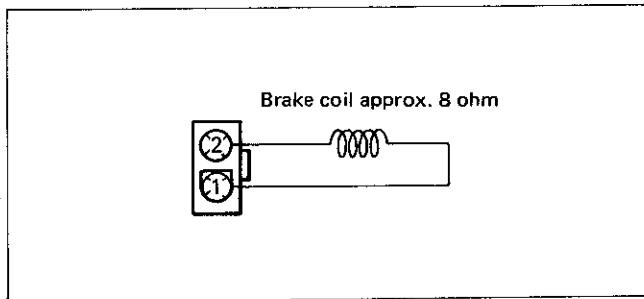
CHECKING THE MOTOR

1 Motor



1. Remove the motor cord (6P connector) from the connector part of the control box.
2. Measure with the tester set in the resistance range as follows.
 - If the tester reads approx. 2-3ohm at any position between 4 (red) and 6 (black) with the resistance range $\times 1$, it is normal. It should read approx. 2-3ohm at each position while turning the motor pulley slowly. If it reads approx. 10ohm or more at some positions, it is out of order. However, if the pointer swings to much extent while turning the motor pulley, be sure to measure after stopping the pulley.
 - If the tester reads approx. 5K-40Kohm when measured at any position between 3 (black) and 6 (black) with the resistance range $\times 1$, it is normal.
 - If the tester reads approx. 5K-40Kohm when measured at any position between 1 (yellow) and 2 (yellow) with the resistance range $\times 1$, it is normal.

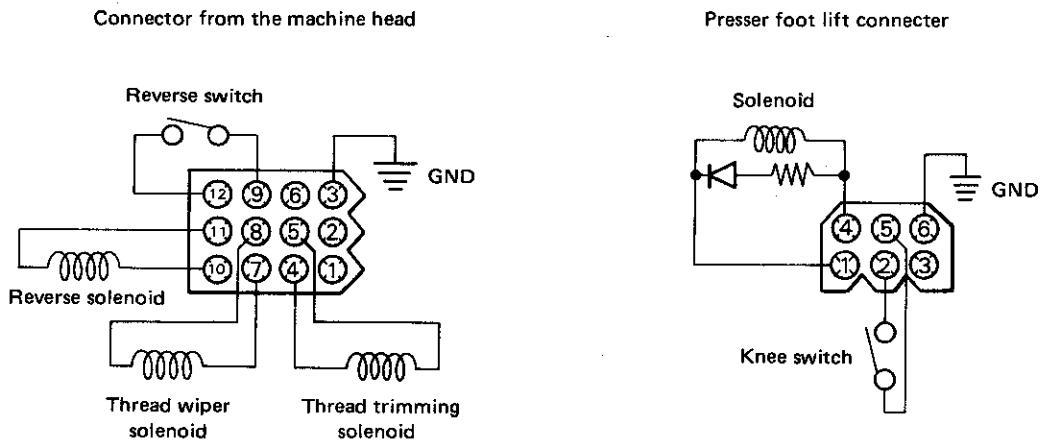
2 Brake



1. Remove the brake cord (2P connector) from the connector part of the control box.
2. Measure with the tester set in the resistance range as follows.
 - If the tester reads approx. 7-9ohm when measured at any position between 1 (black) and 2 (black) with the resistance range $\times 1$, it is normal.

CHECKING THE MACHINE SOLENOIDS

① Solenoid load of the machine



1. Remove the load connector (12P connector) of the machine from the connector part of the control box.
2. Measure with the tester set in the resistance range $\times 1$ as follows.

<Machine Head>

- The thread trimming solenoid at pins 4 and 5 is normal if the tester reads approx. 7ohm.
- The thread wiper solenoid at pins 7 and 8 is normal if the tester reads approx. 5ohm.
- The actuator at pins 9 and 12 is normal if the tester reads 0ohm when pressed, and ∞ ohm when released.

<Presser Lift>

- The presser lift solenoid at pins 1 and 4 is normal if the tester reads approx. 5ohm.
- The presser lift switch at pins 2-5 is normal if the tester 0ohm when pressed, and ∞ ohm when released.

PARTS CODE NOS. FOR SPACE PARTS

1 Three phase control box

② Single phase control box

Power Source	Voltage	Destination	Parts Code No.		7.8.9 Digit				Motor Code No.	Type
			1~6 Digit r.p.m.	2000	020	025	035	040		
B737 Mark II										
110V	6V	USA/Canada	291798-	DB212A	DB322A	DB342A	DB552A	DB562A	DB462A1	DB332A3
12V	Germany	291801-	DB212B	DB322B	DB342B	DB552B	DB562B	DB572B	DB462B1	DB332B3
220V	6V	291802-	DB212A	DB322A	DB342A	DB552A	DB562A	DB572A	DB462A1	DB332A3
NIL	France	291805-	DB212C	DB322C	DB342C	DB552C	DB562C	DB572C	DB462C1	DB332C3
6V	New Zealand	291806-	DB212A	DB322A	DB342A	DB552A	DB562A	DB572A	DB462A1	DB332A3
230V	NIL	291807-	DB212C	DB322C	DB342C	DB552C	DB562C	DB572C	DB462C1	DB332C3
12V	U. Kingdom	291808-	DB212B	DB322B	DB342B	DB552B	DB562B	DB572B	DB462B1	DB332B3
240V	6V	Australia	291809-	DB212A	DB322A	DB342A	DB552A	DB562A	DB572A	DB462B1
B7380										
110V	6V	USA/Canada	291828-			DB348A		DB578A		291823001 MD-803C
12V	Germany	291830-				DB348B		DB578B		
220V	6V	291831-				DB348A		DB578A		
NIL	France	291833-				DB348C		DB578C		
6V	New Zealand	291834-				DB348A		DB578A		291824001 MD-803B
230V	NIL	291835-				DB348C		DB578C		
12V	U. Kingdom	291836-				DB348A		DB578A		
240V	6V	Australia	291837-			DB348A		DB578A		
B7910										
110V	6V	USA/Canada	291799-			DB349A	DB569A			291823001 MD-803C
12V	Germany	291835-				DB349B	DB569B			
220V	6V	291836-				DB349A	DB569A			
NIL	France	291838-				DB349C	DB569C			
6V	New Zealand	291839-				DB349A	DB569A			291824001 MD-803B
230V	NIL	291840-				DB349C	DB569C			
415V	12V	U. Kingdom	291841-			DB349B	DB569B			
415V	6V	Australia	291842-			DB349A	DB569A			

SPEED ADJUSTMENT FOR EACH MACHINE

1 Selection of motor pulley and method of replacement

1) Selection of motor pulley

Select the correct motor pulley for relative machine according to the separate list.

(Remark): The figures described for motor pulley are outer diameters of V groove.

2) Replacement of pulley

a) Take off pulley cover

b) Remove V belt

c) Unfasten pulley set screw, M5×12 screw (3 pcs.) and then exchange the pulley.

d) Assemble them back in reverse way.

(Remark): In case the pulley is exchanged, each speed of high speed, backtacking speed, low speed will change.

2 Adjustment of each speed

1) Adjustment of high speed

a) Set up the machine & motor.

b) High sewing speed volume in front of control box to the right in full.

c) Remove the rubber cock at rear side of control box and turn the inside volume ①.

When it is turned to the right, the machine speed up.

(Remark): Turn VR to the left first and then, make speed adjustment from lower speed thereby the troubles can be avoided due to abnormal speed.

d) Put power switch on and keep the pedal lever down to the maximum and under this condition, make speed adjustment.

2) Adjustment of end backtacking speed

a) Open the cover of control box.

b) Put power switch on.

c) Set operation panel and put only end backtacking switch on. (even in case of E0, make necessary adjustment using E20, E40 or E100 operation panel)

d) Depress the pedal forward to put it back to the neutral position then stop the machine at needle-down position.

e) Remove synchronizer plug from control box.

f) Depress the pedal backward then the machine keeps running at backtacking speed therefore make adjustment by VR EBT.

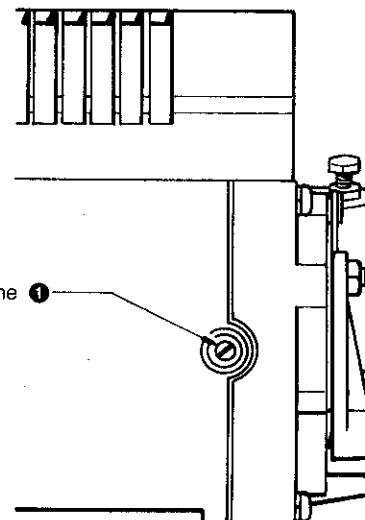
3) Adjustment of thread trimming speed

a) Open the cover of control box.

b) Depress the pedal forward lightly to put it back to the neutral position then stop the machine at needle-down position.

c) Remove synchronizer plug from control box and depress the pedal forward to put it back to the neutral position then the machine keeps running at low speed therefore make adjustment by VR LOW.

d) After adjustment, put power switch off, close the cover and then, insert synchronizer plug.



In case the torque becomes insufficient due to some specific sewings, use one-class smaller pulley to increase the torque but in that case, make sure to select such pulleys that speed of DC servomotor will not be more than 3,000RPM at maximum sewing speed of machine. Machine pulley must be calculated based on the effective diameter of approx. 70mm.

③ Explanation of each VR (printed-circuit board BPD500-1)

VR name		CONTENTS	ANTI-CLOCKWISE	CLOCKWISE
LOW (VR1)	Low speed	Inching and trimming speed setting	Decrease about 150spm	Increase about 300spm
EBT (VR2)	End backtacking speed	End backtacking speed setting	Decrease about 1,000spm	Increase about 2,500spm
SBT (VR3)	Start & continuous BT. speed	Start & continuous backtacking speed setting	Decrease low speed	Increase about 3,000spm
HIGH (VR4)	High speed	Speed setting when pedal is depressed at maximum	Decrease low speed	Increase 5,000spm
AUTO	Auto speed	Auto process speed setting	Decrease low speed	Increase 4,800spm
SLOW	Slow start	Slow start speed setting	Decrease low speed	Increase 1,500spm
VR1 (VR5)	Brake power	Brake off speed setting	Brake power becomes ineffective	Brake power becomes effective
TVR (TVR)	Torque	Torque setting for inching & trimming speed	Penetration power becomes ineffective	It makes hunting and stopping accuracy becomes worse
SVR (SVR)	Voltage	Standard setting of all speed	Speed reduction of all	Speed increase of all
CVR (CVR)	Current limit	Setting of maximum electric current into motor	Speed down at the start	Break down of the power transistor

Remark : Speed is based on 125 pulley. () is printed-circuit board E or C.

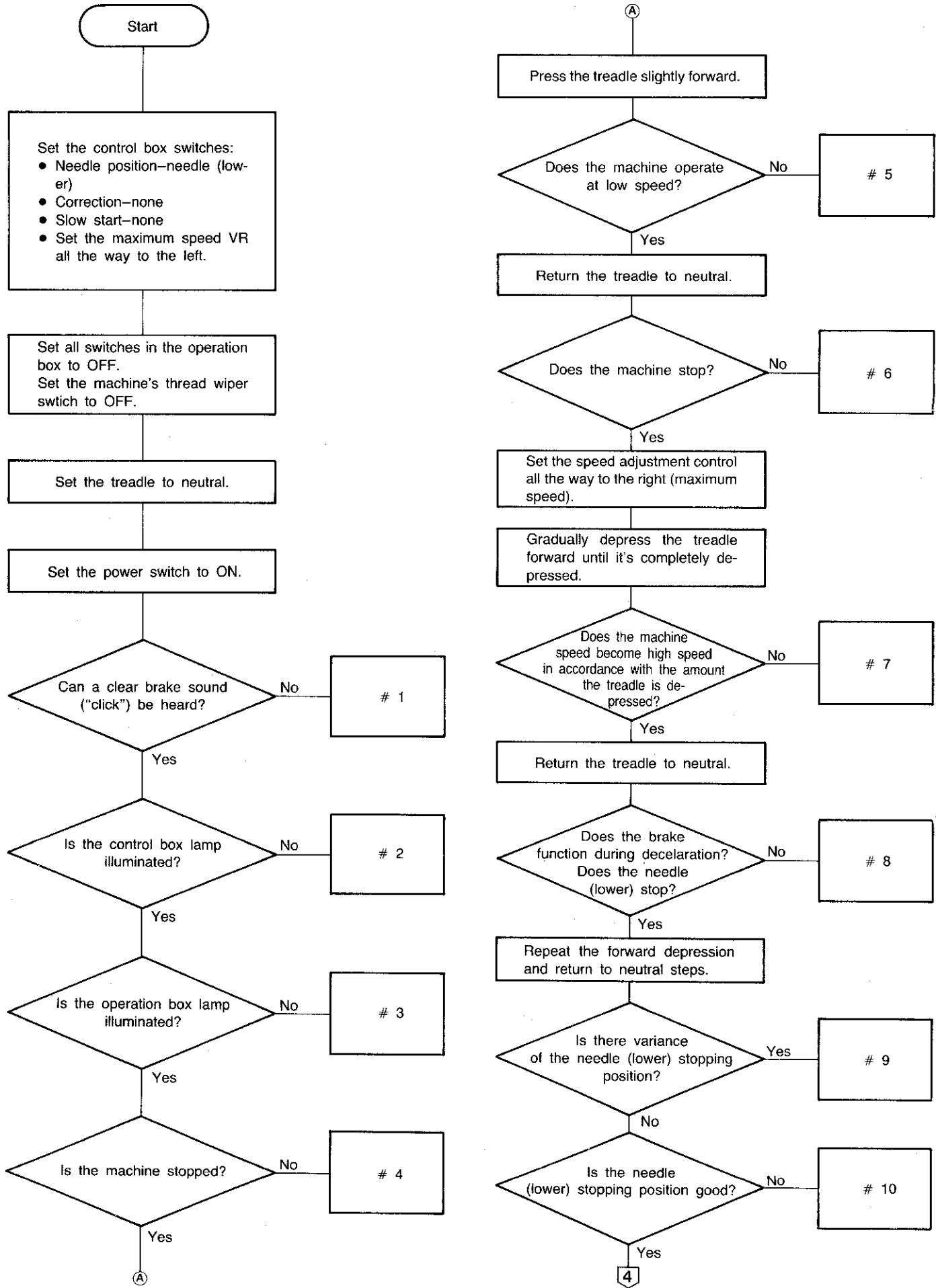
④ Sewing speed of each machine

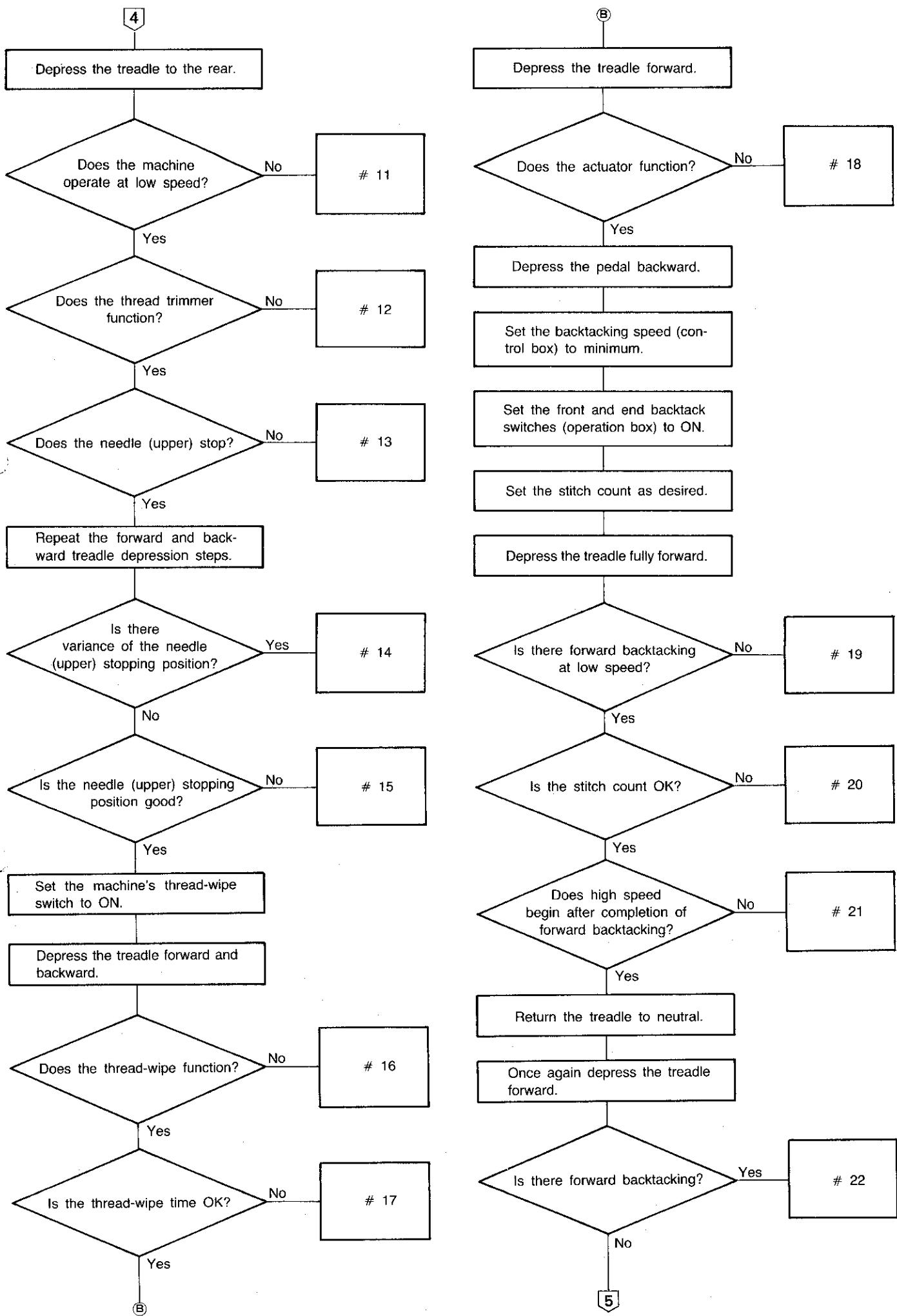
Model No. & Spec	Each Sewing Speed			Motor pulley (outer diameter)
	High Speed	Backtacking Speed	Thread trimming speed	
B737- -3 -5	4,000	1,800	215	125
	5,000	1,800	215	125
	3,500	1,800	215	90
B747-5	3,500	1,800	215	90
B748-7	2,500	1,800	215	90
B798	2,000	900	215	80
B852	4,500	1,800	185	125
B853	4,500	1,800	185	125
B854	4,500	1,800	185	125
B791-3 -5	4,500	1,800	215	125
	3,500	1,800	215	90
B793-403	4,500	1,800	215	125
	4,500	1,800	215	105
B795	4,500	1,800	215	105
B842-3 -5	4,000	1,000	185	90
	3,500	1,000	185	90
B845	3,000	1,000	185	90
B847	4,000	1,000	185	90
B848	3,000	1,000	185	90

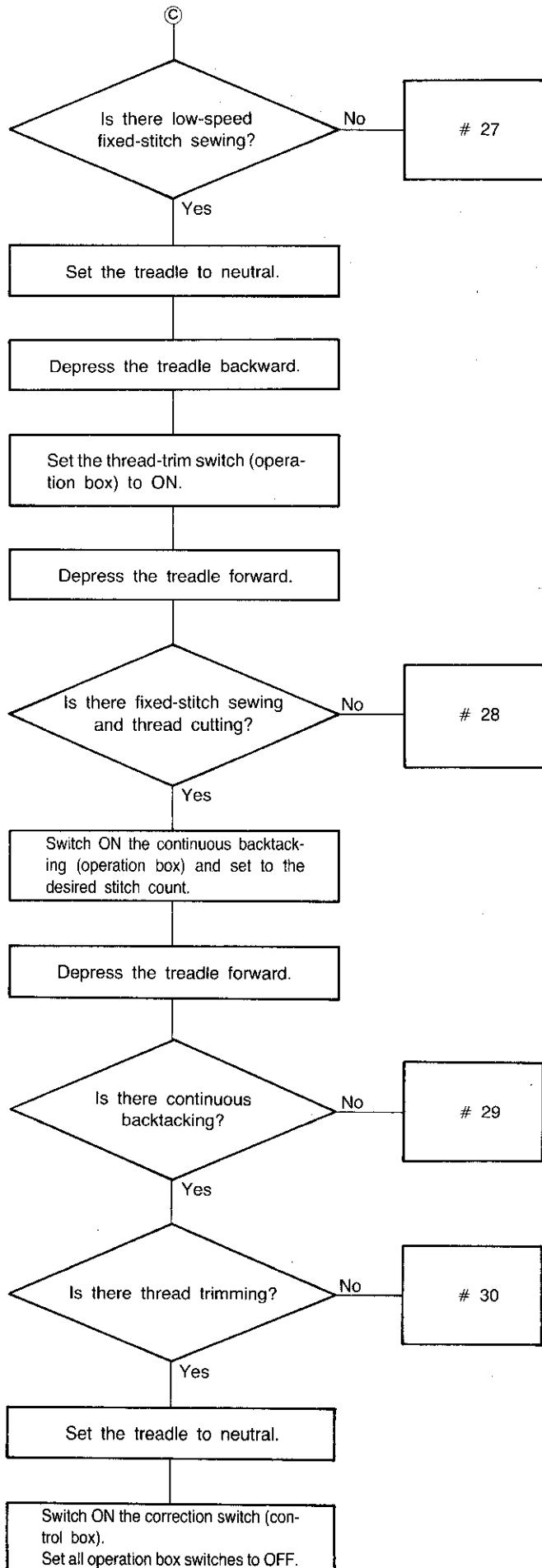
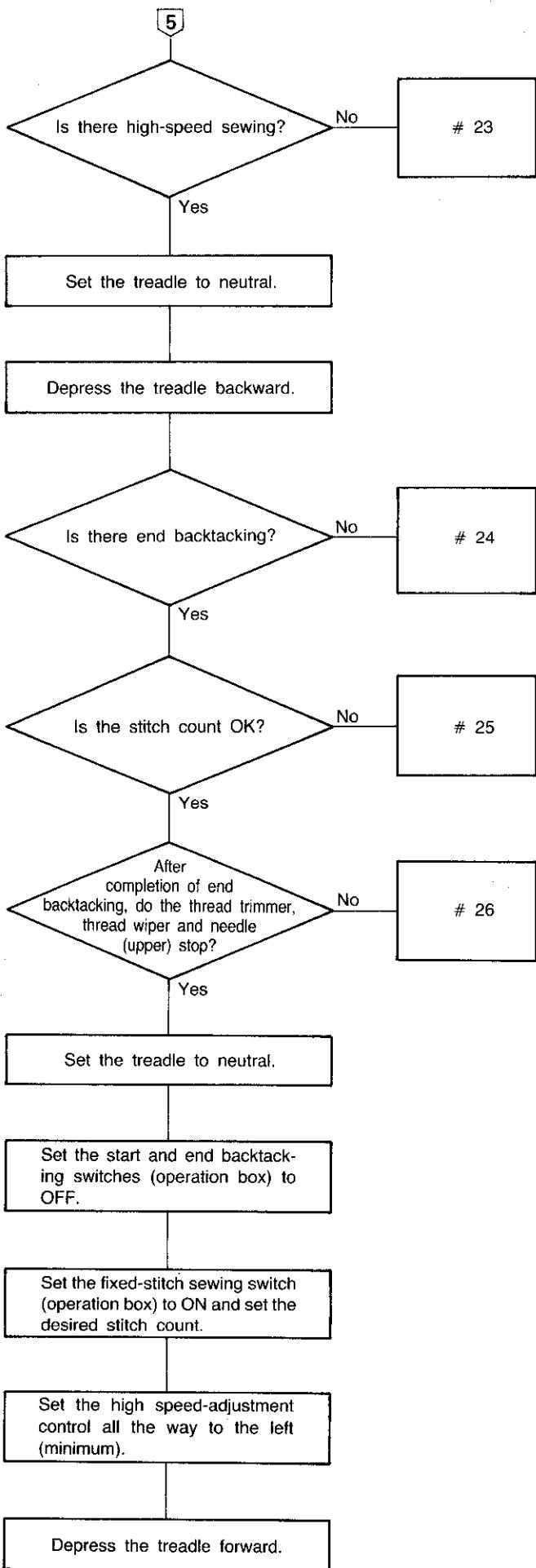
NOTES REGARDING DC MOTOR INSTALLATION

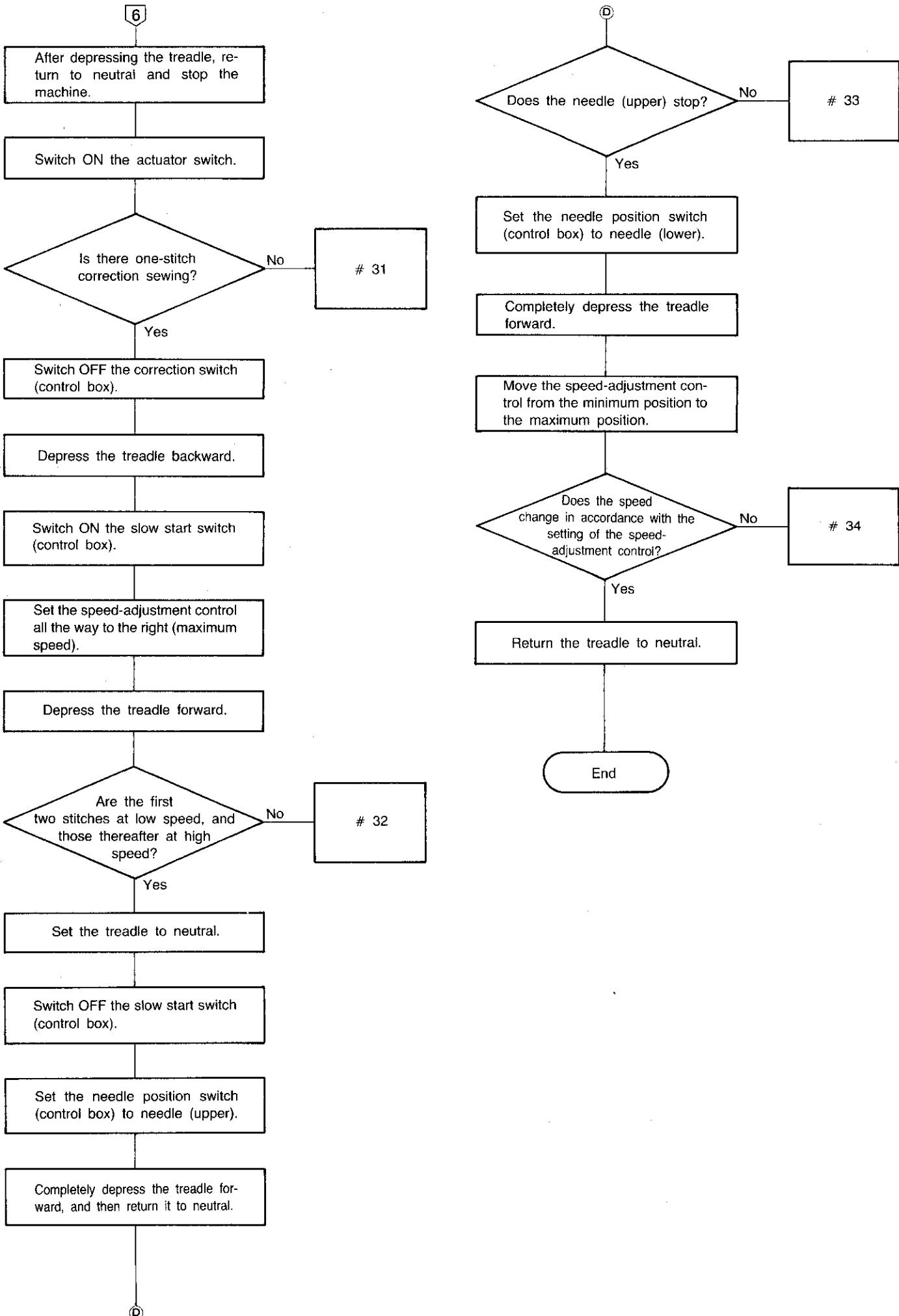
- (1) Be sure, for use of a three-phase power supply, to check the connection of the power plug.
Be careful to not use a single-phase power supply. Even if single-phase is used, there may be no abnormal condition. Note, however, that quick repeated starting and stopping will cause the fuse to fail.
(The fuse interior will not become black.)
- (2) The power supply voltage should be $\pm 10\%$ of the rating.
- (3) Securely connect each connector. The 6-pin connector from the motor is, in particular, very important.
- (4) If single-phase 110V is used, all functions will stop if there is even a momentary drop of the voltage to 75% or below.
For that reason, indoor wiring capacity should be 20A or higher, and the use of extension cords should be avoided.
- (5) For cold regions, care should be taken to avoid moisture condensation.
In particular, needle (lower) stop will be abnormal if moisture condensation occurs on the reflector plate of the synchronizer.
- (6) Needle (lower) stop will be abnormal if there is oil or grease on the reflector plate of the synchronizer, so it should be carefully wiped clean.
- (7) Avoid use near any equipment, such as a high-frequency welder, etc., that emits high-pitched noise, because such equipment will cause operational errors and/or damage to the D printed-circuit board (fuse failure).
- (8) For a three-phase power supply, if 130% or higher of the rated voltage is applied, the fuse will melt (fuse interior becomes black), thus protecting the control circuitry.

DC MOTOR TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE









ITEM	PROBLEM	CHECKING PROCEDURES	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
#1 and #2	No "click" sound from brake when power is switched ON. Control box lamp doesn't illuminate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Is the connection of the 4-pin or 3-pin power plug OK? · The fuse (outer side of control box) has failed. (YES) * Fuse fails again after replacement. · The fuse (8A fuse inside the control box) has failed. · Other than the above. 	<p>Power plug is incorrectly connected.</p> <p>Fuse has failed.</p> <p>Malfunction of 8A fuse, the control printed-circuit board. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p>	<p>Connect the power plug correctly.</p> <p>Replace the fuse.</p> <p>Replace the motor and control box.</p> <p>Replace the fuse and control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>
#3	No illumination of operation box lamp.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Does the operation box function correctly? (YES) (NO) · Other than the above. 	<p>Bulb failure—no functional problem.</p> <p>Malfunction of the operation box.</p> <p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p>	<p>Replace the operation box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>
#4	Machine starts when power is switched ON.		<p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p> <p>Malfunction of the D printed-circuit board.</p> <p>(single phase 110V or higher)</p>	<p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box motor.</p>
#5	<p>Machine doesn't operate.</p> <p>Machine operates in reverse.</p> <p>Unsuitable low-speed operation.</p> <p>Machine operates at high speed.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Does the control box lamp flash? (YES) · Is there a motor noise? (YES) · Other than the above. 	<p>Large torque (head). Malfunction of control printed-circuit board</p> <p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p> <p>Large torque (head).</p> <p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p> <p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p> <p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p> <p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p>	<p>Reduce the torque.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Reduce the torque.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Adjust VR LOW and TVR.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>
#6	Machine doesn't stop when treadle is set to neutral.		<p>Synchronizer installation position is not good.</p> <p>Synchronizer malfunction.</p> <p>Control printed-circuit board malfunction.</p>	<p>Position adjustment: 0.5mm</p> <p>Replace the synchronizer.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>
#7	Operation doesn't correspond to amount of treadle depression.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Uneven operation at treadle maximum. · Initial operation speed is fast (no low-speed range). 	<p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p> <p>Malfunction of control box.</p> <p>Malfunction of treadle unit.</p>	<p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>

ITEM	PROBLEM	CHECKING PROCEDURES	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
#8	Needle (lower) doesn't stop.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is the synchronizer OK? (NO) (YES) 	Synchronizer installation position is not good. Synchronizer malfunction. Control printed-circuit board malfunction.	Position adjustment: 0.5mm Replace the synchronizer. Replace the control box.
#9	Needle (lower) stops at various places.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is the V-belt loose? (YES) Is there oil, grease, dirt scratches, etc. on the synchronizer's reflecting surface? (YES) Is the motor's braking noise loud? (YES) (NO) 	Insufficient V-belt tension. Malfunction of the synchronizer. Reduced motor braking force. Malfunction of the synchronizer. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Adjust the V-belt tension. Replace the synchronizer. Adjust the motor brake clearance. Replace the synchronizer. Replace the control box.
#10	Poor position of needle stop.	Is adjustment at synchronizer possible? (YES) (NO)	Poor position of needle (lower) stop. Reduced motor braking force.	Adjust needle (lower) stop by 18~22mm. Replace the motor.
#11	After treadle return, machine won't operate at low speed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is thread trimming speed OK? (YES) (NO) 	Low speed is too fast. Malfunction of control printed-circuit board.	Adjust VR LOW and TVR. Replace the control box.
#12	Thread trimmer doesn't function.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is the 1-pin plug (of the 12 pins) in the control box connected? (NO) Does the thread trimmer solenoid switch ON? (YES) (NO) Switch OFF the power and measure the resistance of the thread trimmer solenoid. Is there 7 ohms between ④ and ⑤ of the 12-pin? (NO) Does the 8A fuse (at the top of the control printed-circuit board) appear normal? (NO) 	Improper connection of the 1-pin plug. Malfunction related to head thread trimming. Malfunction of control printed-circuit board. Malfunction of the thread trimmer solenoid. 8A fuse failure.	Connect the 1-pin plug correctly. Adjust. Replace the control box. Replace the thread trimmer solenoid. Replace the 8A fuse.
#13	Needle (upper) doesn't stop.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is the speed at low speed OK? (NO) Is the synchronizer OK? (NO) (YES) 	Speed at low speed is too fast. Improper installation of the synchronizer. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Adjust VR LOW and TVR. Replace the synchronizer. Replace the control box.

ITEM	PROBLEM	CHECKING PROCEDURES	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
#14	Needle (upper) stops at various places.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Is the V-belt loose? (YES) · Is there oil, grease, dirt scratches, etc. on the synchronizer's reflecting surface? (YES) (NO) · Are the speed and torque at low speed OK? (NO) (YES) 	<p>Insufficient V-belt tension. Malfunction of the synchronizer.</p> <p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board. Speed at low speed is too slow. Operational malfunction related to head thread trimming.</p>	<p>Adjust the V-belt tension. Replace the synchronizer.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Adjust the VR LOW and TVR. Adjust.</p>
#15	The stop position of the needle (upper) is not good.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Can adjustment be made at the synchronizer? (YES) (NO) 	<p>Improper needle (upper) stop position.</p> <p>Reduction of motor brake force.</p>	<p>Adjust the needle (upper) stop position by 10~12mm.</p> <p>Replace the motor.</p>
#16	Thread wiper doesn't function.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Switch OFF the power switch and then measure the resistance of the thread wiper solenoid. · Is there 5ohms between ⑦ and ⑧ of the 12-pin? (NO) (YES) · Other than above. 	<p>Malfunction of the thread wiper solenoid. Improper installation of the thread wiper solenoid. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p>	<p>Replace the thread wiper solenoid. Adjust the installation.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>
#17	Thread wiper operation time is too short.		Improper installation of the thread wiper solenoid.	Adjust the installation.
#18	Reverser doesn't function. (when treadle is depressed and actuator is switched ON)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Can the reverser be operated by the reverse lever? (NO) · Switch OFF the power switch and then measure the resistance of the reverse solenoid. · Is there 7ohms between ⑩ and ⑪ of the 12-pin? (YES) · Measure the resistance of the actuator. Is there 0ohms between ⑨ and ⑫ of the 12-pin with the actuator switch ON, and ∞ ohms with the actuator switch OFF? (NO) (YES) 	<p>Operational malfunction related to head reverse.</p> <p>Malfunction of the reverse solenoid.</p> <p>Malfunction of the actuator.</p> <p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p>	<p>Adjust.</p> <p>Replace the reverse solenoid.</p> <p>Replace the actuator.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>
#19	Does not forward/backstitch.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Is it OK when the backtack stitch count is changed and you try again? (YES) (NO) 	<p>Malfunction of the operation box.</p> <p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p>	<p>Replace the operation box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>

ITEM	PROBLEM	CHECKING PROCEDURES	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
#20	Does not forward backtack the set number of stitches. (Note that care must be taken because there is a difference in stitch length depending on whether the stitch pitch is forward or reverse.)	Is it OK when the backtack stitch count is changed and you try again? (YES) (NO)	Malfunction of the operation box. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the operation box. Replace the control box.
#21	Won't operate at high speed after forward backtacking.		Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the control box.
#22	Forward backtacks after treadle is set to neutral.		Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the control box.
#23	Won't sew at high speed after forward backtacking.		Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the control box.
#24	Won't reverse backtack.	Same as #19.	Same as #19.	Same as #19.
#25	Won't forward backtack set stitch count.	Same as #20.	Same as #20.	Same as #20.
#26	Needle (upper), thread trimmer and thread wiper won't stop after reverse backtacking.		Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the operation box.
#27	Won't fixed-stitch sew at low speed.	Is it OK when the fixed-stitch count is changed and you try again? (YES) (NO)	Malfunction of the operation box. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the operation box. Replace the control printed-circuit board.
#28	Won't thread trim after fixed-stitch sewing.		Malfunction of the operation box.	Replace the operation box. Replace the control printed-circuit board.
#29	Won't thread trim after continuous backtacking.	Is it OK when the backtack stitch count is changed and you try again? (YES) (NO)	Malfunction of the operation box. Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the operation box. Replace the control printed-circuit board.
#30	Won't thread trim after continuous backtacking.		Malfunction of the operation box.	Replace the operation box.
#31	Won't 1-stitch correction sew. Won't slow start. Needle (upper) won't stop (control box).		Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the control box.
#31	Speed is not in accordance with the setting of the speed-adjustment control.		Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.	Replace the control box.

ITEM	PROBLEM	CHECKING PROCEDURES	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
#32	Machine stops during sewing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Is the power lamp flashing? (YES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (NO) 	<p>Head torque is large.</p> <p>Safety circuit has operated because of insufficient lubrication of the rotary hook. Malfunction of the treadle unit.</p> <p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p> <p>Malfunction of the control printed-circuit board.</p>	<p>Lubricate the rotary hook.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p> <p>Replace the control box.</p>

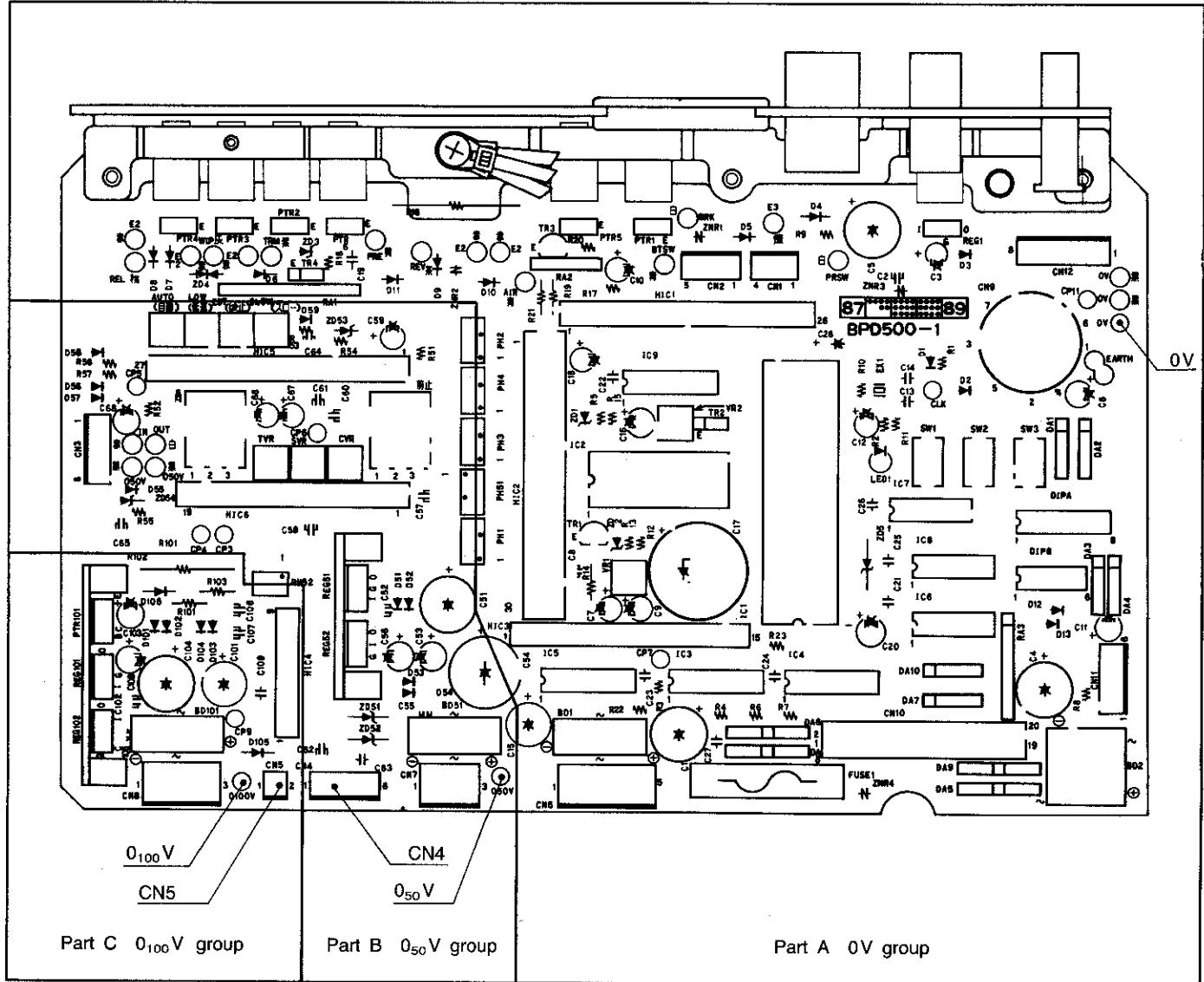
CONTROL BOX TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE OUTLINE

PROBLEM	CHECK METHOD	REPLACEMENT PART
1. Motor won't operate. A Lamp won't illuminate with power ON. (Fuse the failed.)	(1) Fuse is replaced and fails again.	D printed-circuit board PTR, D (If PTR broken then motor frame assembly)
	(2) Operation OK after fuse replacement.	Due to operation of overvoltage protection circuit; no abnormal condition.
2. Motor won't operate. B Lamp illuminates with power ON.	(1) LED flashes during forward back-tack.	Treadle printed-circuit board tantalum C1, HIC5
	(2) Motor roars or hums.	CPU, brake PTR 1
	(3) Others	HIC1, HIC2, HIC6
3. Machine abnormal high-speed rotation with power ON.		HIC4, HIC5, HIC6 D printed-circuit board PTR (single-phase 110V)
4. With power ON: Thread trimmer continues. Reverse continues. Brake remains ON. All continue.		Thread trimmer PTR2 Reverse PTR5 Brake PTR1 CPU HIC2
5. With treadle forward, abnormal high speed; won't stop.		HIC6
6. With treadle depressed to maximum, high-speed rotation changes. (High-speed rotational irregularity)		Poor soldering of treadle printed-circuit board. HIC6
7. During speed reduction from high speed, brake doesn't function, or great deviation of needle (lower) stop position.		HIC3

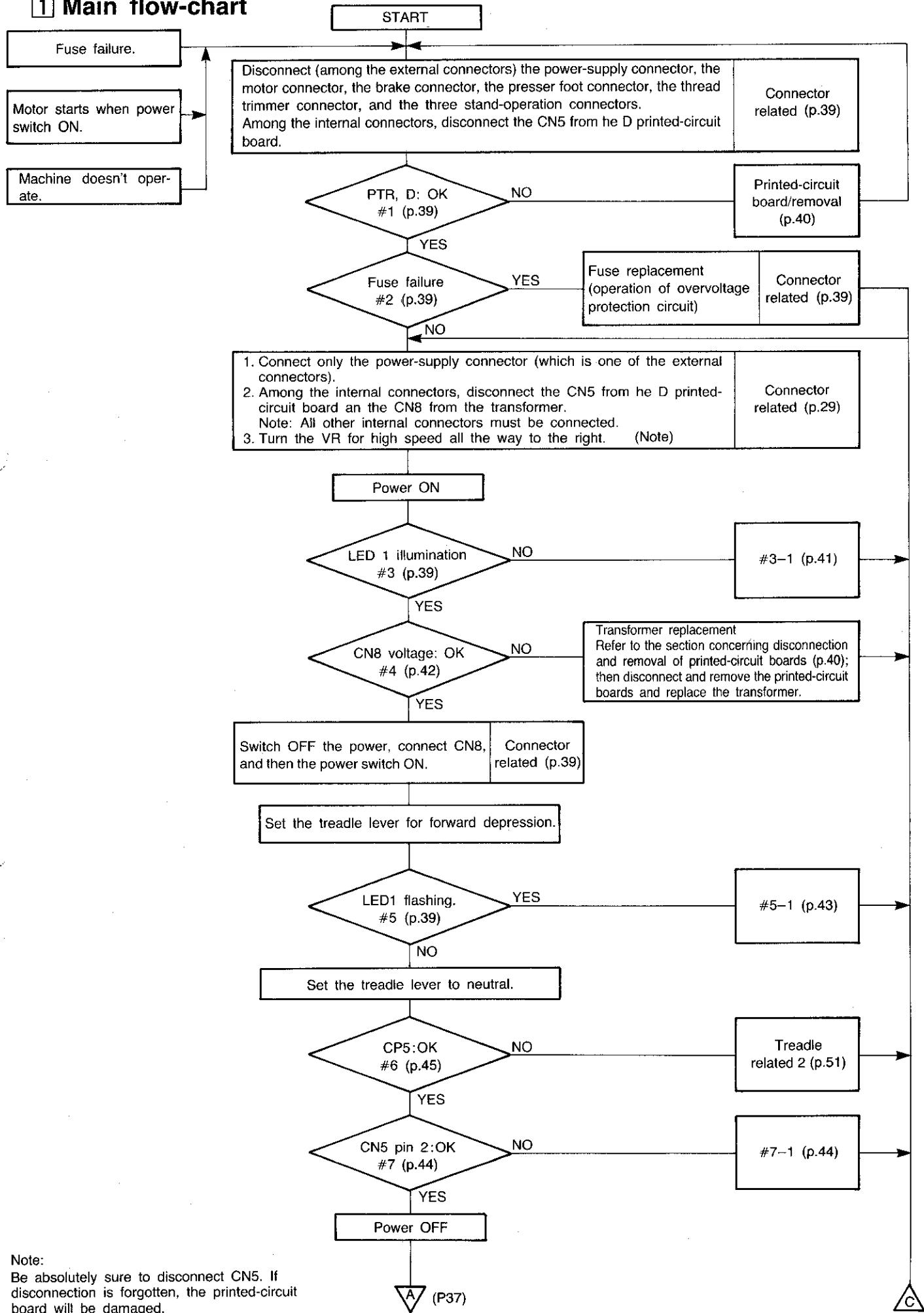
CONTROL BOX TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE DETAILS

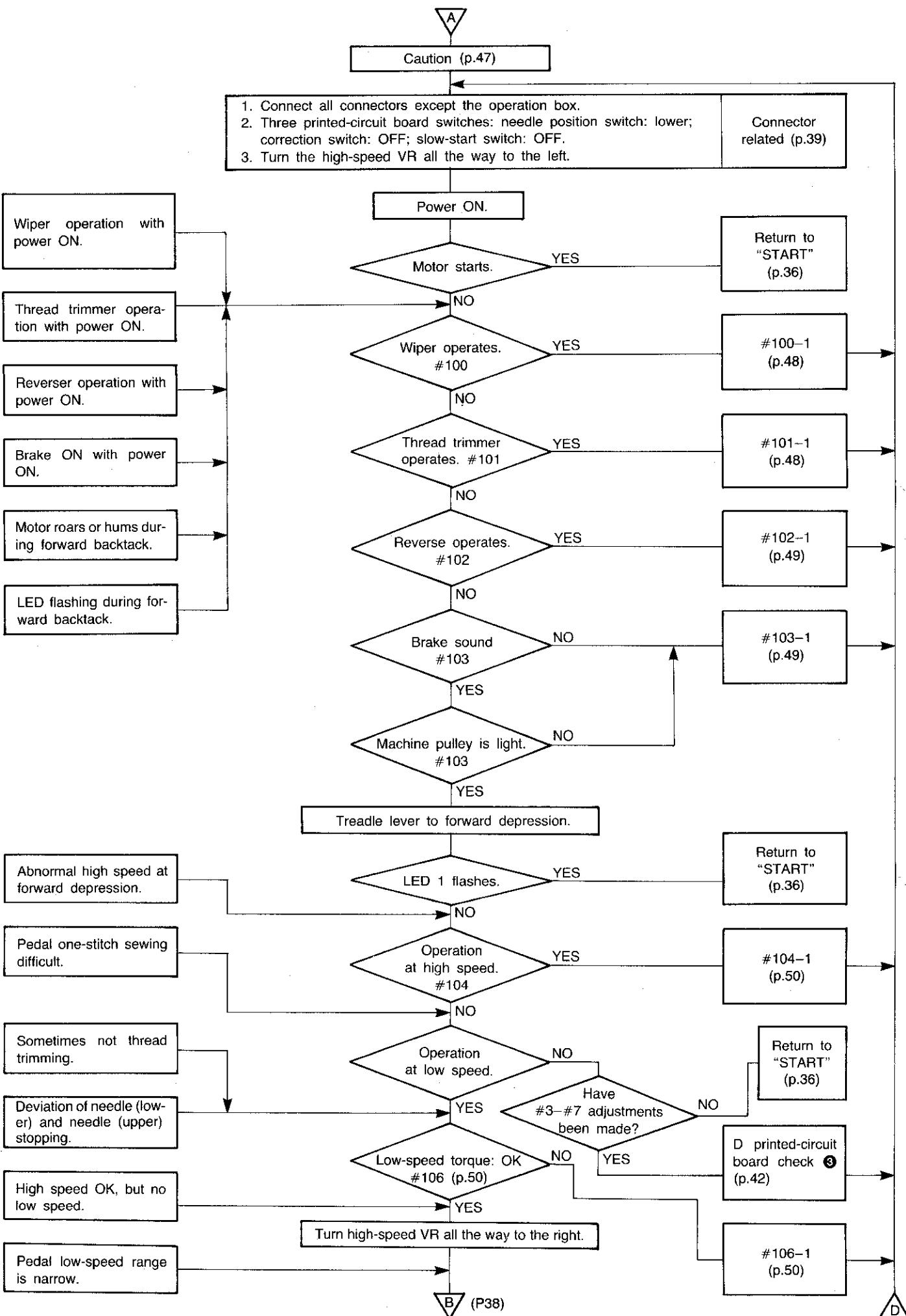
- (1) For other than the control box, it is particularly important to use products of confirmed good quality.
- (2) Do not use an extension cord for the motor's 6-pin cord. Extension cords can be used, however, for other cords.
- (3) About the power supply of the p.c.b. BPD500-1.
 - The p.c.b. BPD500-1 is divided into three power-supply groups (part A, part B and part C).
 - Although part A (0V group) is insulated at the transformer, part B (0₅₀V group) and part C (0₁₀₀V group) are high-voltage circuits (primary side voltage) due to the CN5 and CN4 connections, and so are dangerous.
 - For that reason, it is extremely important, before checking part B (0₅₀V group) and part C (0₁₀₀V group), to be absolutely sure to first disconnect CN5 and CN4.

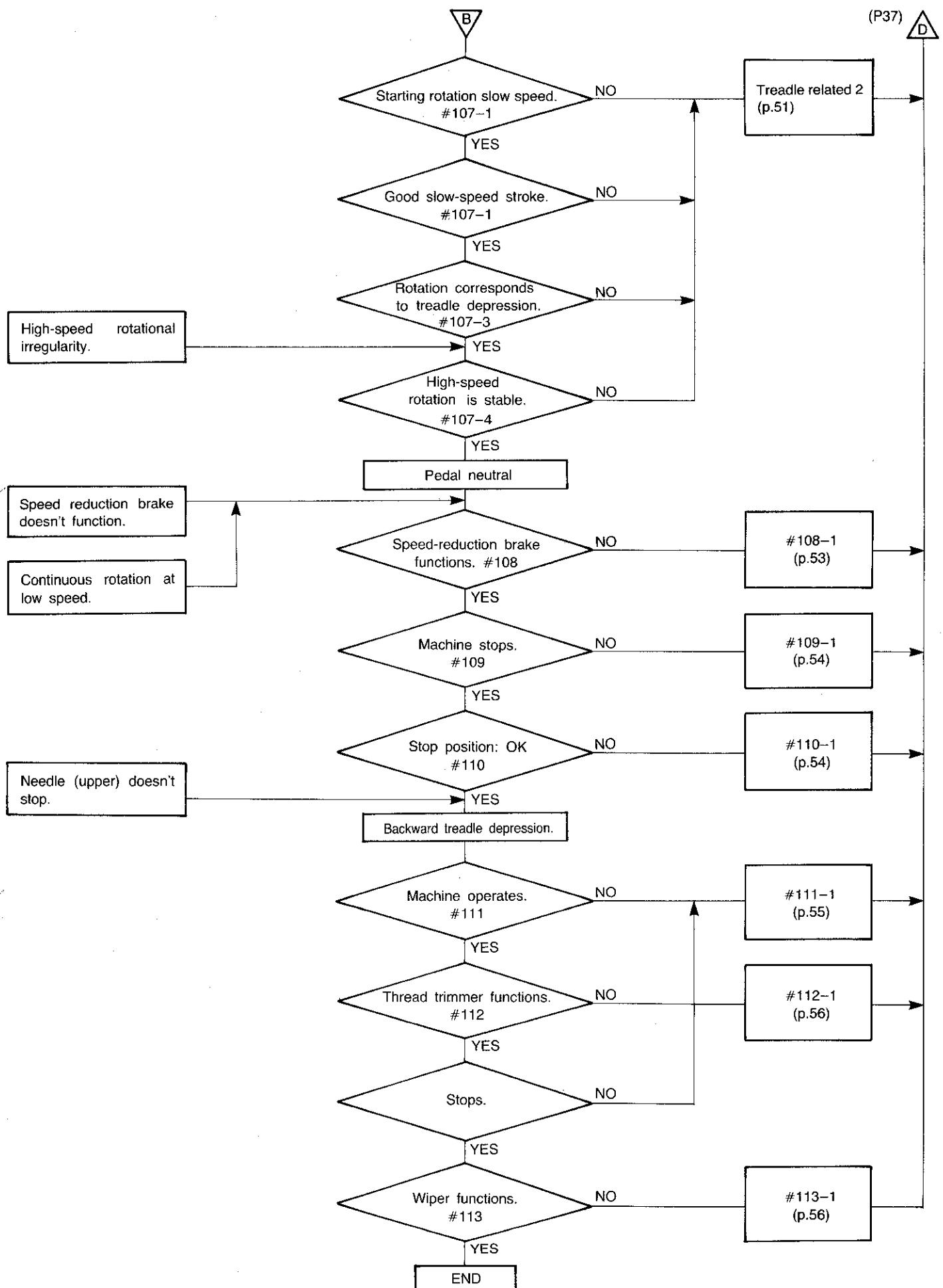
Also disconnect the motor connector (which is among the external connectors).



1 Main flow-chart





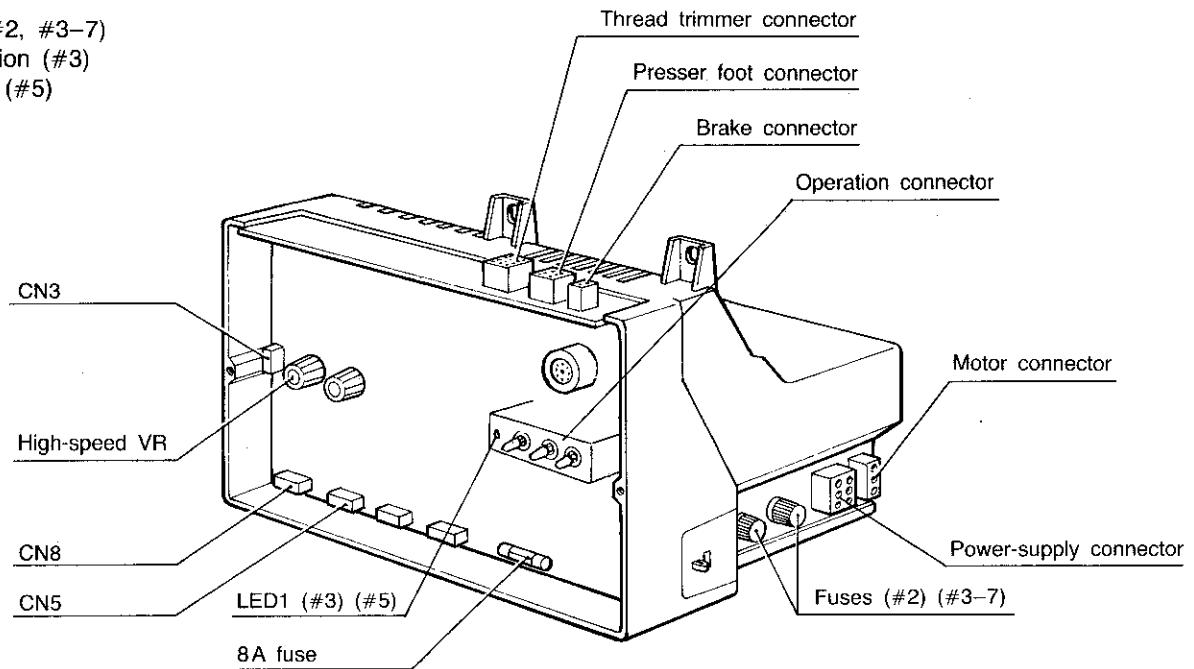


2 Connector related

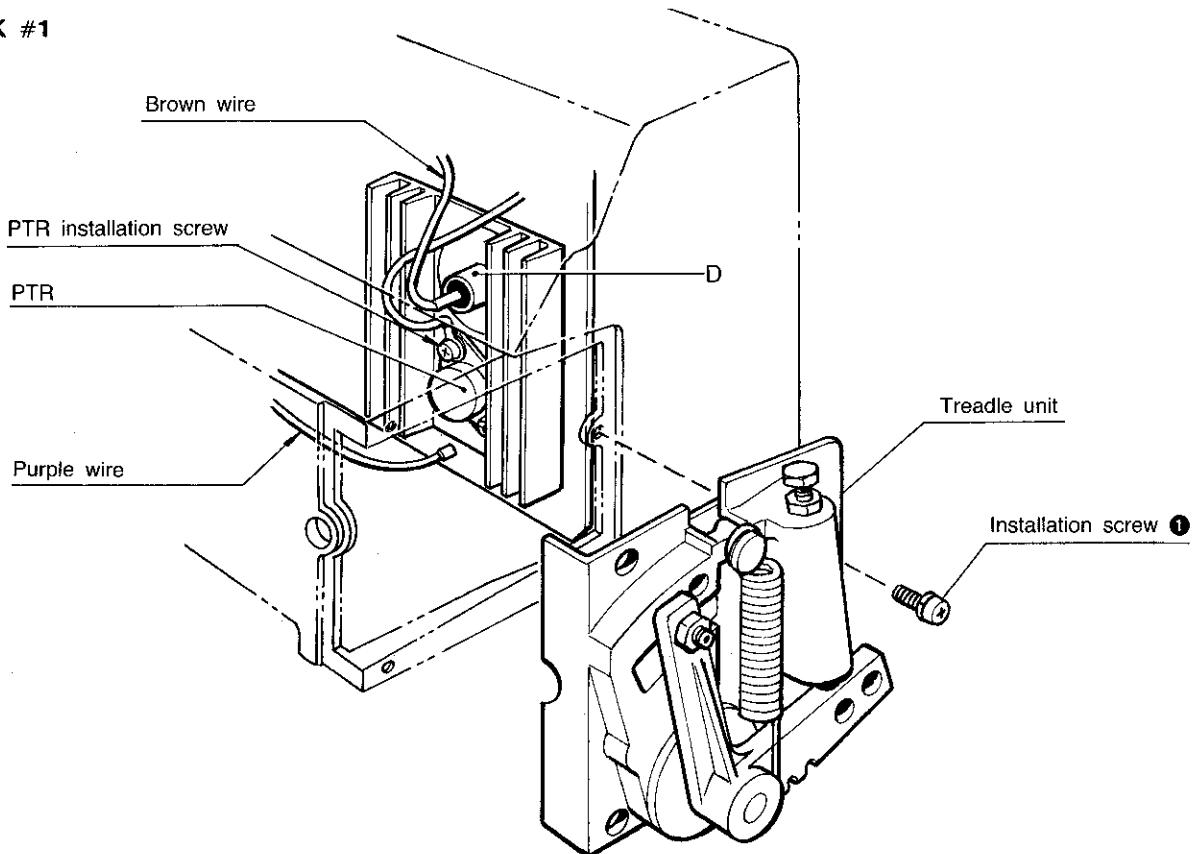
Fuse failure (#2, #3-7)

LED 1 illumination (#3)

LED 1 flashing (#5)



PTR, D: OK #1



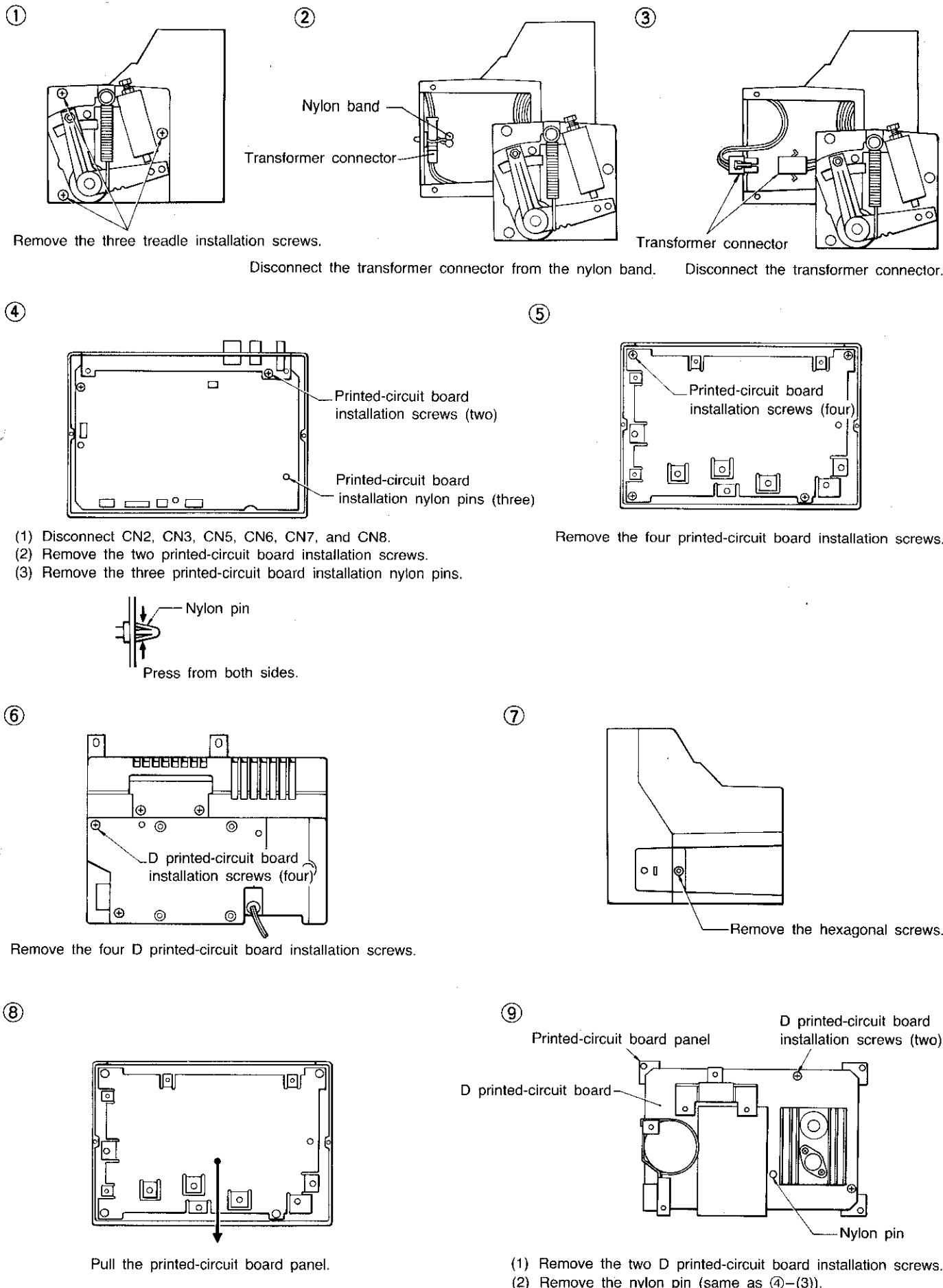
PTR and D check methods

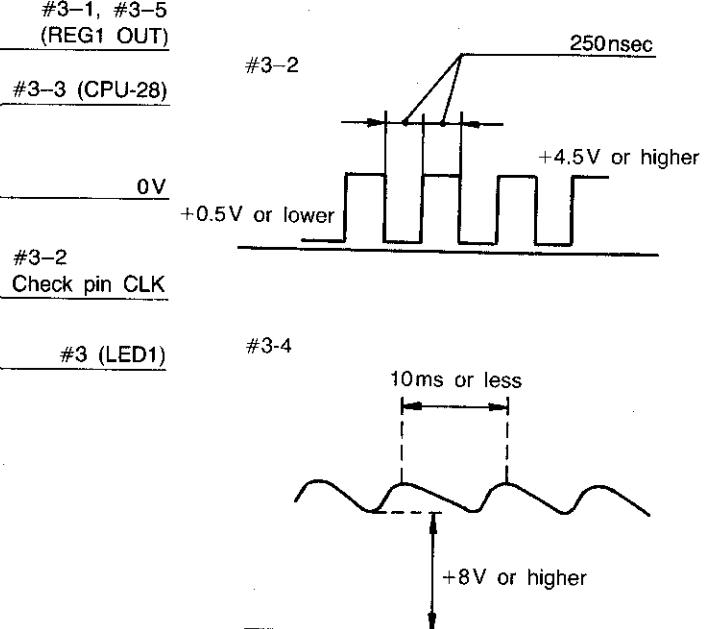
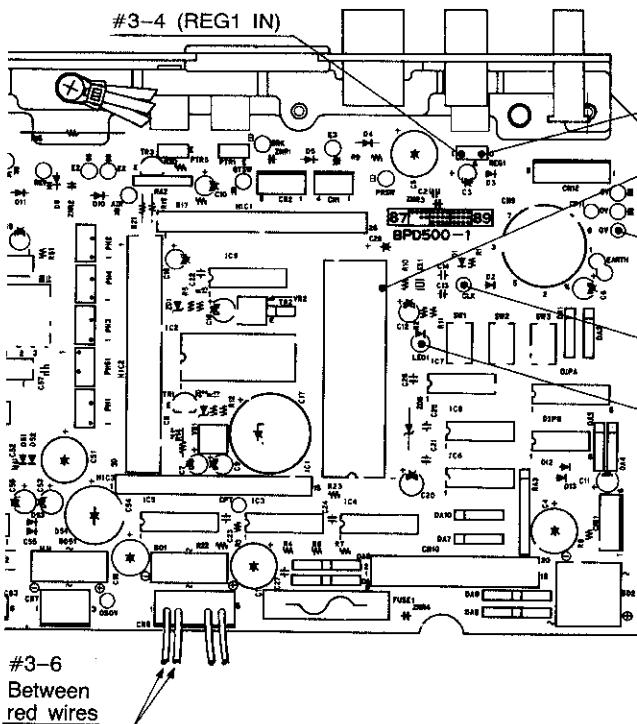
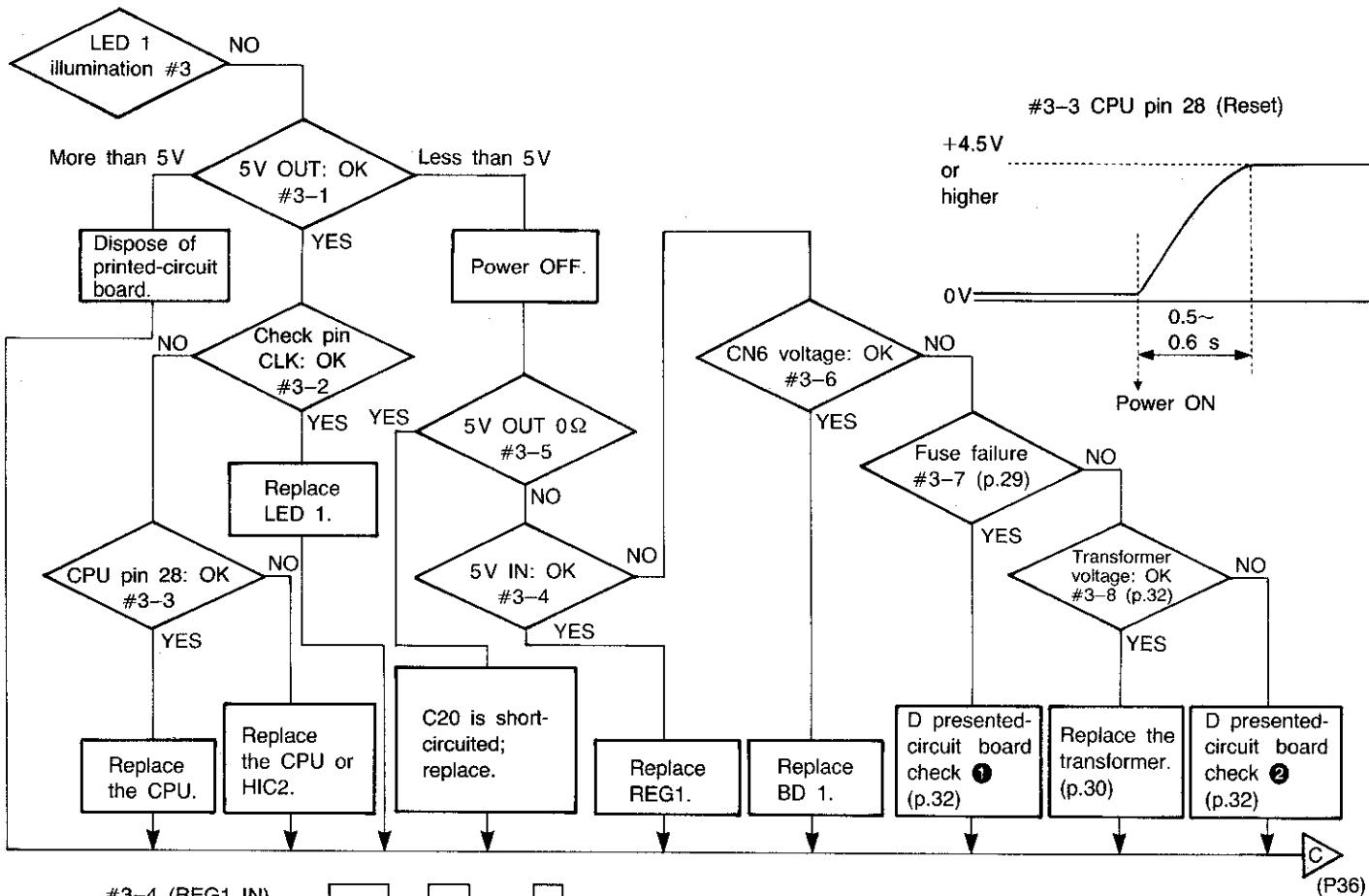
1. Remove the three treadle unit installation screws ①.
2. Set the tester to the X 1Ω range (0ohm adjustment).
3. PTR continuity test
Between PTR installation screw and purple wire
Should not be 0ohms in both directions.
4. D continuity test
Between D case and brown wire
Should not be 0ohms in both directions

Note:

If the PTR is damaged, replace the frame assembly of the motor used as a set with the control box. (The motor torque becomes weak and all rotation becomes higher.)

③ Printed-circuit board removal





#3 related

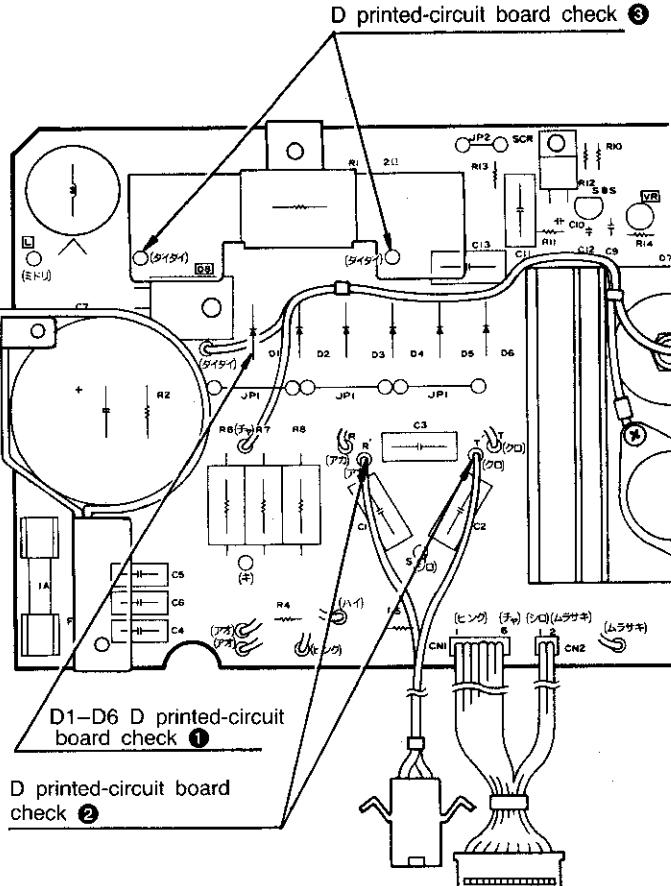
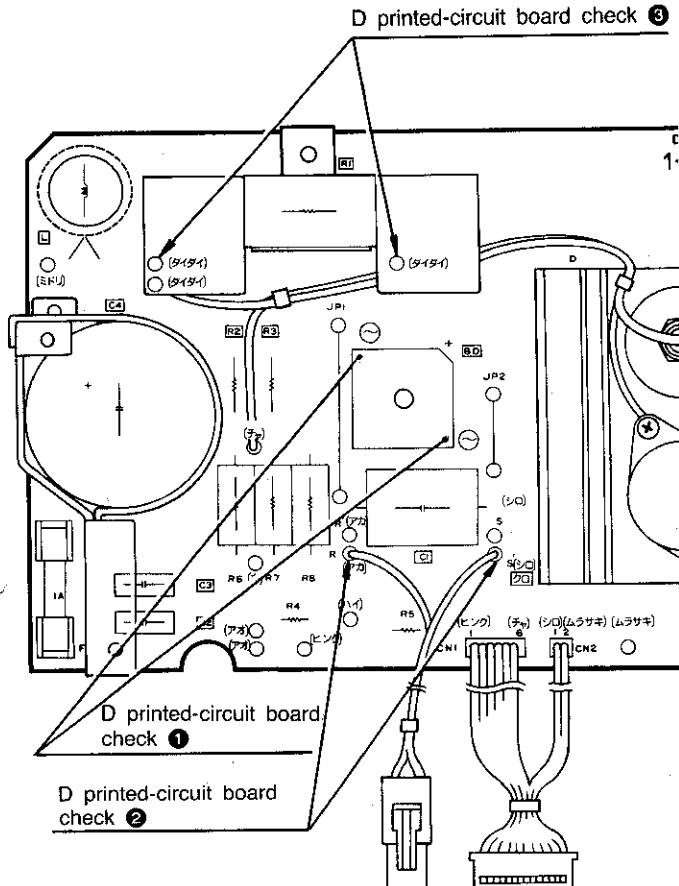
0V: Check pin 0V

5V OUT: OK #3-1	Check pin CLK: OK #3-2	CPU pin 28: OK #3-3	5V IN: OK #3-4	5V OUT: 0Ω #3-5	CN6 voltage: OK #3-6	Transformer primary voltage: OK #3-8
REG1 OUT +5±0.5V	Refer to figure above.	Must be +4.5V or higher.	REG1 IN Refer to figure above.	REG1 OUT 0ohms at X1 range	AC 8V or higher between red wires	Rating 10% (Refer to p.32.)

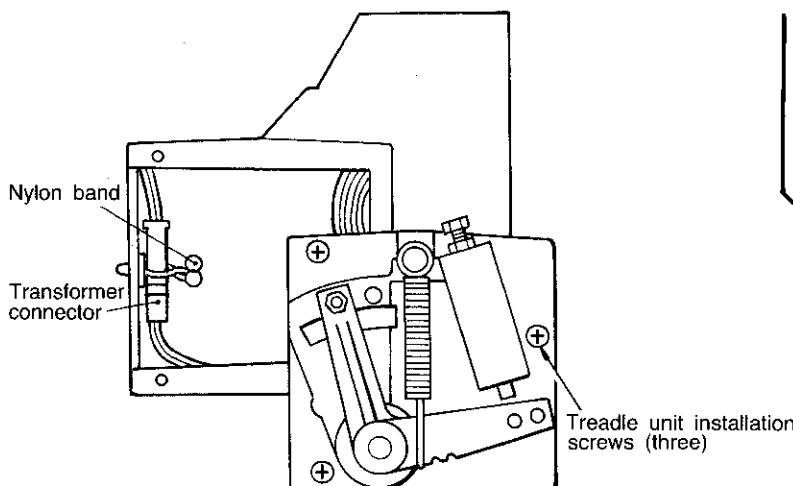
4 D printed-circuit board

D printed-circuit board 1-110V assembly
1-240V assembly

D printed-circuit board 3-240V assembly
3-415V assembly

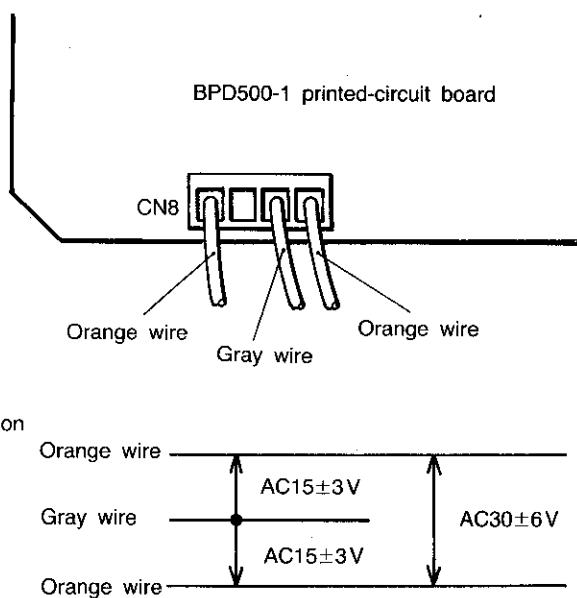


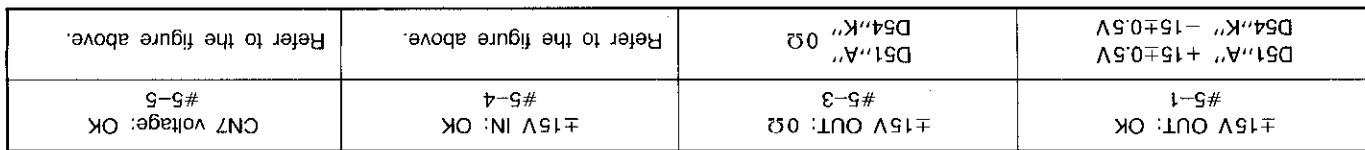
Transformer primary voltage: OK #3-8



- (1) Remove the three treadle unit installation screws.
- (2) Disconnect the transformer connector from the nylon band.
- (3) Check the AC voltage of the transformer connector.

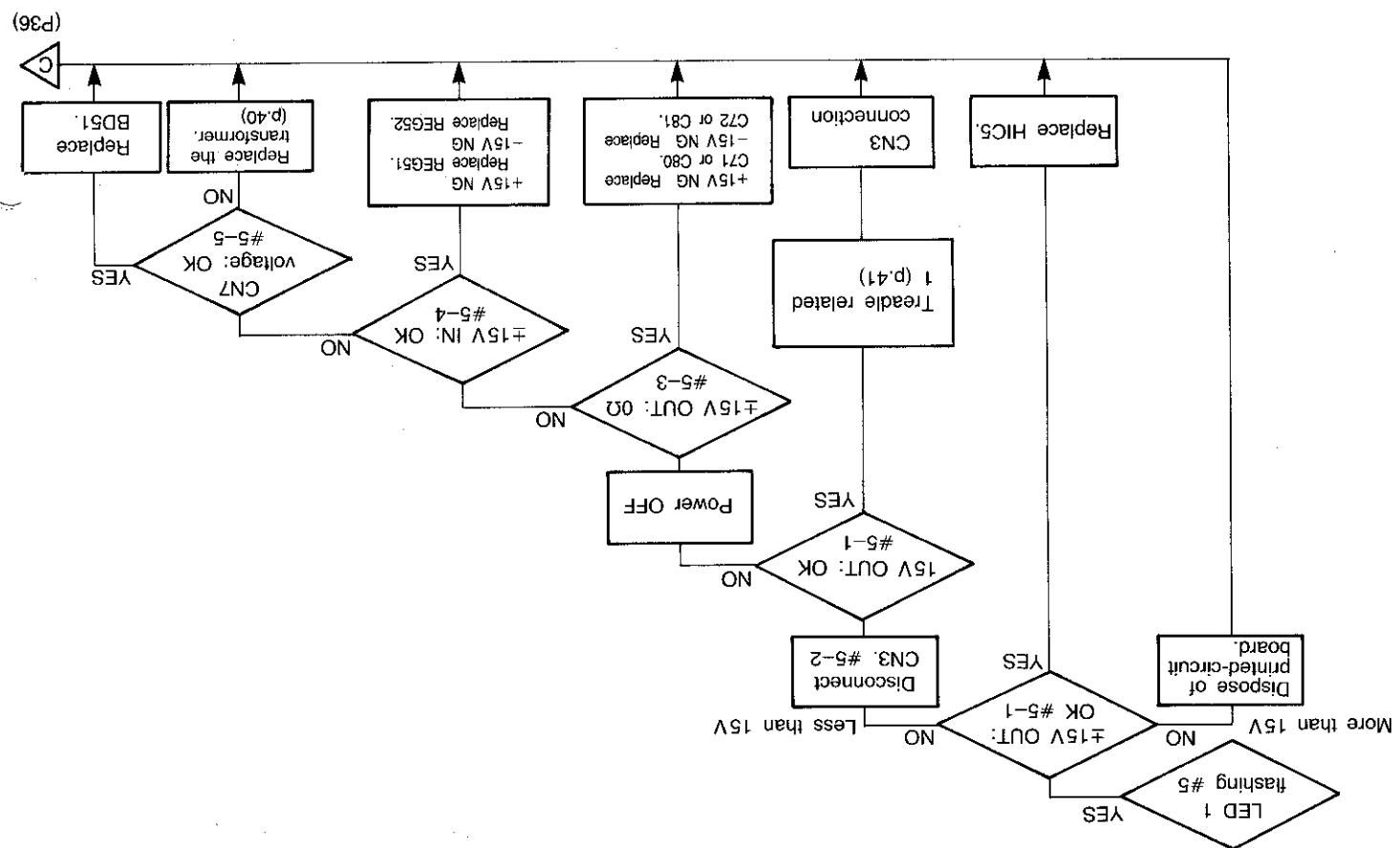
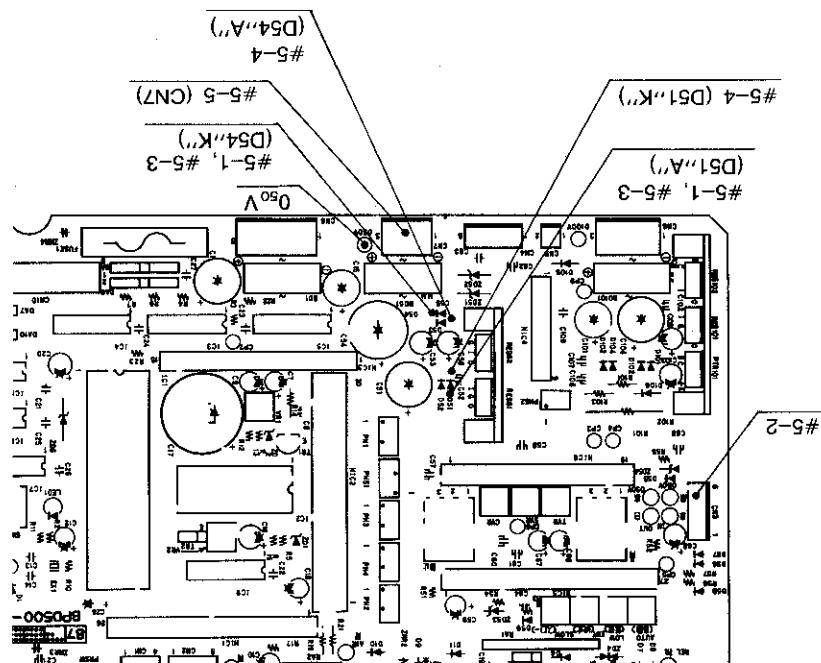
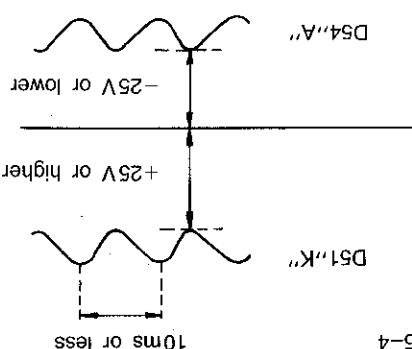
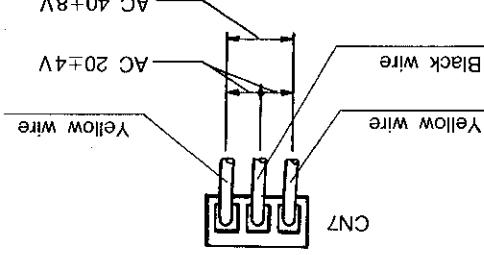
CN8 voltage: OK #4

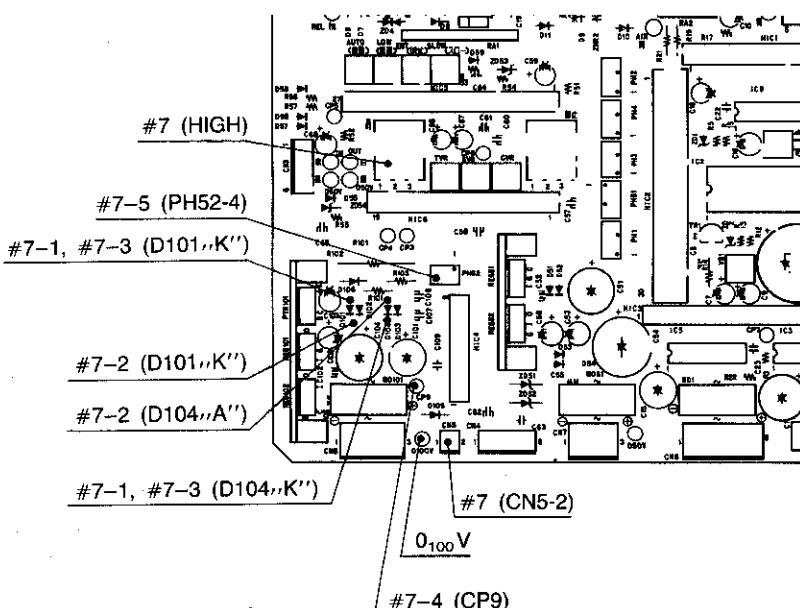
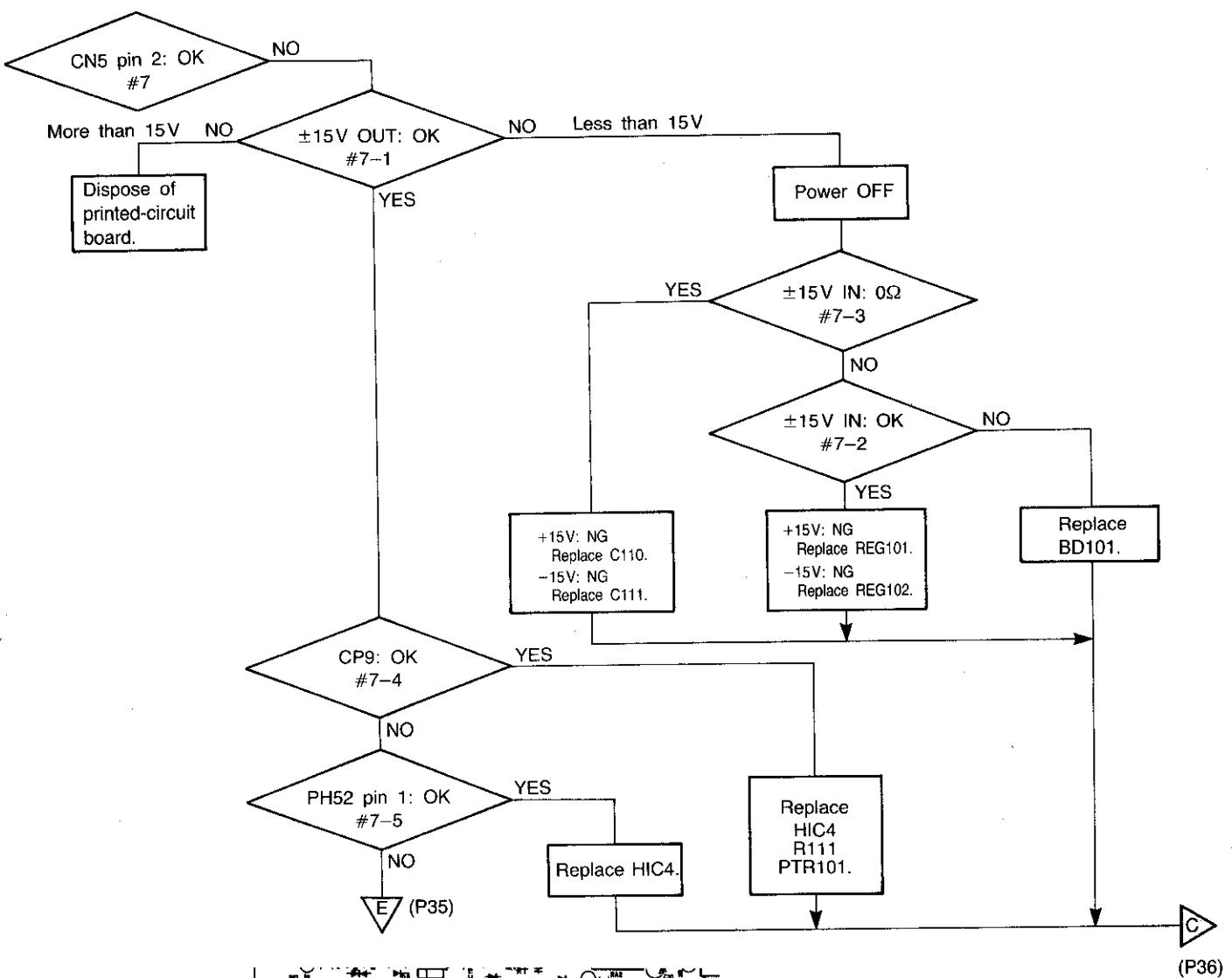




O^{50}_V : Check pin O^{50}_V

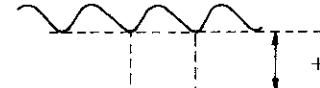
Related



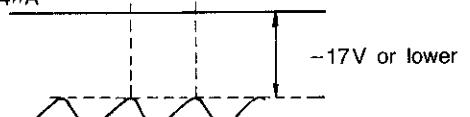


#7-2

D101..K''



D104..A''

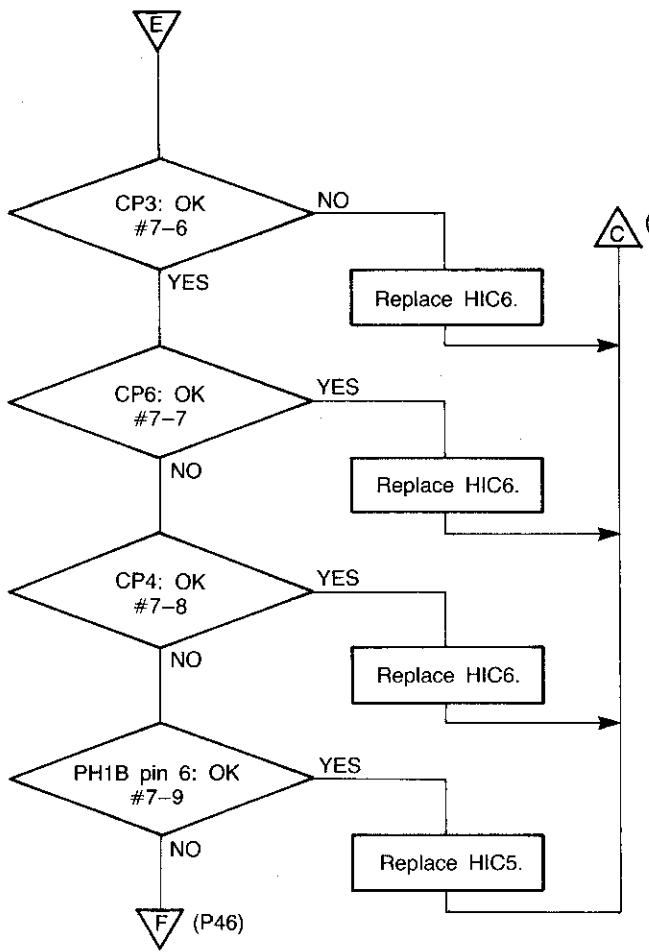


#7-1~#7-5 related

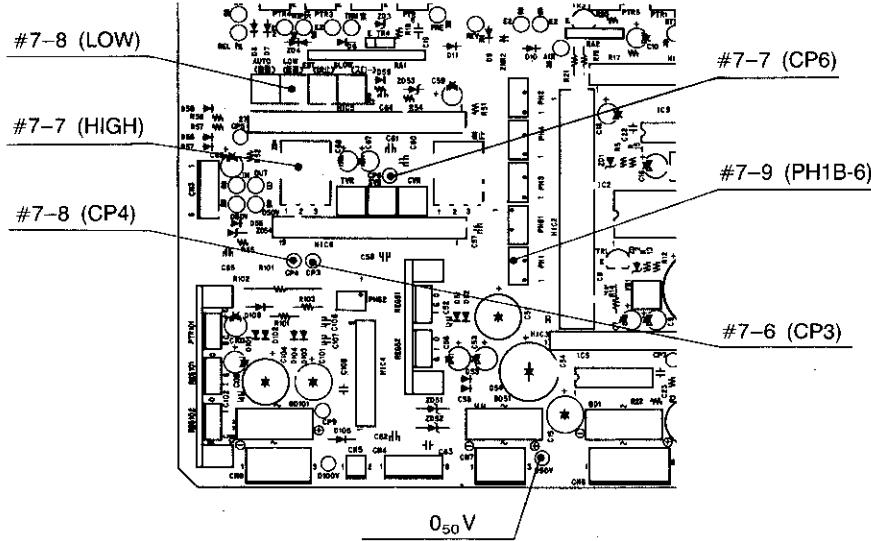
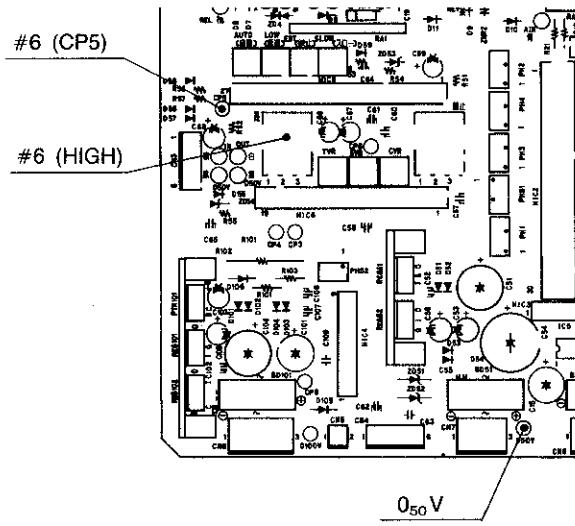
0₁₀₀V: Check pin 0₁₀₀V

HIGH VR must be fully to right.

	CN5 pin 2: OK #7	±15V OUT: OK #7-1	±15V IN: OK #7-2	±15V OUT: 0Ω #7-3	CP9: OK #7-4	PH52 pin 4: OK #7-5
Pedal neutral	-0.7±0.2V	D101..A'' +15±0.5V D104..K'' -15±0.5V	Refer to upper right figure.	D101..A'' D104..K'' 0Ω at X1 range	+14V or higher	-0.3V or lower
Pedal forward	+12V or higher			-14V or higher	+0.3V or higher	

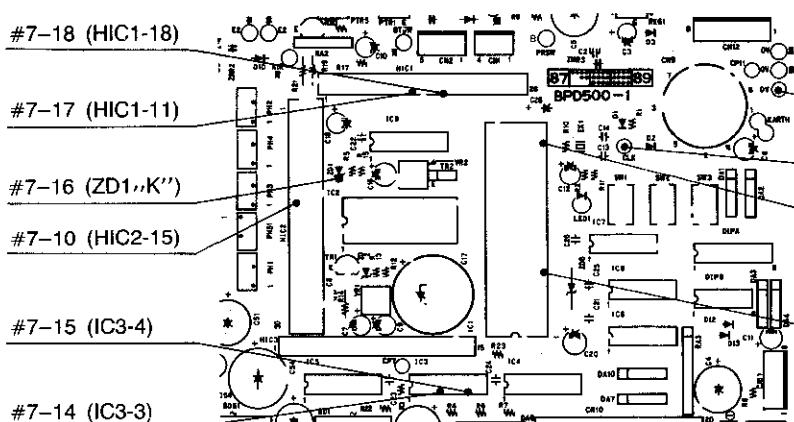
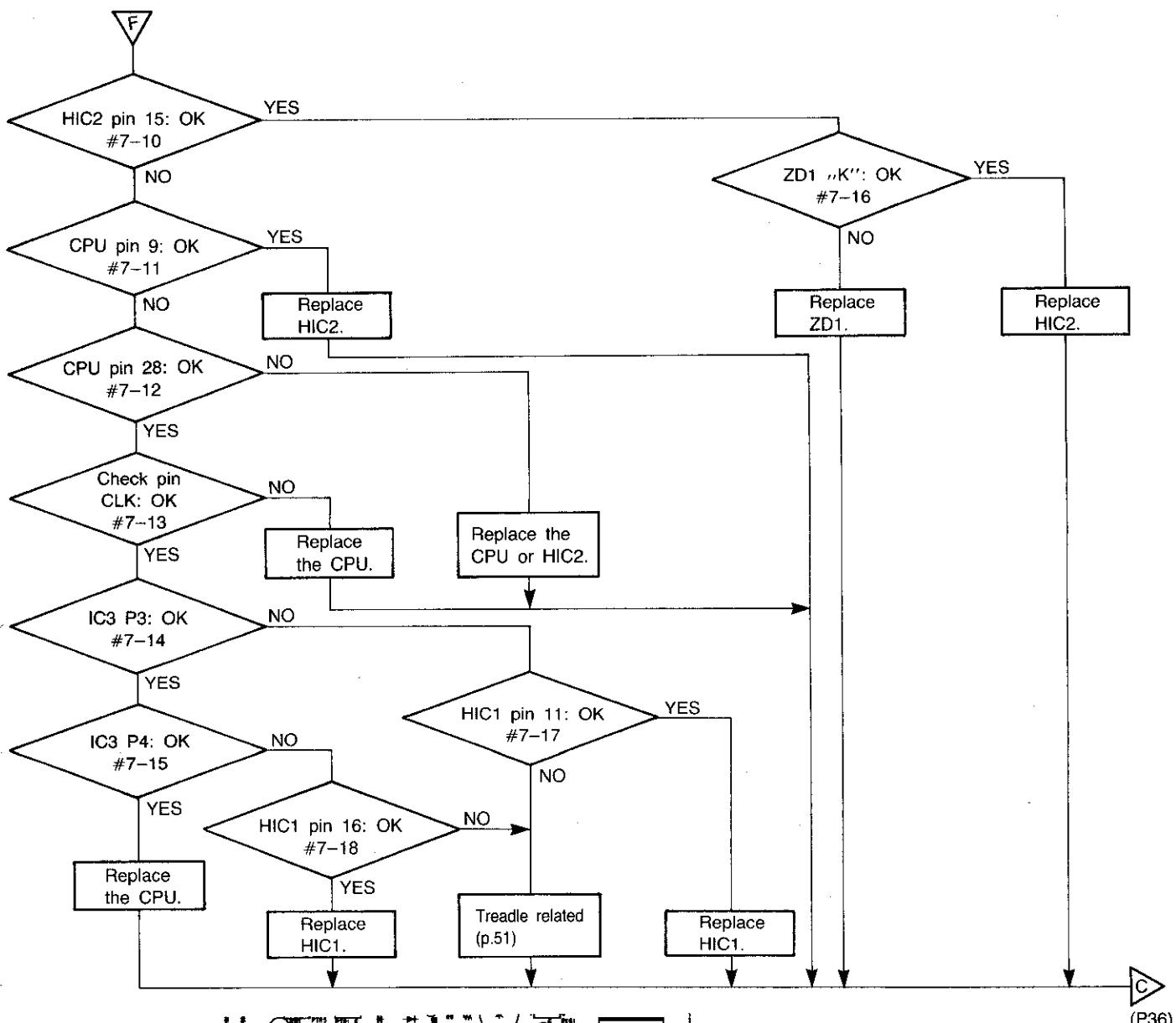


#6 CP5: OK
 $0_{50}V$: Check pin $0_{50}V$
 With VR4 fully right:
 Pedal neutral: 0V
 Pedal fully forward: 8.5V or higher



#7-6—#7-9 related
 $0_{50}V$: Check pin $0_{50}V$

	CP3:OK #7-6	CP6: OK #7-7	CP4: OK #7-8	PH1B-6 pin #7-9
Pedal neutral		HIGH VR must be fully right. $+6.5 \pm 0.5V$	LOW VR: at 12:00 position $0 \sim +0.1V$	$0 \sim +0.1V$
Pedal forward		$-8 \pm 2V$	$+1.0V$ or higher	$+1.0V$ or higher



Check pin 0V

#7-13 (CLK)

#7-12 (CPU-28)

#7-13

250nsec

#7-11 (CPU-9)

4.5V or higher

0.5V or lower

0V

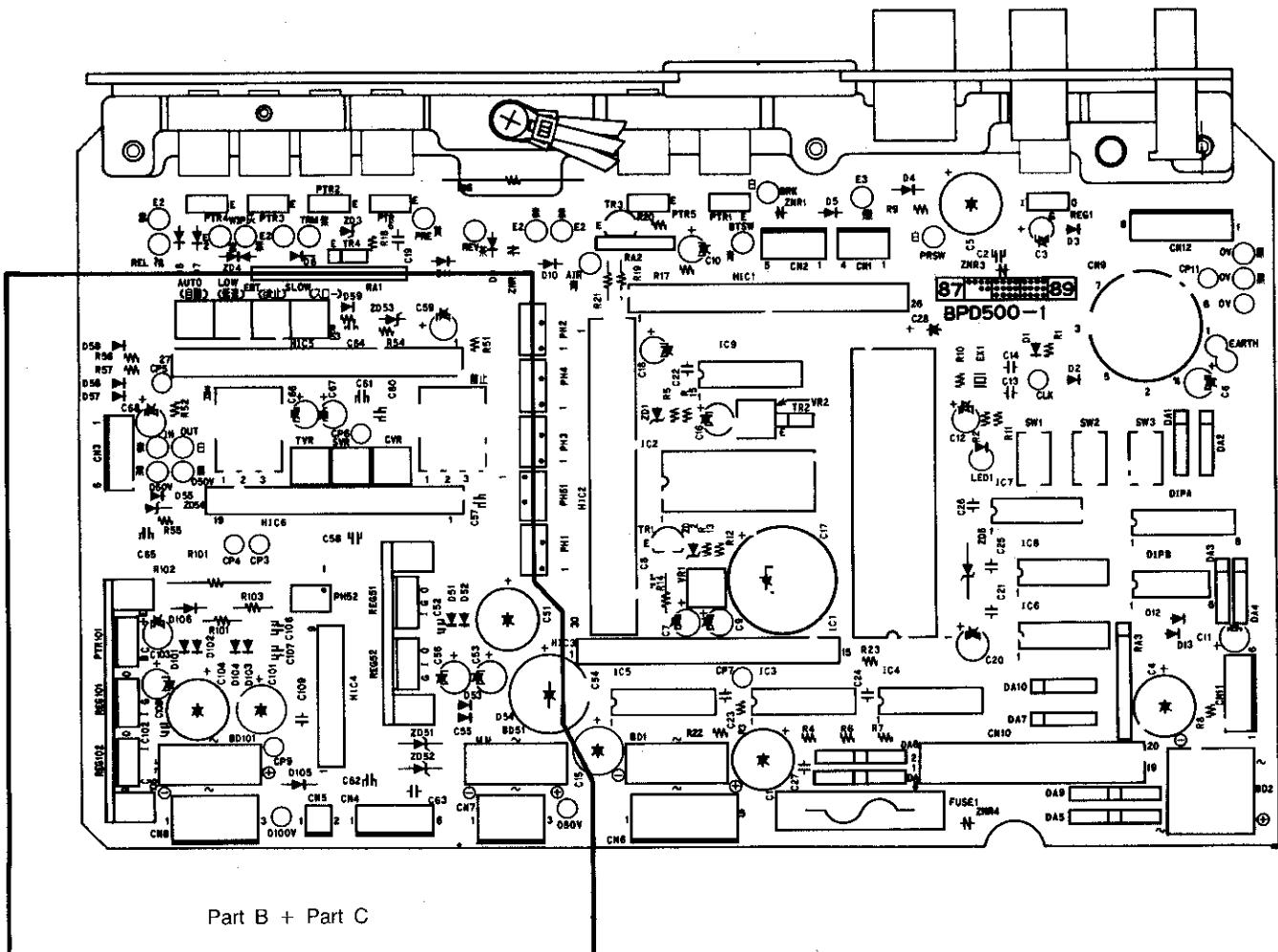
	HIC2 pin 15: OK #7-10	CPU pin 9: OK #7-11	CPU pin 28: OK #7-12	Check pin CLK: OK #7-13	IC3 P3: OK #7-14	IC3 P4: OK #7-15	ZD1 „K“: OK #7-16
Pedal neutral	4.5V or higher	4.5V or higher	4.5V or higher	Refer to upper right fi- gure.	0.5V or lower	4.5V or higher	4.0V or higher
Pedal forward	0.5V or lower	0.5V or lower			0.5V or lower	0.5V or lower	

	HIC1 pin 11: OK #7-17	HIC1 pin 16: OK #7-18
Pedal neutral	0.5V or lower	4.5V or higher
Pedal forward	0.5V or lower	0.5V or lower

#7-10~#7-18 related

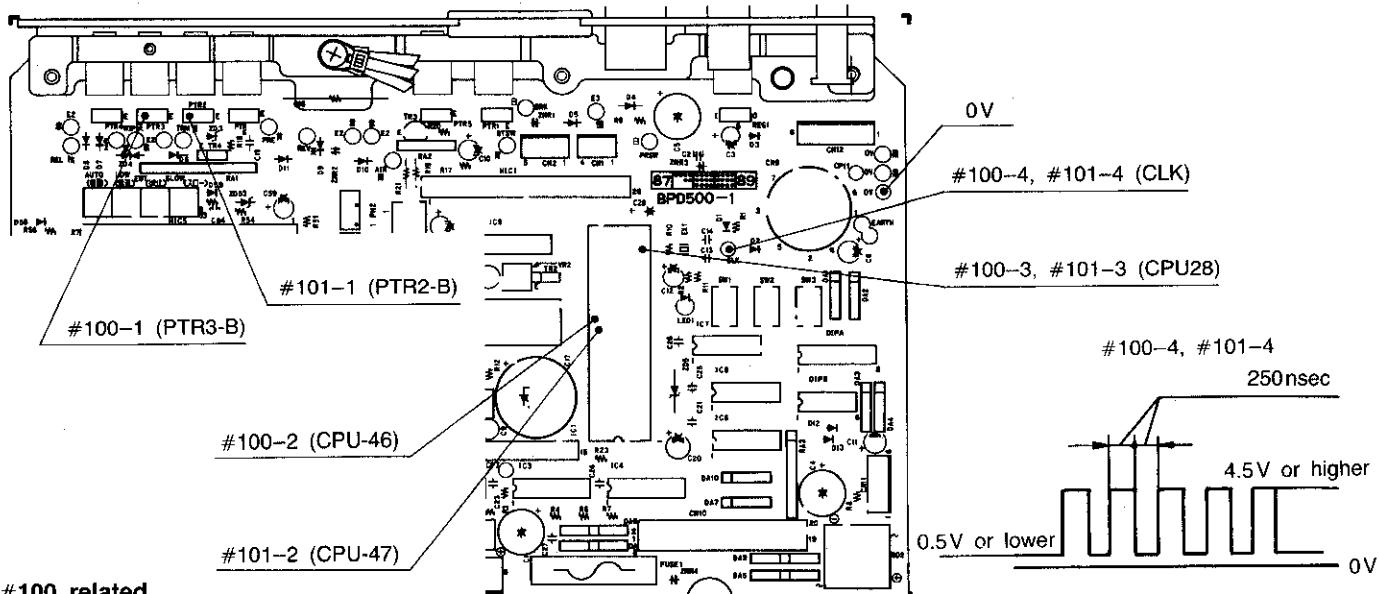
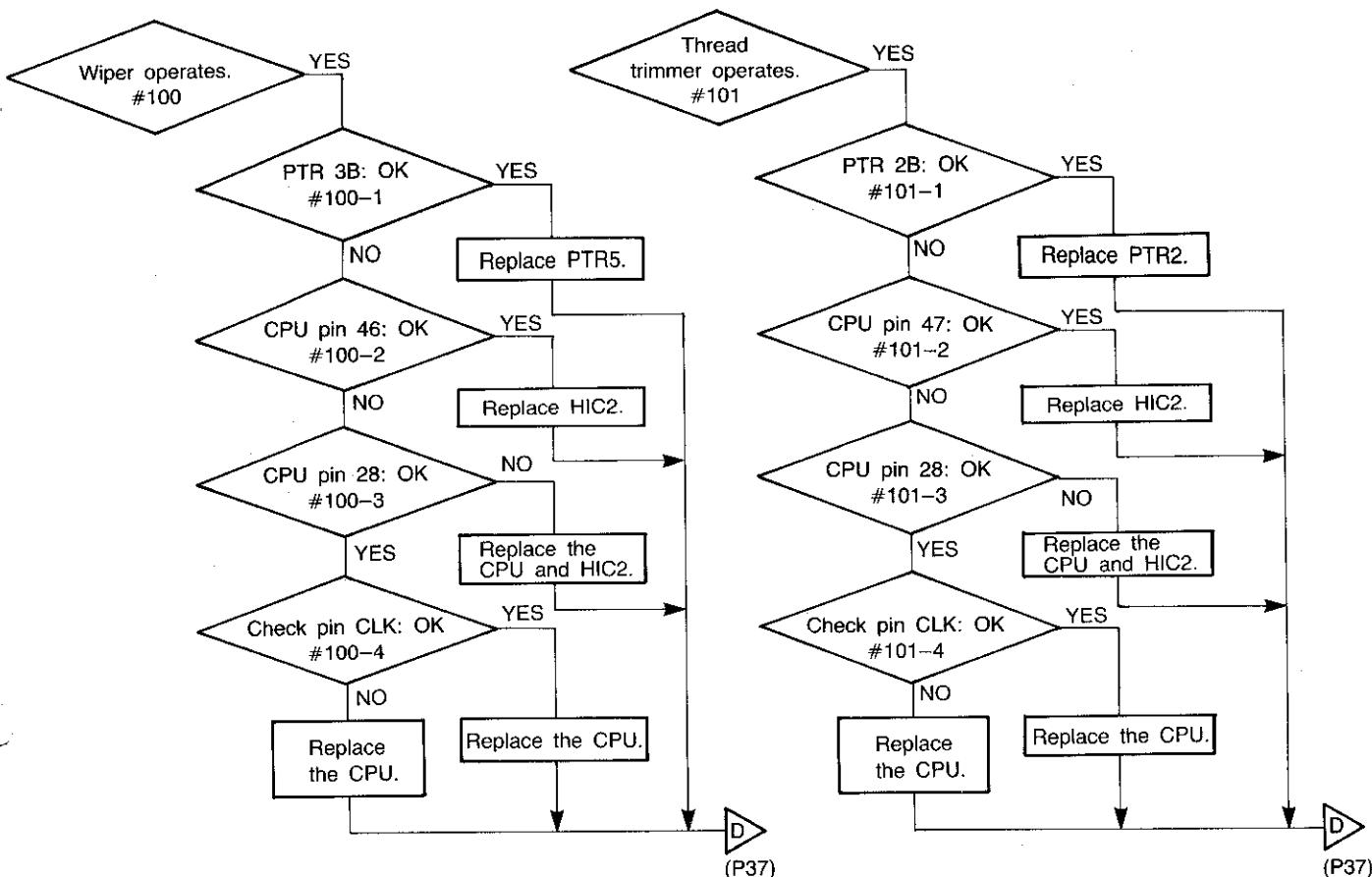
0V: Check pin 0V

Caution



Note:

Because part B and part C are connected to the high-voltage circuitry for this and subsequent tests, care must be taken not to touch them.



#100 related

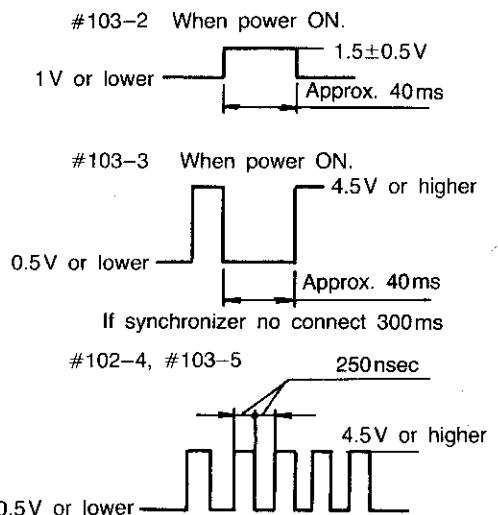
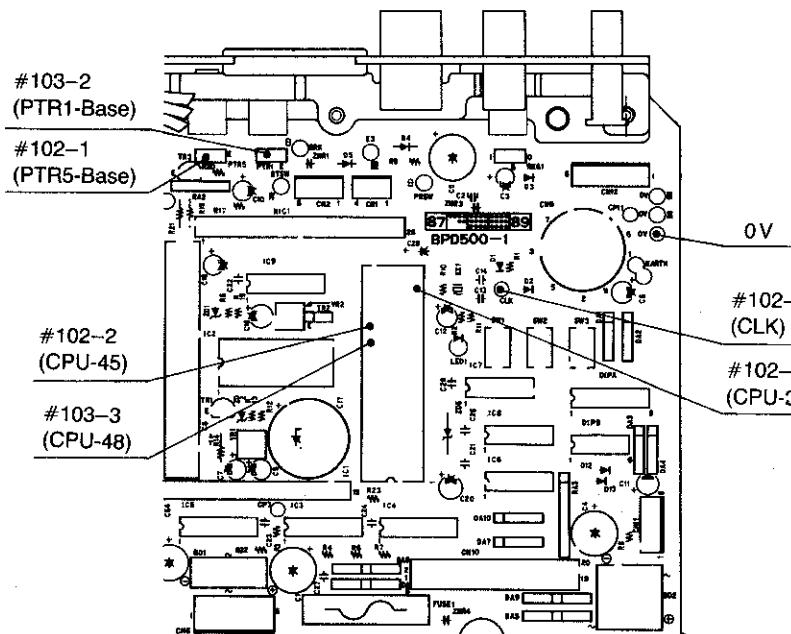
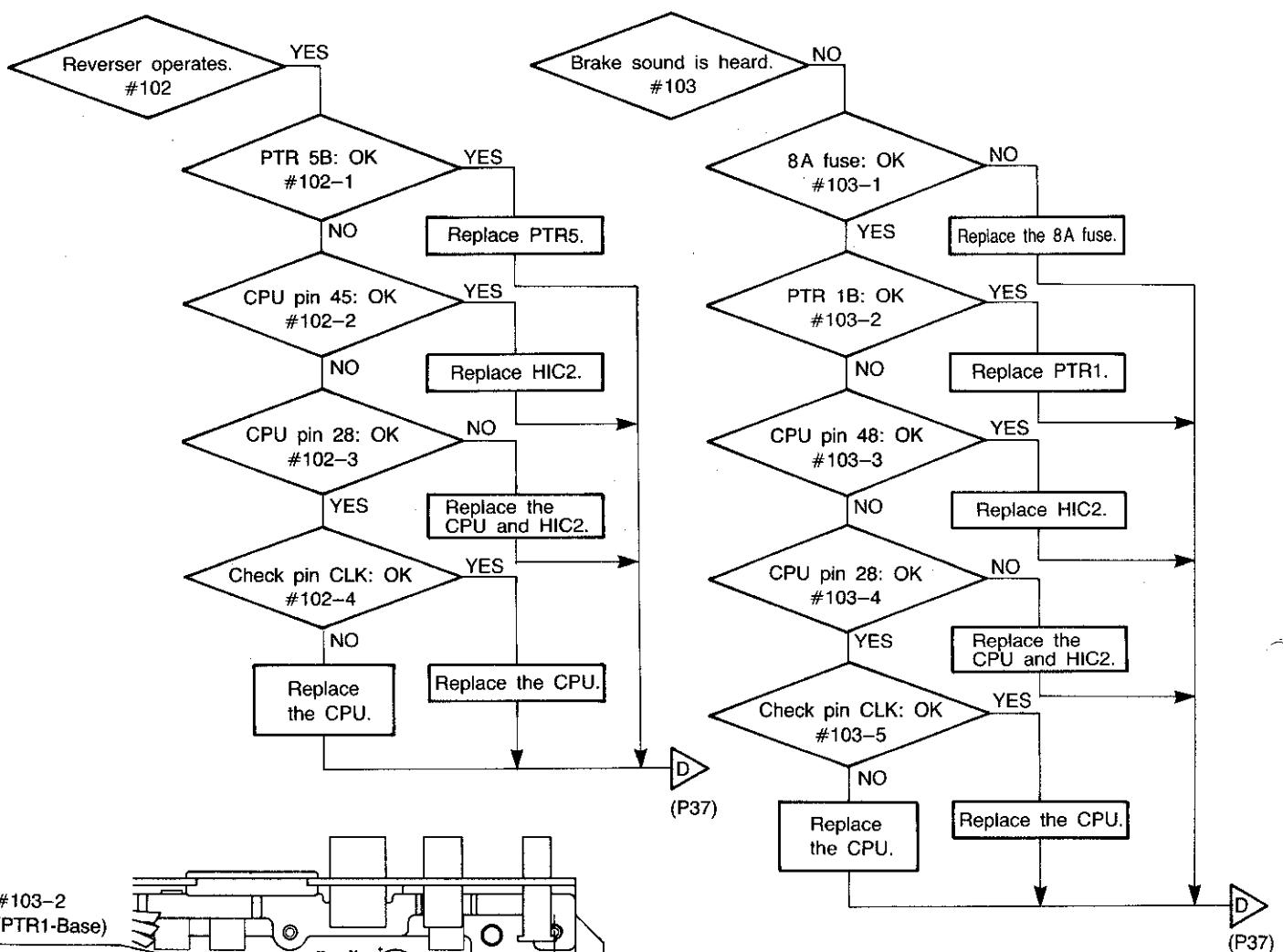
0V: Check pin 0V

PTR 3B: OK #100-1	CPU pin 46: OK #100-2	CPU pin 28: OK #100-3	Check pin CLK: OK #100-4
Base 1V or lower	4.5V or higher	4.5V or higher	Refer to upper right figure.

#101 related

0V: Check pin 0V

PTR 2B: OK #101-1	CPU pin 47: OK #101-2	CPU pin 28: OK #101-3	Check pin CLK: OK #101-4
Base 1V or lower	4.5V or higher	4.5V or higher	Refer to upper right figure.



#102 related

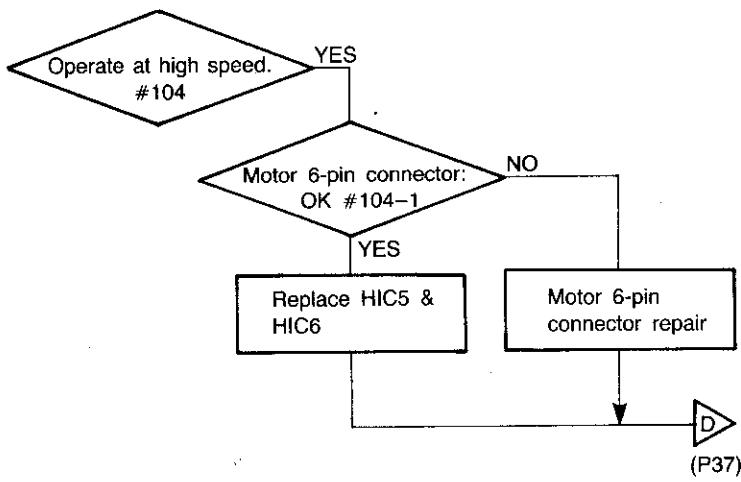
0V: Check pin 0V

PTR 5B: OK #102-1	CPU pin 45: OK #102-2	CPU pin 28: OK #102-3	Check pin CLK: OK #102-4
Base 1V or lower	4.5V or higher	4.5V or higher	Refer to upper right figure.

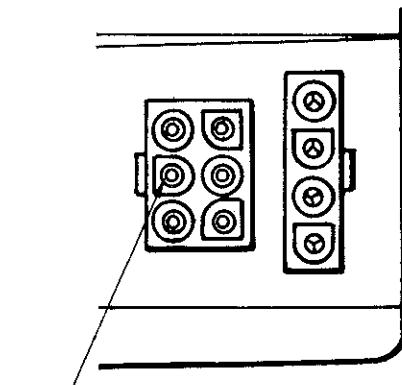
#103 related

0V: Check pin 0V

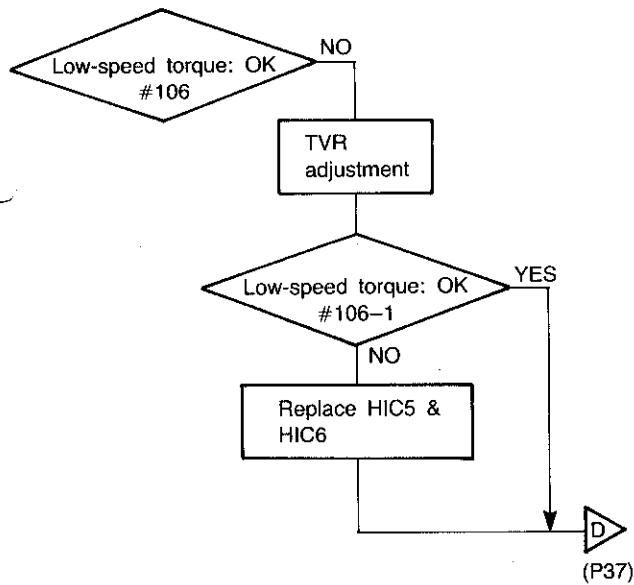
PTR 1B: OK #103-2	CPU pin 48: OK #103-3	CPU pin 28: OK #103-4	Check pin CLK: OK #103-5
Refer to upper right figure.	Refer to upper right figure.	4.5V or higher	Refer to upper right figure.



#104-1 related



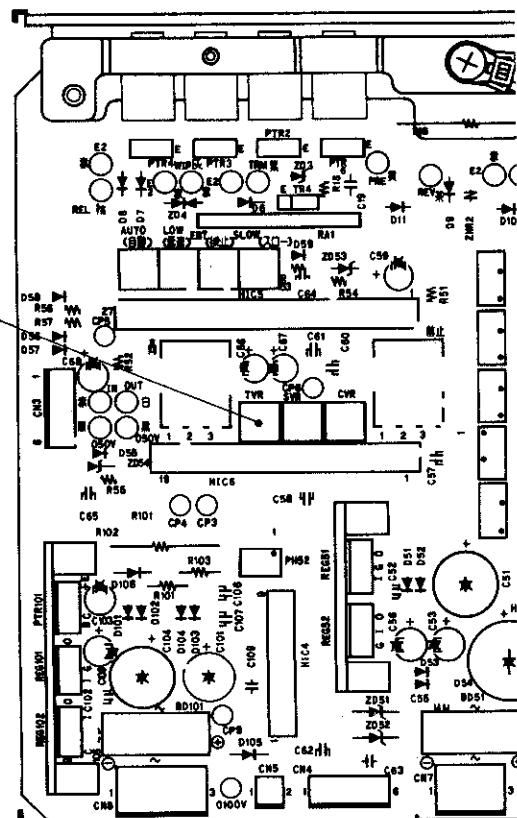
Check this connection is correct.



#106, #106-1 related

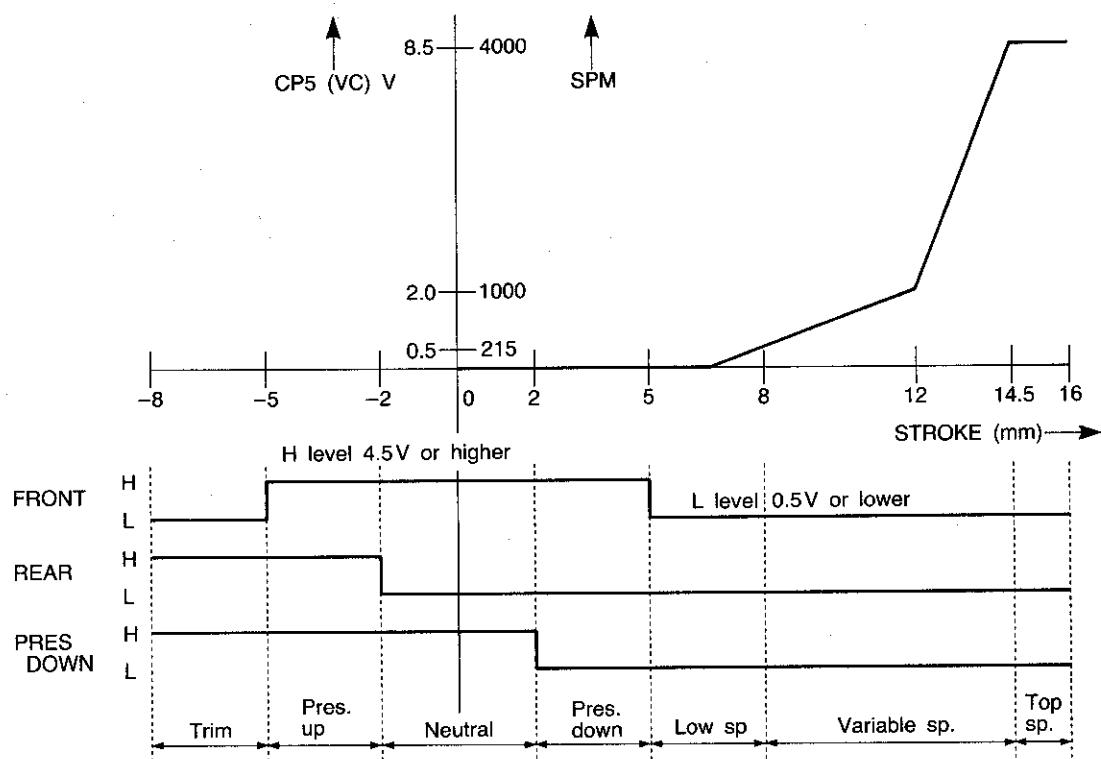
Operate the machine at low speed. Hold the machine pulley and, without "hunting", make the TVR adjustment so that torque is maximized.

#106, #106-1 (TVR)

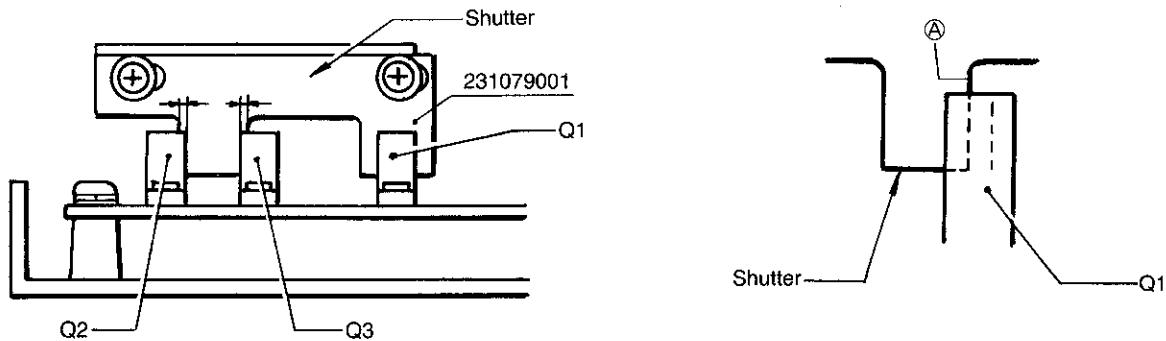


Treadle unit

Phot Int & VC chart



Adjustments



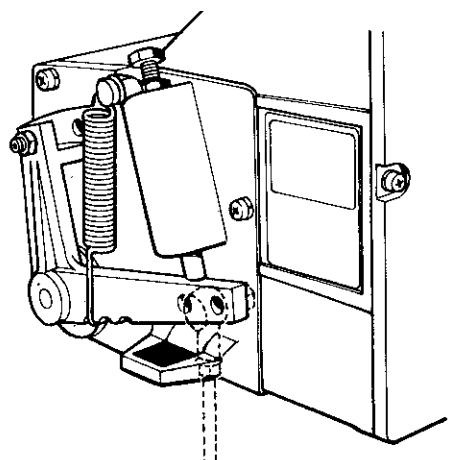
Adjust the shutter position so that it uniformly contacts both Q2 and Q3 at neutral.

Note:

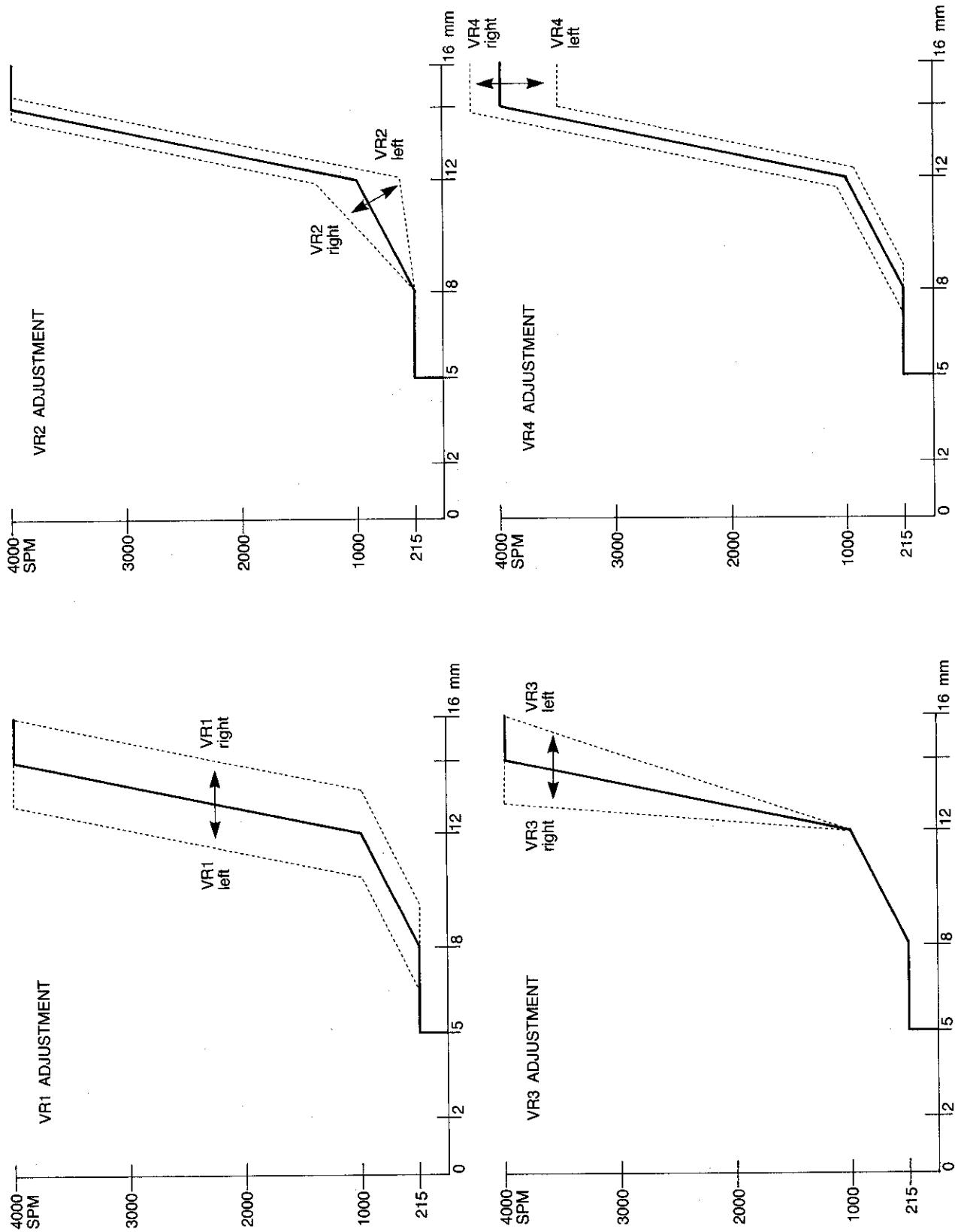
When the treadle is fully depressed, the edge A of the shutter must be within the left 1/3 of Q1.

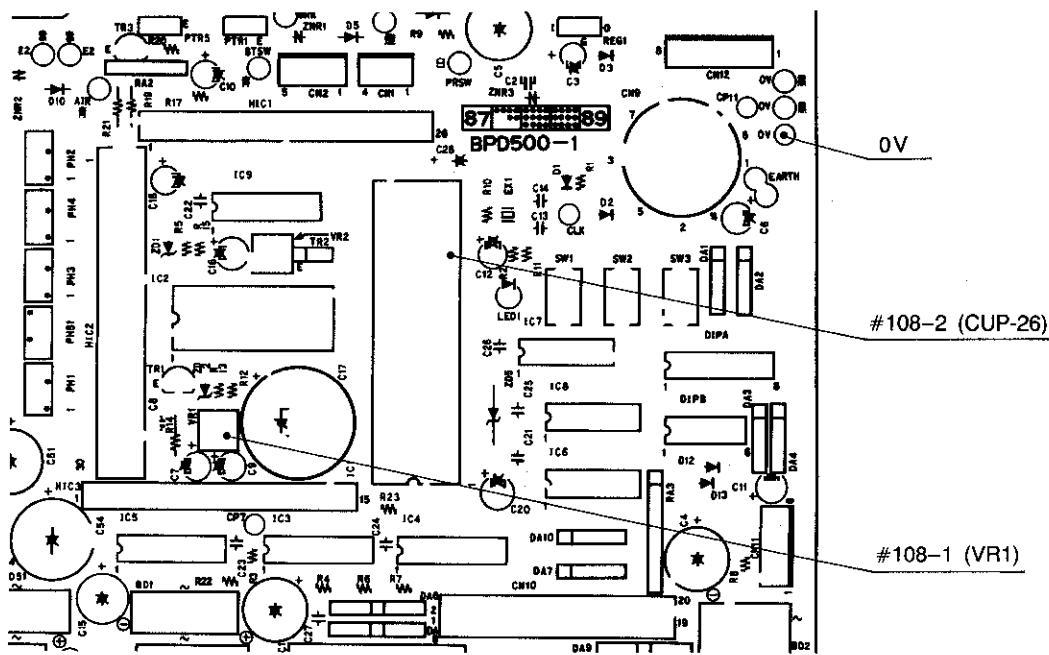
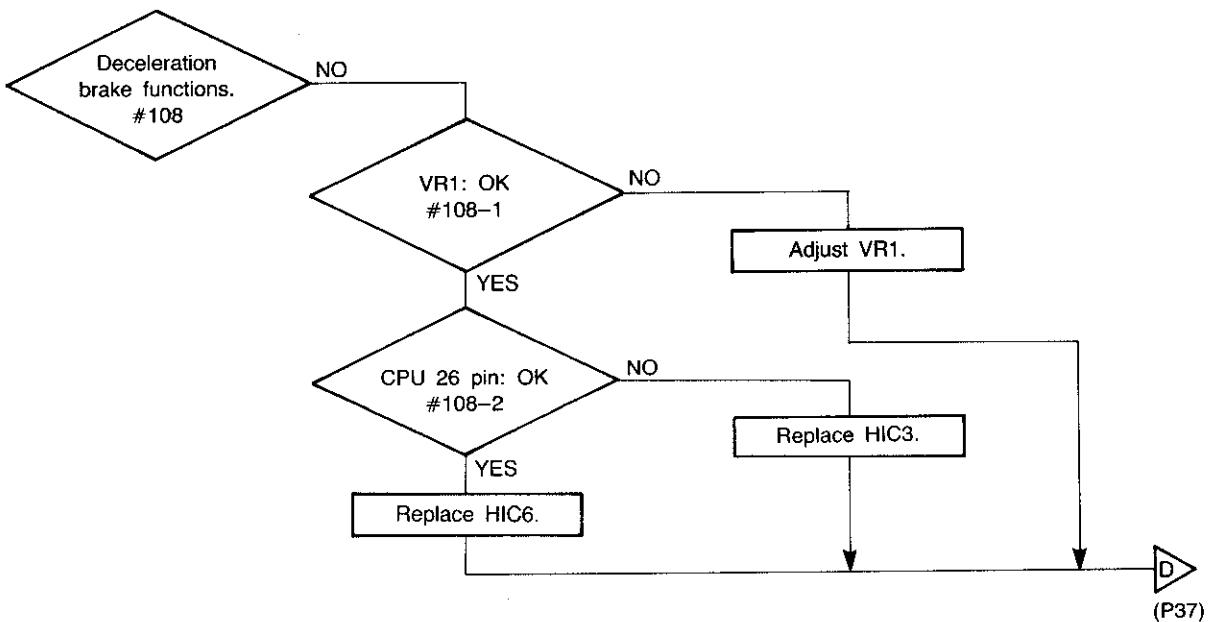
Connector related

- 1) Connect only the power-supply connector of the external connectors.
- 2) For the internal connectors, remove only CN5 from the D printed-circuit board.
- 3) Making the above adjustments will set the machine speed to approximately 4000spm (125 pulley), so, in the condition after the adjustments are completed, use VR3 to set to maximum speed.



VR Adjustment





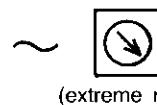
#108 related

0V: Check pin 0V

VR1: OK

#108-1

The VR1 position must be within the range to



CPU pin 26: OK

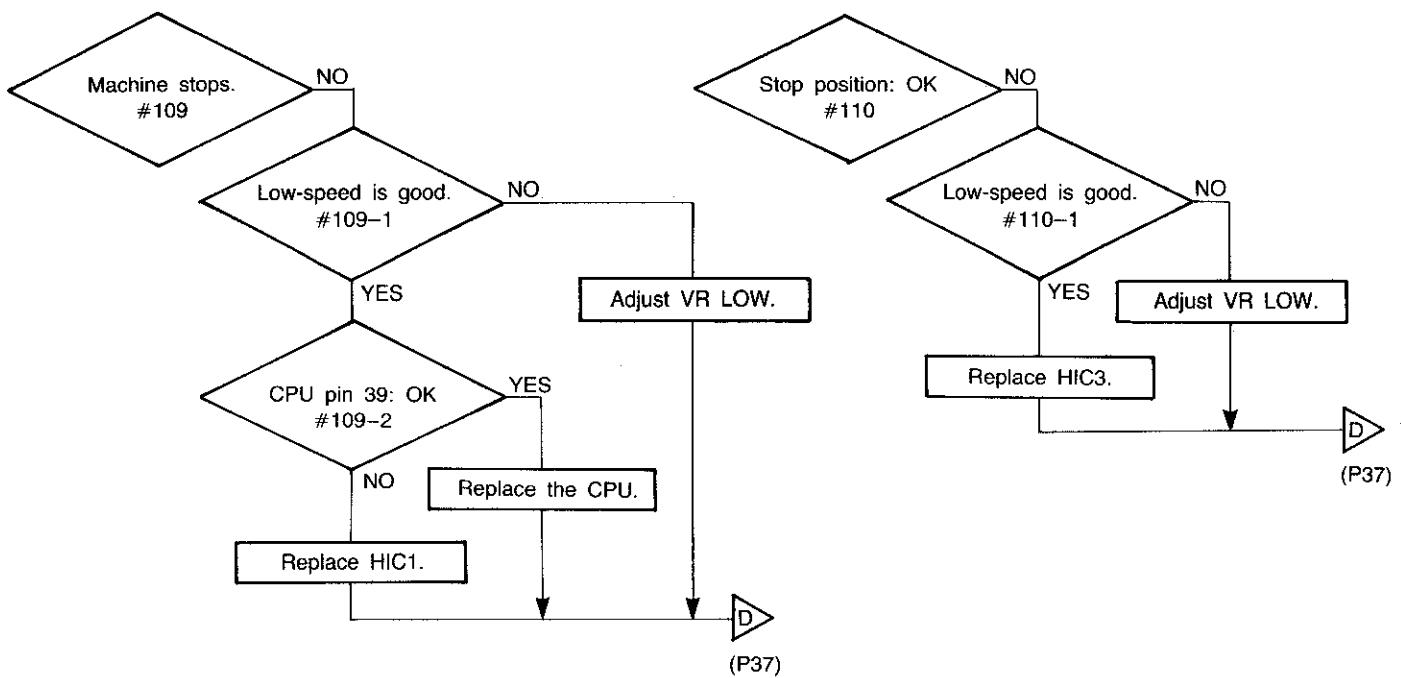
#108-2

During high speed

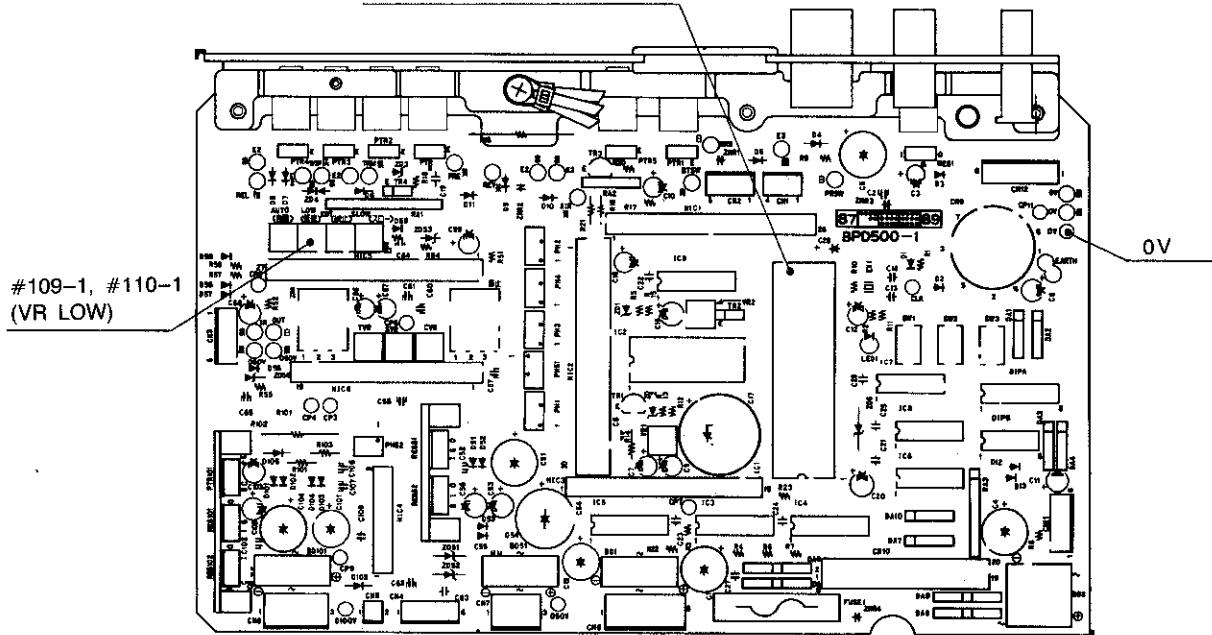


During low speed



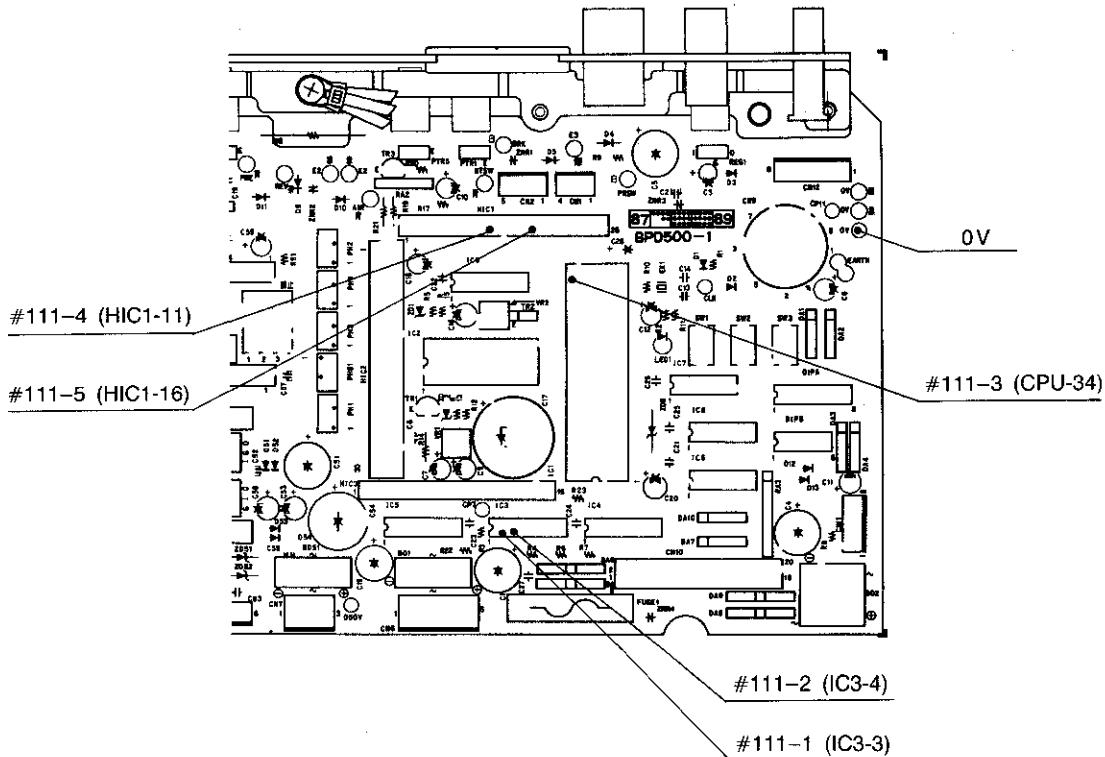
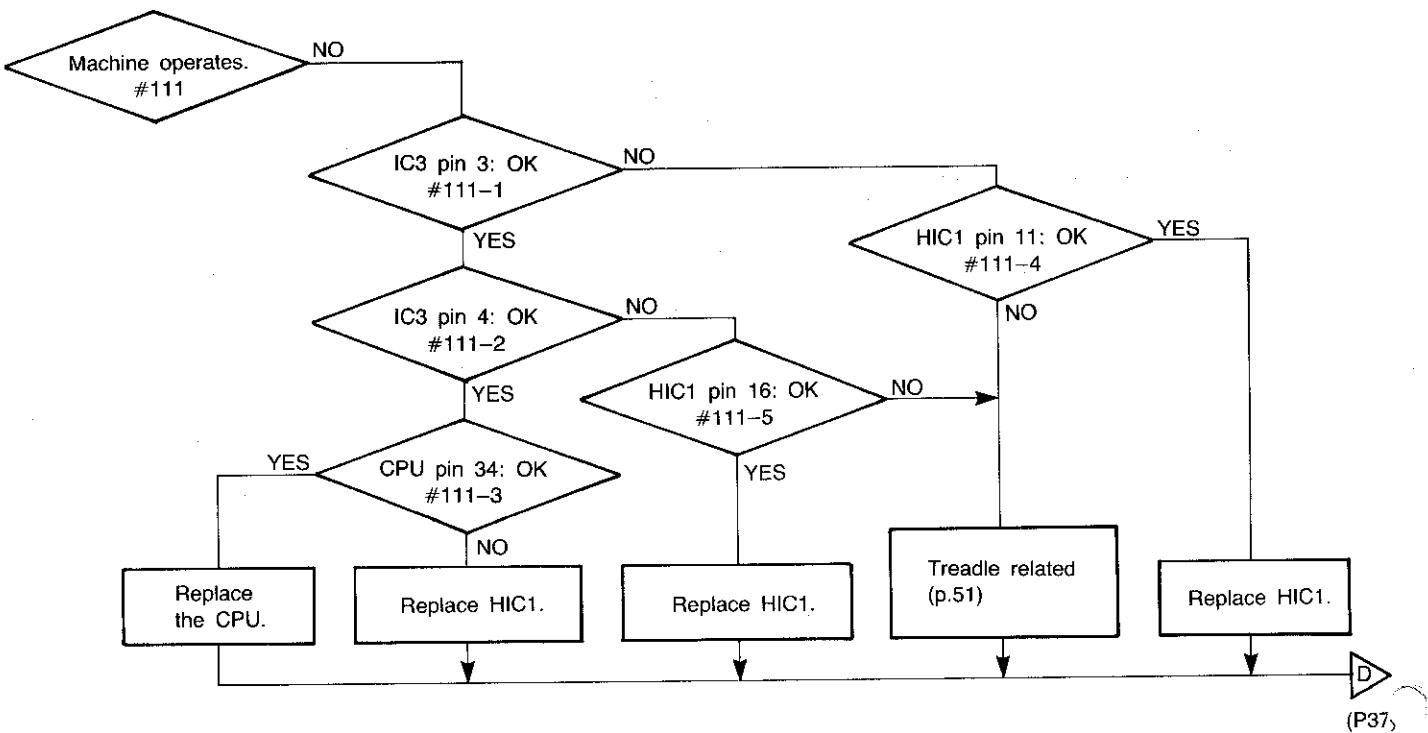


#109-2
(CPU-33) Needle down signal



#109, #110 related
0V: Check pin 0V

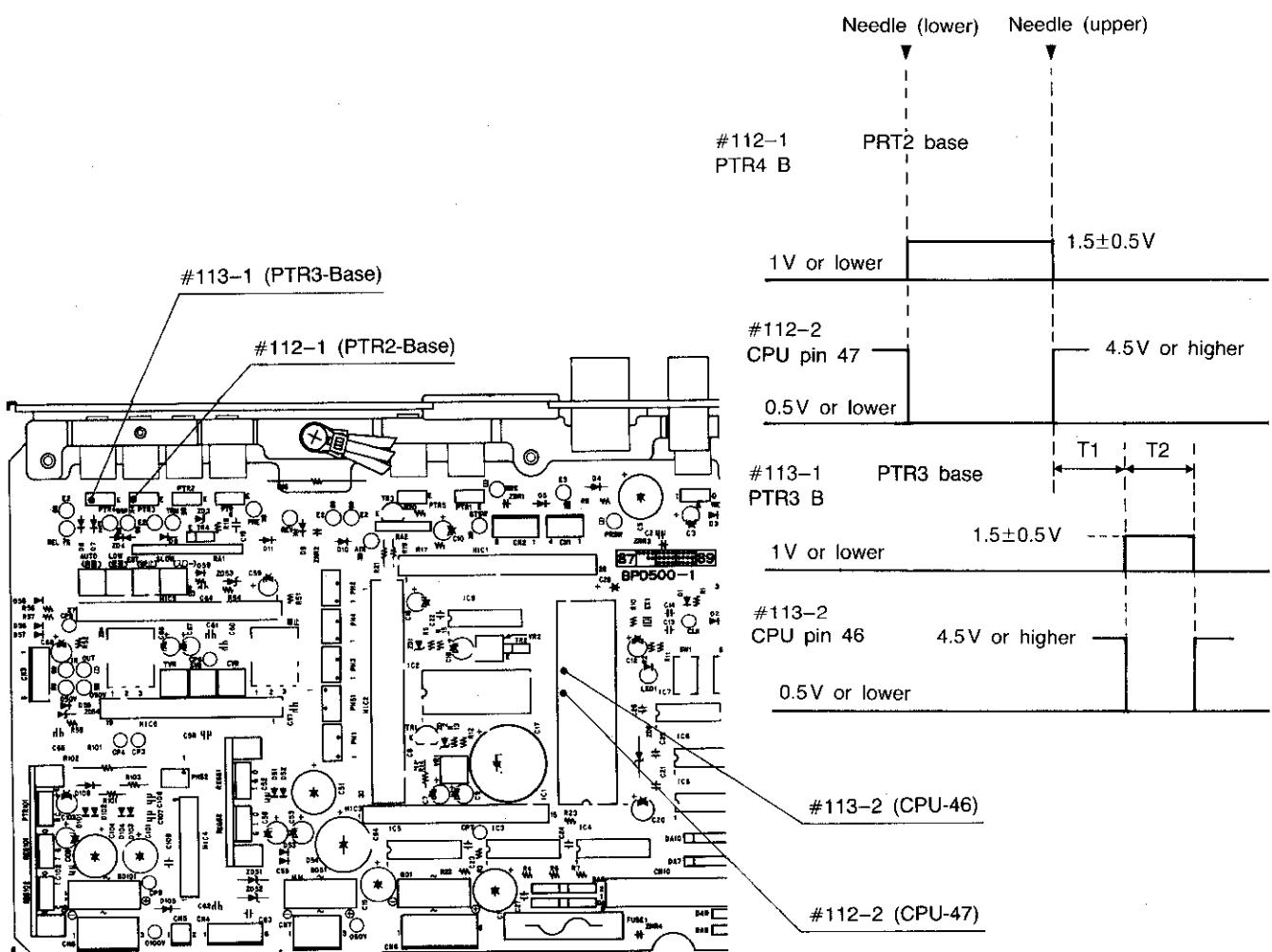
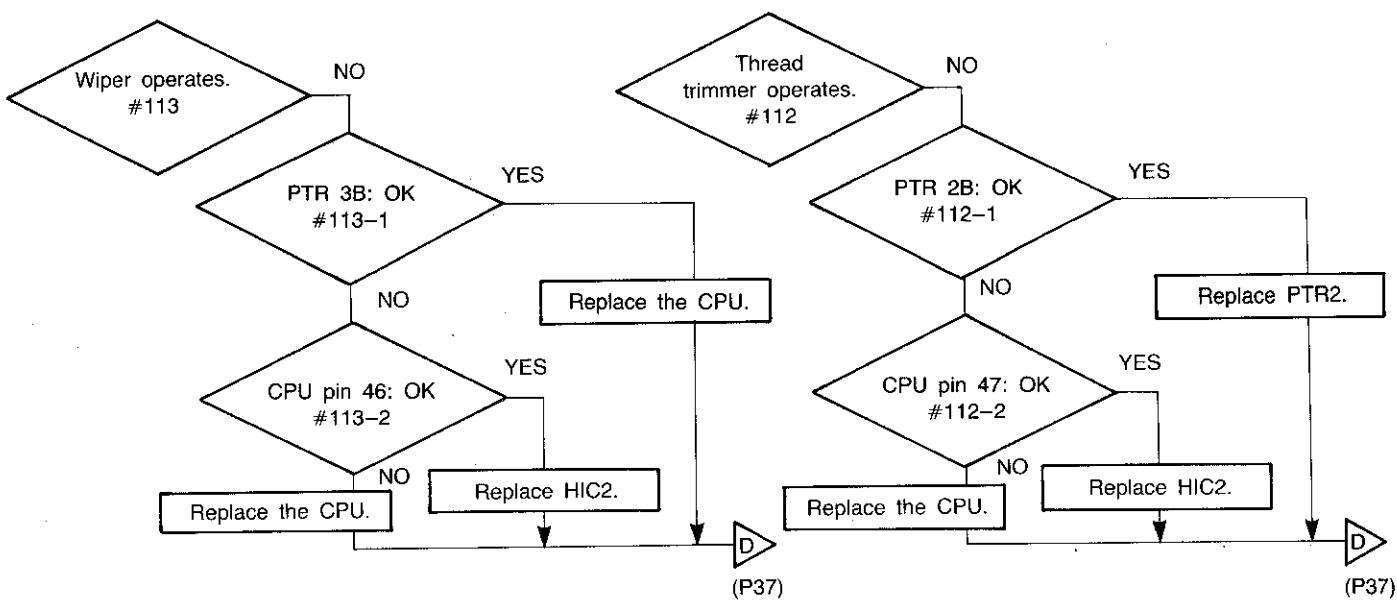
Low-speed is good. #109-1	CPU pin 39: OK #109-2	Low-speed is good. #110-1
VR LOW: $215 \pm 10 \text{ spm}$	Needle (lower) position: 0.5V or lower Other than needle (lower) position: 4.5V or higher	VR LOW: $215 \pm 10 \text{ spm}$



#111 related

0V: Check pin 0V

IC3 pin 3: OK #111-1	IC3 pin 4: OK #111-2	CPU pin 34: OK #111-3	HIC1 pin 11: OK #111-4	HIC1 pin 16: OK #111-5
4.5V or higher for back-ward depression	0.5V or lower for back-ward depression	Needle (upper) position: 0.5V or lower Other than needle (upper) position: 4.5V or higher	4.5V or higher for back-ward depression	0.5V or lower for back-ward depression



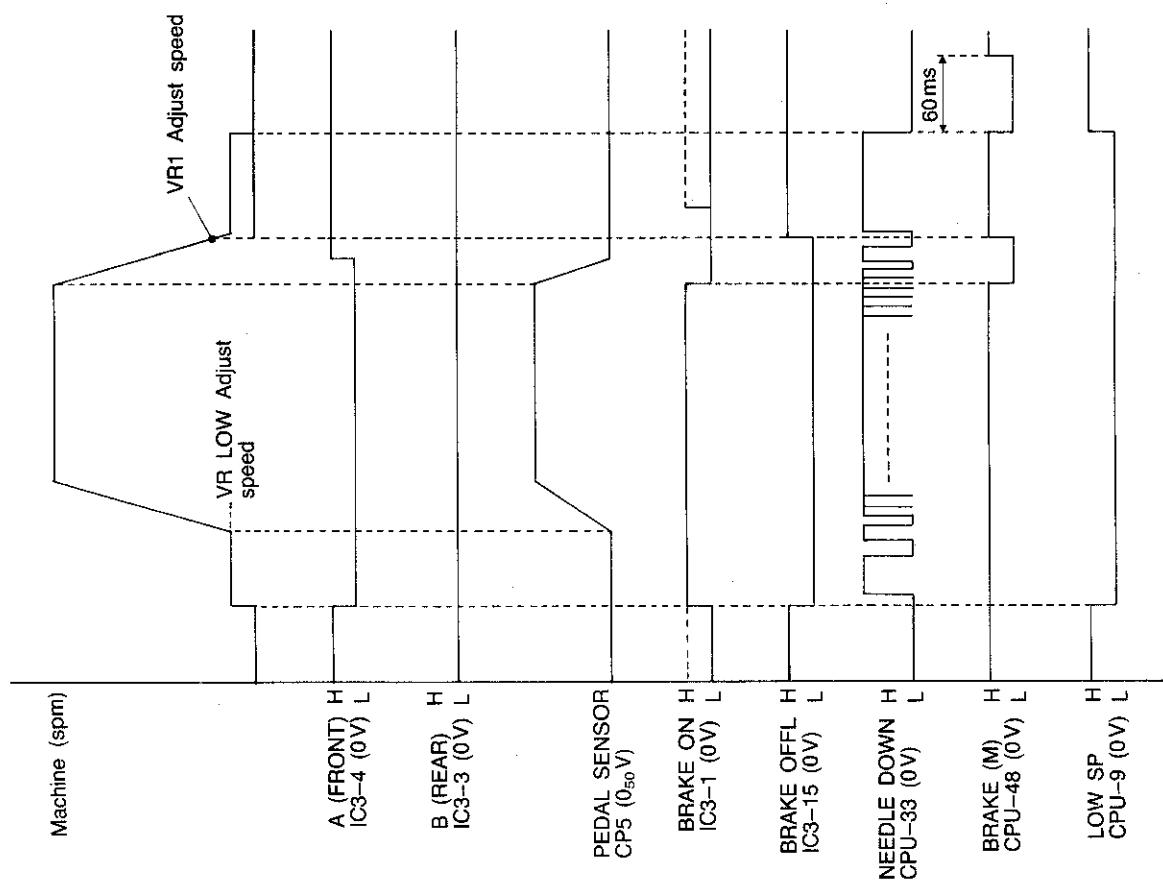
#112, #113 related

0V: Check pin 0V

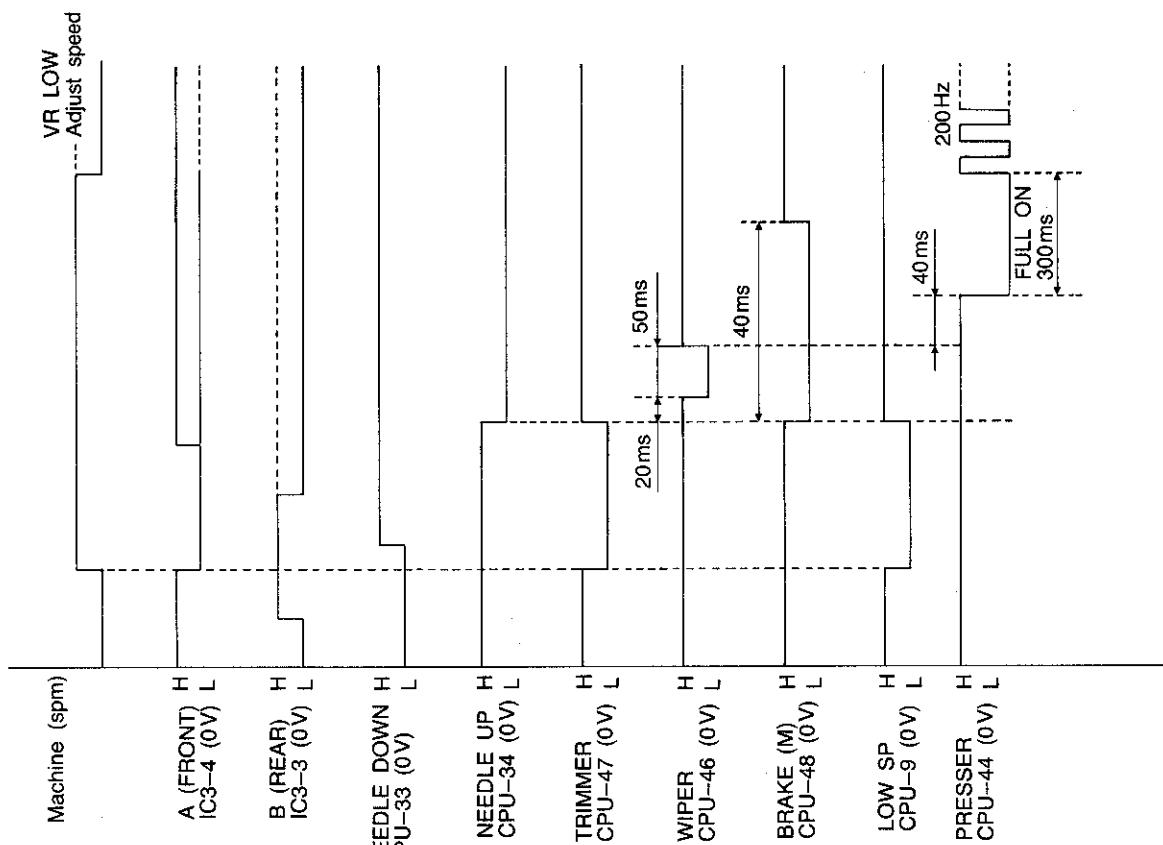
PTR 2B: OK #112-1	CPU pin 47: OK #112-2	PTR 3B: OK #113-1	CPU pin 46: OK #113-2
Refer to figure above.	Refer to figure above.	Refer to figure above.	Refer to figure above.

TIMING CHART

[1] Needle (lower) stop



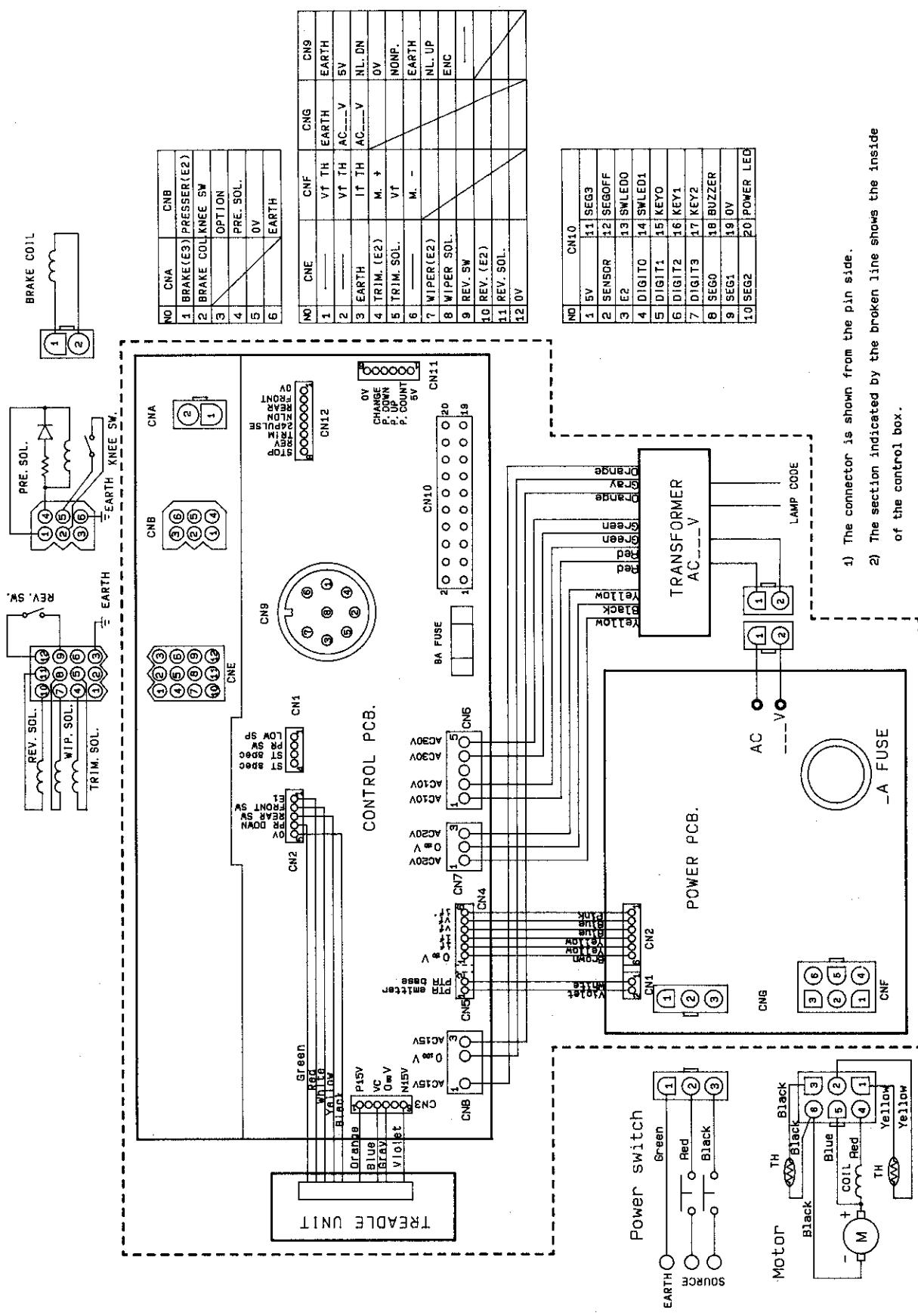
[2] Needle (upper) stop



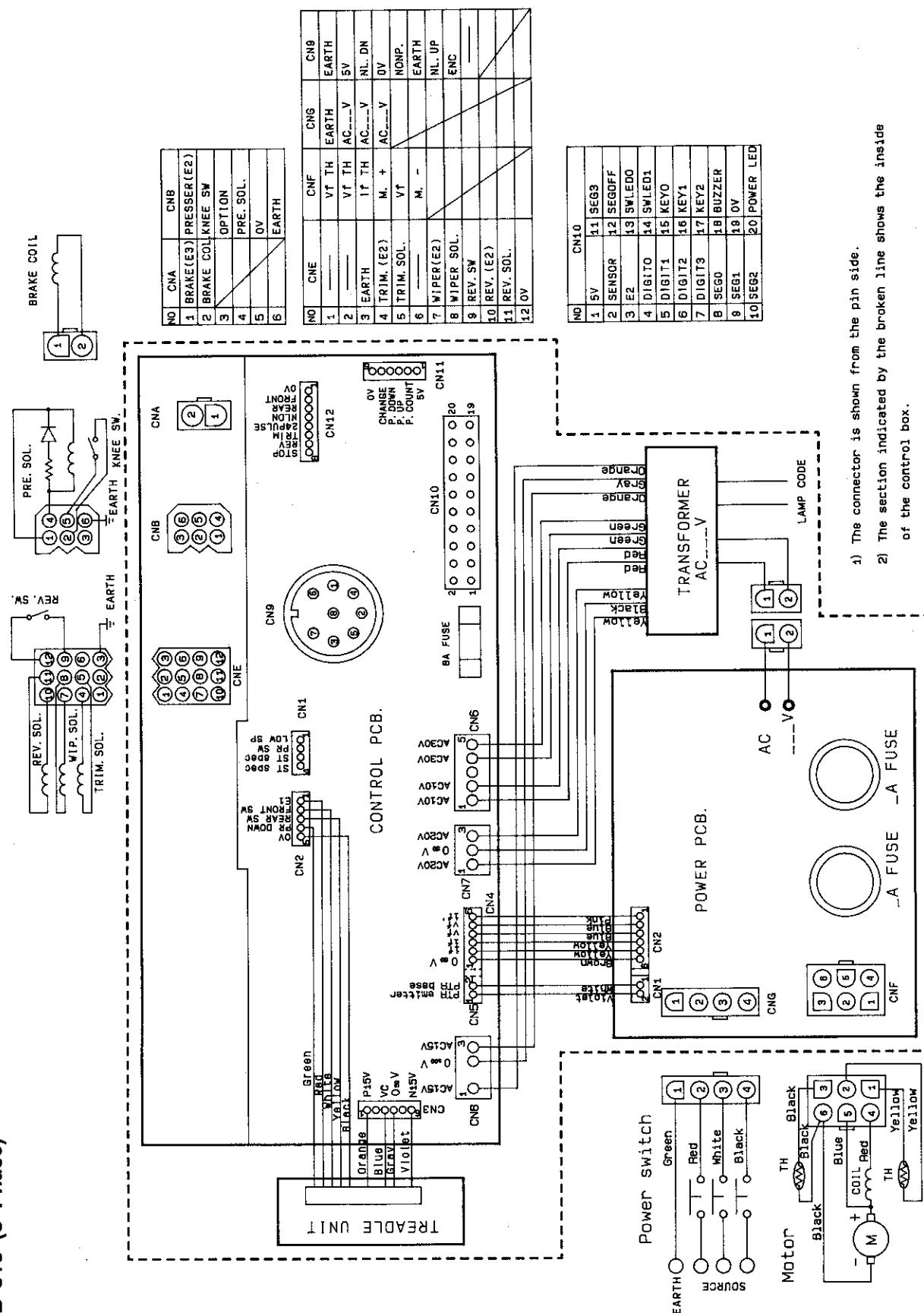
For the presser foot, CPU-16 at S printed-circuit board G.

BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONTROL CIRCUIT MD-803 (1 Phase)

BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONTROL CIRCUIT



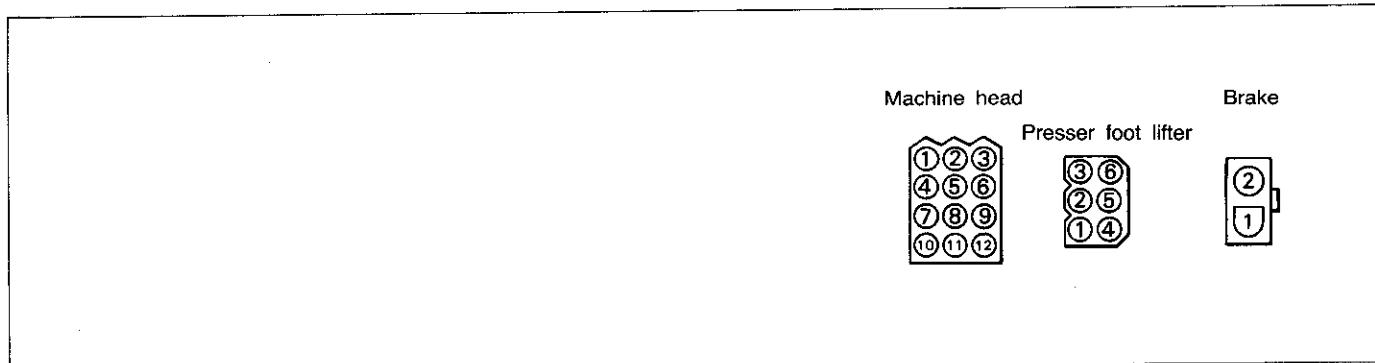
BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONTROL CIRCUIT MD-813 (3 Phase)



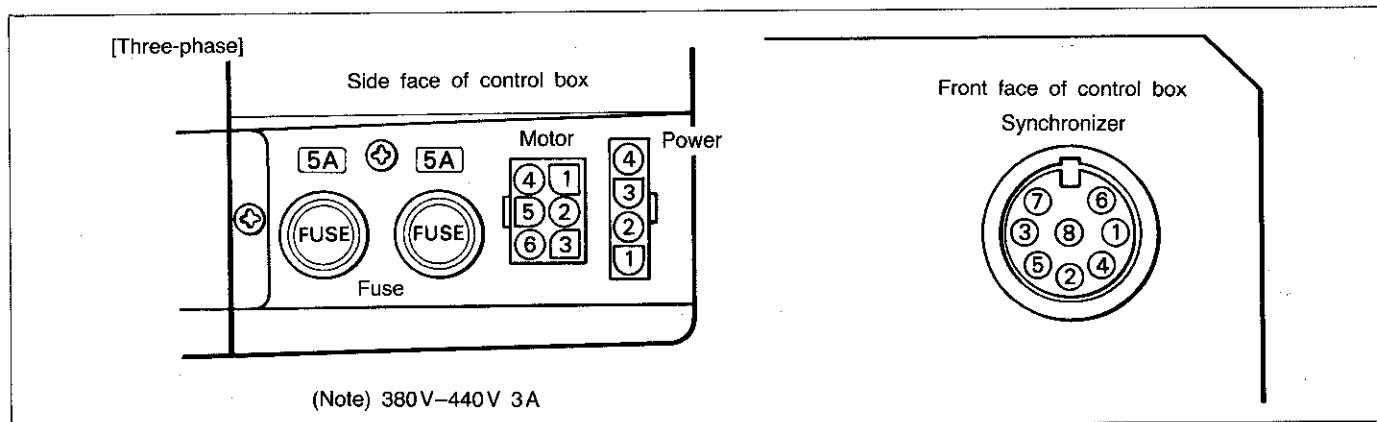
- 1) The connector is shown from the pin side.
- 2) The section indicated by the broken line shows the inside of the control box.

DETAILS OF CONNECTOR PANEL

1 Model DB2-B737 · B747 · B748 · B791 · B793 · B795 · B798 (Type 500B)



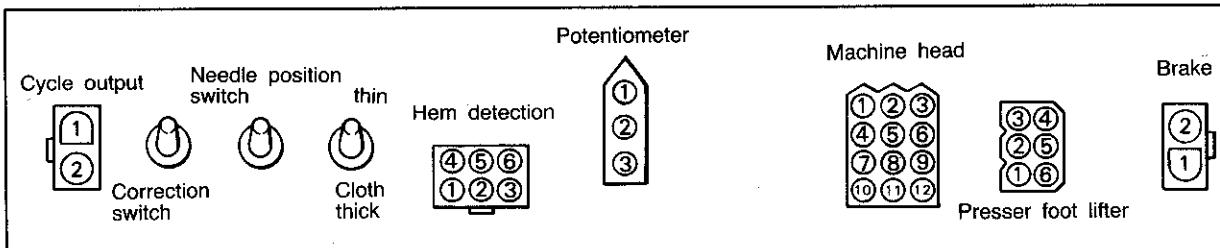
No.	Machine head	Presser foot lifter	Brake
	12P connector	6P connector	2P connector
1	Leading power	Presser power	Brake power
2	Leading output	Presser input	Brake
3	GND	Option	
4	Thread trimming power	Presser output	
5	Thread trimming output	0V	
6	Not used	GND	
7	Thread wiper power		
8	Thread wiper output		
9	Reverse input		
10	Reverse power		
11	Reverse output		
12	0V		



No.	Motor	Power
	6P connector	4P connector
1	Vf. TH	GND
2	Vf. TH	AC [2] [0] [0] [V]
3	if. TH	AC [2] [0] [0] [V]
4	Motor +	AC [2] [0] [0] [V]
5	Vf	
6	Motor -	

No.	Synchronizer
1	GND
2	DC + 5V
3	Needle down
4	0V
5	NO. SYC
6	GND
7	Needle up
8	Encoder
9	
10	

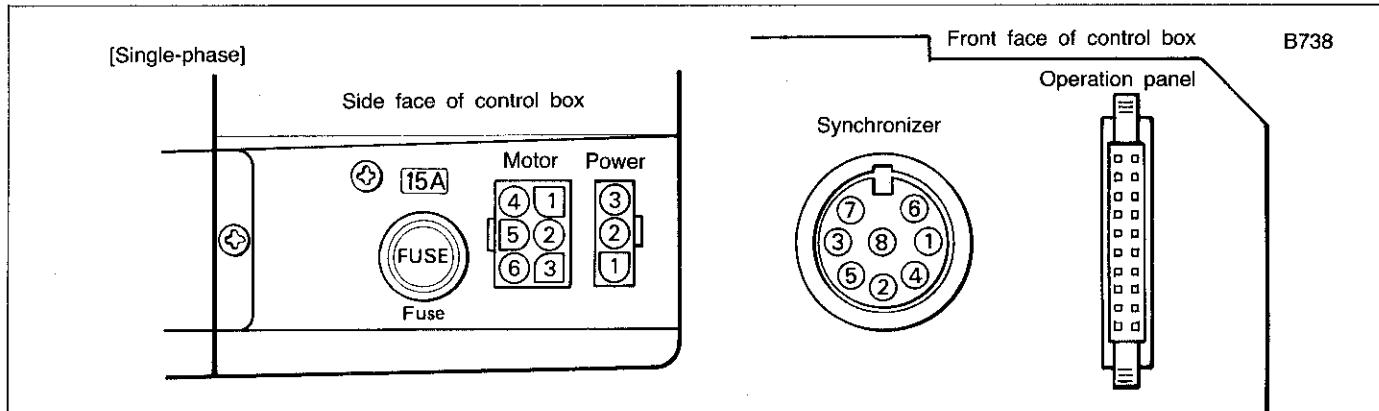
② Model DB2-B7380 (Type #470B)



No.	Cycle output	Hem detection	Potentiometer
1	2P connector	6P connector	3P connector
2	Collector	Anode	+5V
3	Emitter	Collector	Output
4		Cathode	0V
5		Emitter	
6			

No.	Machine head	Presser foot lifter
1	12P connector	6P connector
2	Leading power	Cloth presser power
3	Leading output	Presser input
4	GND	Option
5	Thread trimming power	Cloth presser output
6	Thread trimming output	0V
7	Not used	GND
8	Thread wiper power	
9	Thread wiper output	
10	Reverse input	
11	Reverse power	
12	Reverse output	
	0V	

No.	Brake
1	2P connector
2	Brake power

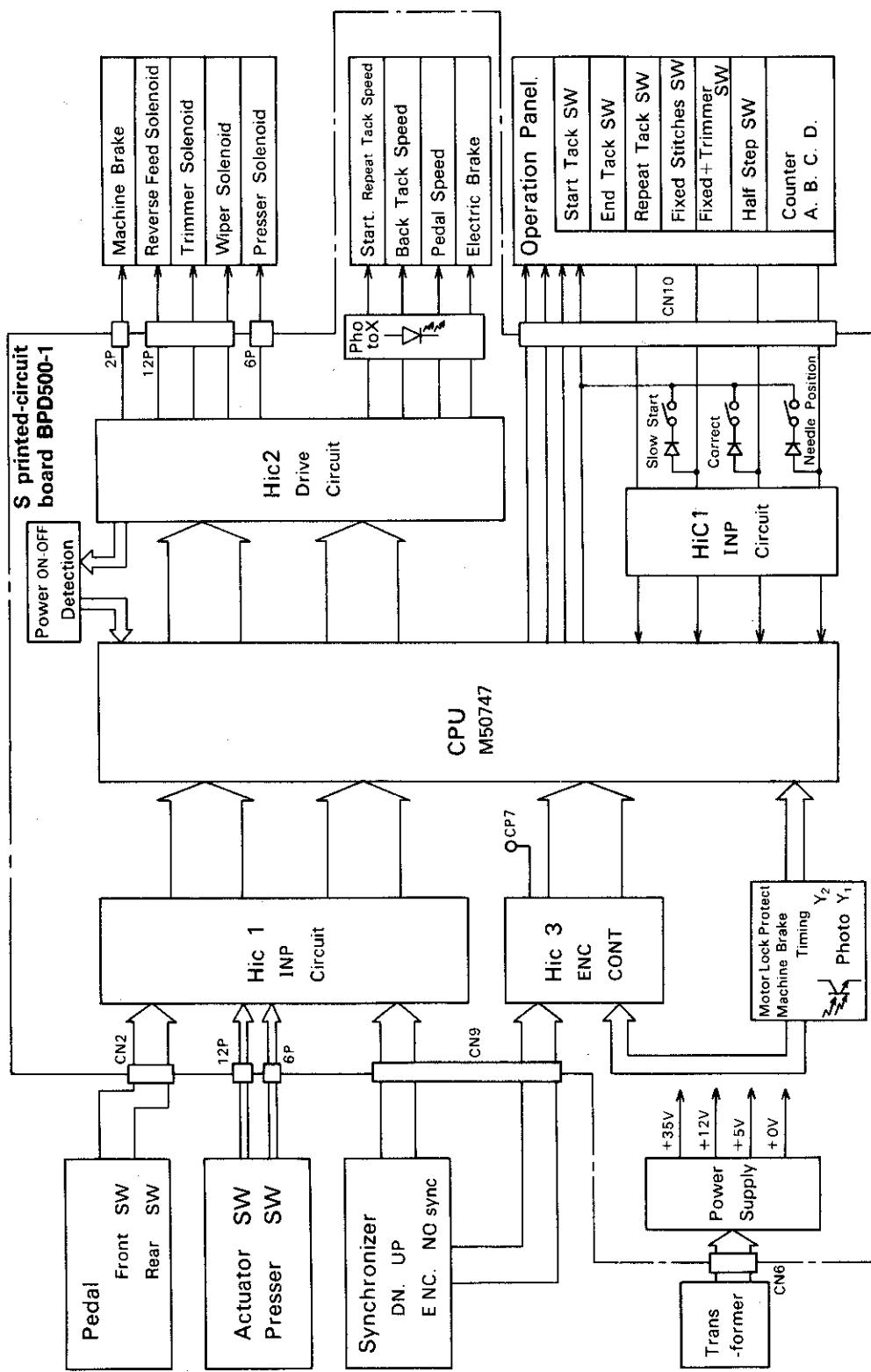


No.	Motor	Power
	6P connector	3P connector
1	Vf. TH	GND
2	Vf. TH	AC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	if. TH	AC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4	Motor +	
5	Vf	
6	Motor -	

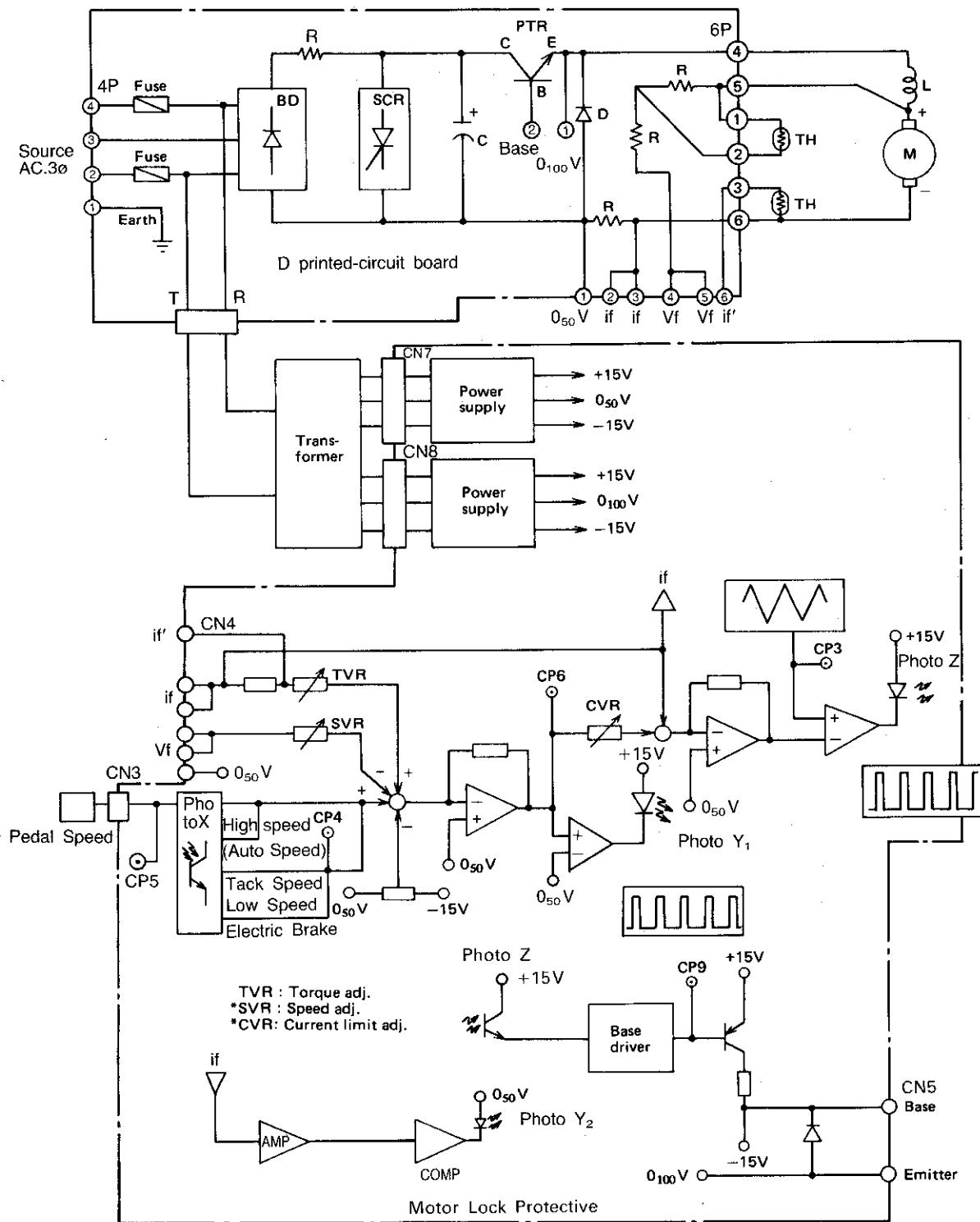
No.	Synchronizer	No.	Operation panel	
1	GND	1	0V	SLED
2	DC + 5V	2	DC + 5V	SCAN 0
3	Needle down	3	SCAN 7	LSCAN 3
4	0V	4	BUZZER	DPSCAN
5	NO. SYC	5	SCAN 5	LSCAN 1
6	GND	6	SCAN 6	LSCAN 2
7	Needle up	7	SCAN 3	PC1
8	Encoder	8	SCAN 4	PC2
		9	SCAN 1	DC + 5V
		10	SCAN 2	0V
		11		
		12		
		13		
		14		
		15		
		16		
		17		
		18		
		19		
		20		

SEWING MACHINE CONTROL SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

MD-803, 813-500 (B737)

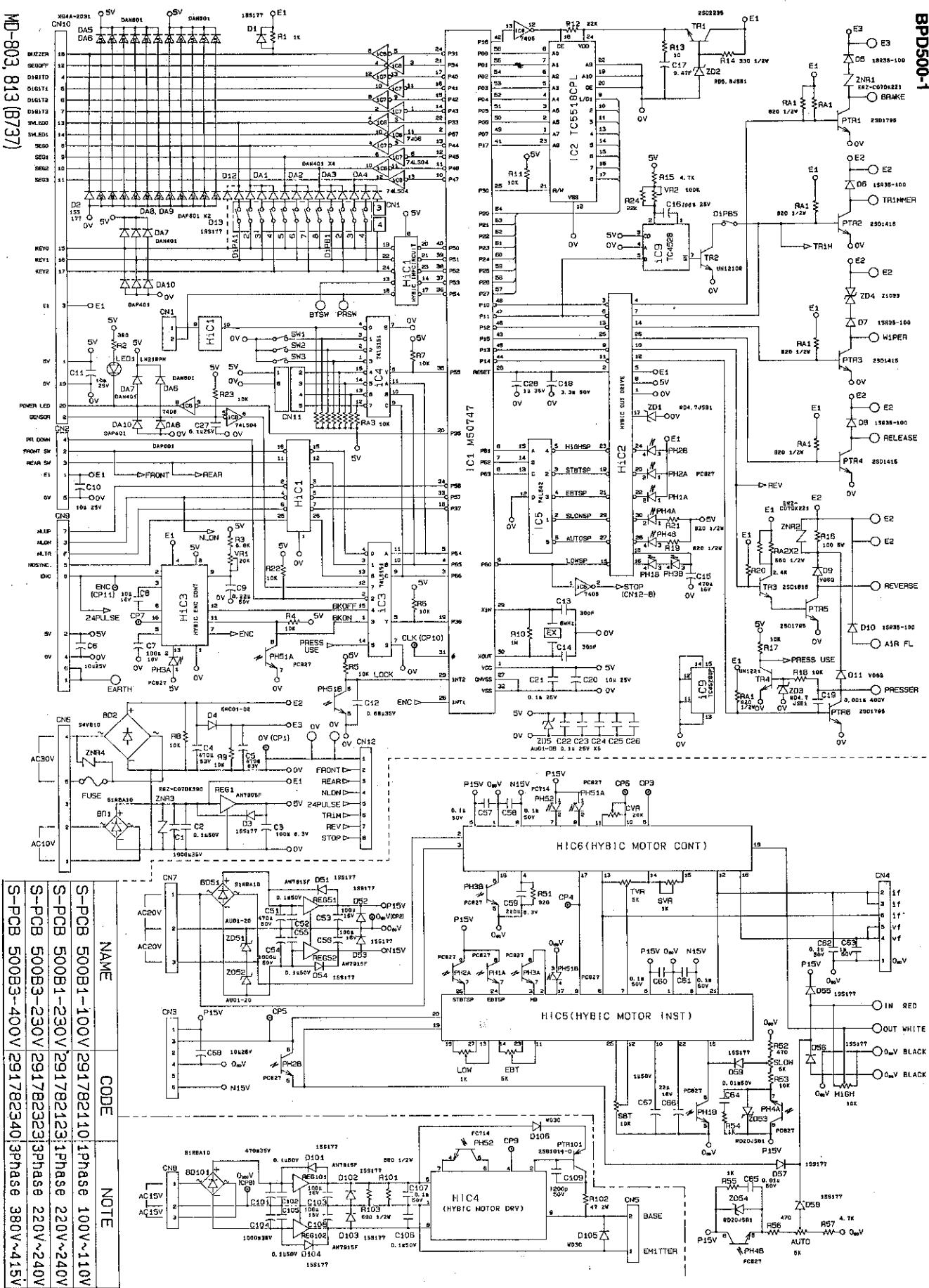


MOTOR CONTROL SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



MD-803, 813(B73)

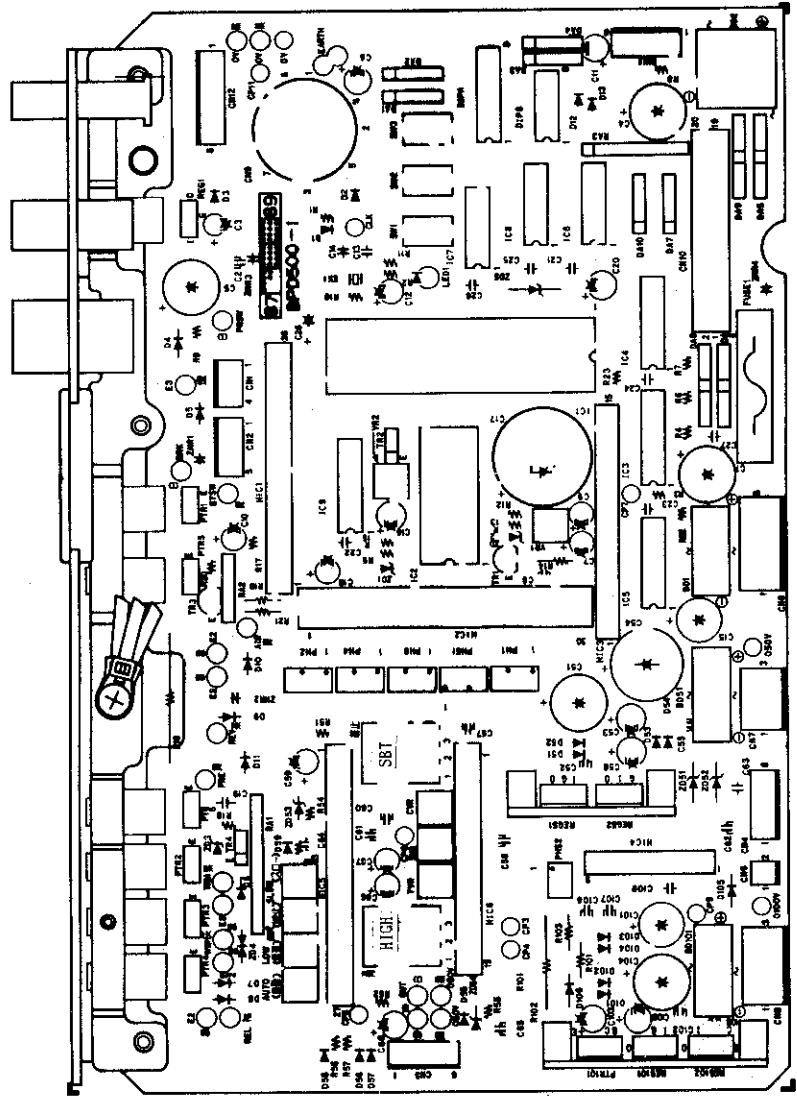
BPD500-1



BD1-238169001

MD-803, 813 (B737)

BPD-500B



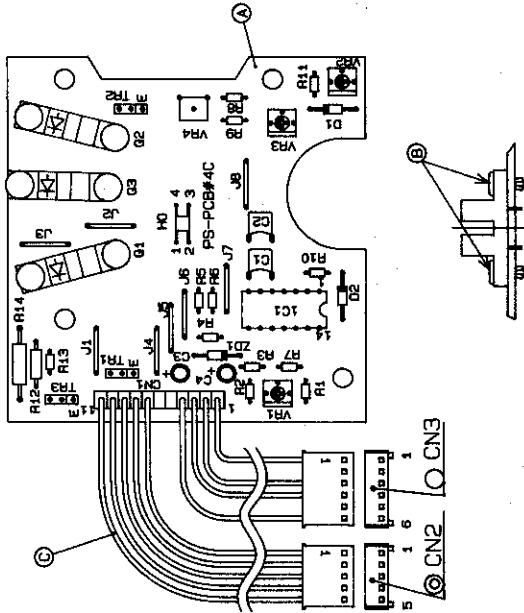
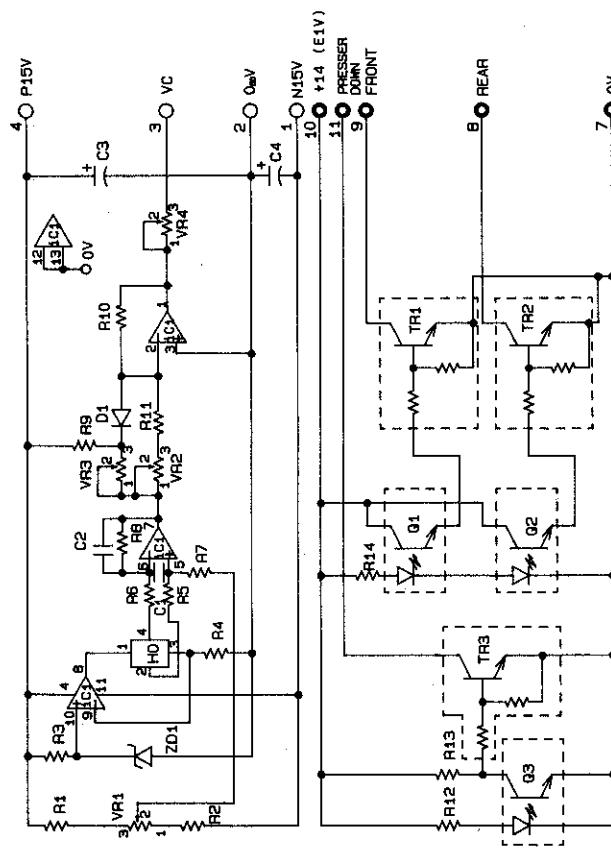
Symbol	Code	Name	C.	Note	Symbol	Code	Name	C.	Note
I_C1	2353691001	L51 H507-147-270SP	1		D_PPS	235369001	PPS-100	1	
ICP	2353360001	CH5C-SI T(CE)1-BEP	1		V11_VCR	2300180001	VCR-0000000000000000	2	20K
ICS_1CA	081100000001	B1PIC_H7A151	2		ISVR_LON	2300180001	PWR22502H	2	1K
ICS_2CA	081100000001	B1PIC_H7A152	2		TVAL_EBT	2300180001	PWR22502H	4	5K
I_G5	081100000001	B1PIC_H7A542	1		SUDC_AUTO				
I_G6	081100000001	B1PIC_H7A406	1		SHT_H16H	2007071001	H16-21114-10K	2	10K
I_G7	081100000001	B1PIC_H7A404	2						
I_G8	081000000001	B1PIC_TG809	1		R41	2353690001	PWR22502H	1	800 1/2W
I_H1C1	2353690001	MMIC_INDICATOR	1		R42	2353690001	PWR22502H	1	1500 1/2W
I_H1C2	2353690001	MMIC_OUT_DRIVE	1		R43	0810300001	ASDSDX105L	1	10K 1/2W
I_H1C3	2353690001	MMIC_ENC_CNT	1		R44	0810265001	ERD_SE2U102	3	1K 1/4W
I_H2C4	2285310001	KMBC_MOTOR_DRV	1		R45	0800000001	ERD_SE2U103	1	1.350 1/4W
I_H1C5	2285310001	KMBC_MOTOR_INBT	1		R46	0800000001	ERD_SE2U102	1	1.1K 1/4W
I_H3C1	2353690001	MMIC_DONT	1		R47	0800000001	ERD_SE2U103	1	1.1K 1/4W
I_F2C2	2353690001	ST138N228B-0	1		R48	0901000001	ERD_SE2U103	1	1.1K 1/4W
I_F2C3	2353690001	ST138N1208	1		R49	0902028500	ERD_SE2U1023	2	2.2K 1/4W
I_F2C4	2353690001	ST138N1205	1		R50	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1020	1	1.1K 1/4W
I_F2C5	2353690001	ST138N1221	1		R51	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1022	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C6	2353690001	ST138N1225	1		R52	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1024	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C7	2353690001	ST138N1226	1		R53	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1025	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C8	2353690001	ST138N1227	1		R54	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1026	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C9	2353690001	ST138N1228	1		R55	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1027	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C10	2353690001	ST138N1229	1		R56	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1028	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C11	2353690001	ST138N1230	1		R57	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1029	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C12	2353690001	ST138N1231	1		R58	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1030	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C13	2353690001	ST138N1232	1		R59	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1031	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C14	2353690001	ST138N1233	1		R60	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1032	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C15	2353690001	ST138N1234	1		R61	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1033	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C16	2353690001	ST138N1235	1		R62	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1034	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C17	2353690001	ST138N1236	1		R63	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1035	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C18	2353690001	ST138N1237	1		R64	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1036	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C19	2353690001	ST138N1238	1		R65	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1037	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C20	2353690001	ST138N1239	1		R66	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1038	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C21	2353690001	ST138N1240	1		R67	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1039	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C22	2353690001	ST138N1241	1		R68	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1040	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C23	2353690001	ST138N1242	1		R69	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1041	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C24	2353690001	ST138N1243	1		R70	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1042	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C25	2353690001	ST138N1244	1		R71	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1043	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C26	2353690001	ST138N1245	1		R72	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1044	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C27	2353690001	ST138N1246	1		R73	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1045	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C28	2353690001	ST138N1247	1		R74	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1046	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C29	2353690001	ST138N1248	1		R75	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1047	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C30	2353690001	ST138N1249	1		R76	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1048	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C31	2353690001	ST138N1250	1		R77	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1049	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C32	2353690001	ST138N1251	1		R78	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1050	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C33	2353690001	ST138N1252	1		R79	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1051	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C34	2353690001	ST138N1253	1		R80	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1052	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C35	2353690001	ST138N1254	1		R81	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1053	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C36	2353690001	ST138N1255	1		R82	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1054	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C37	2353690001	ST138N1256	1		R83	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1055	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C38	2353690001	ST138N1257	1		R84	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1056	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C39	2353690001	ST138N1258	1		R85	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1057	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C40	2353690001	ST138N1259	1		R86	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1058	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C41	2353690001	ST138N1260	1		R87	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1059	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C42	2353690001	ST138N1261	1		R88	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1060	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C43	2353690001	ST138N1262	1		R89	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1061	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C44	2353690001	ST138N1263	1		R90	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1062	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C45	2353690001	ST138N1264	1		R91	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1063	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C46	2353690001	ST138N1265	1		R92	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1064	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C47	2353690001	ST138N1266	1		R93	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1065	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C48	2353690001	ST138N1267	1		R94	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1066	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C49	2353690001	ST138N1268	1		R95	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1067	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C50	2353690001	ST138N1269	1		R96	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1068	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C51	2353690001	ST138N1270	1		R97	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1069	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C52	2353690001	ST138N1271	1		R98	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1070	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C53	2353690001	ST138N1272	1		R99	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1071	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C54	2353690001	ST138N1273	1		R100	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1072	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C55	2353690001	ST138N1274	1		R101	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1073	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C56	2353690001	ST138N1275	1		R102	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1074	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C57	2353690001	ST138N1276	1		R103	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1075	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C58	2353690001	ST138N1277	1		R104	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1076	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C59	2353690001	ST138N1278	1		R105	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1077	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C60	2353690001	ST138N1279	1		R106	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1078	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C61	2353690001	ST138N1280	1		R107	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1079	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C62	2353690001	ST138N1281	1		R108	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1080	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C63	2353690001	ST138N1282	1		R109	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1081	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C64	2353690001	ST138N1283	1		R110	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1082	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C65	2353690001	ST138N1284	1		R111	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1083	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C66	2353690001	ST138N1285	1		R112	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1084	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C67	2353690001	ST138N1286	1		R113	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1085	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C68	2353690001	ST138N1287	1		R114	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1086	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C69	2353690001	ST138N1288	1		R115	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1087	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C70	2353690001	ST138N1289	1		R116	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1088	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C71	2353690001	ST138N1290	1		R117	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1089	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C72	2353690001	ST138N1291	1		R118	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1090	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C73	2353690001	ST138N1292	1		R119	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1091	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C74	2353690001	ST138N1293	1		R120	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1092	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C75	2353690001	ST138N1294	1		R121	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1093	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C76	2353690001	ST138N1295	1		R122	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1094	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C77	2353690001	ST138N1296	1		R123	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1095	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C78	2353690001	ST138N1297	1		R124	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1096	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C79	2353690001	ST138N1298	1		R125	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1097	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C80	2353690001	ST138N1299	1		R126	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1098	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C81	2353690001	ST138N1300	1		R127	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1099	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C82	2353690001	ST138N1301	1		R128	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1100	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C83	2353690001	ST138N1302	1		R129	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1101	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C84	2353690001	ST138N1303	1		R130	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1102	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C85	2353690001	ST138N1304	1		R131	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1103	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C86	2353690001	ST138N1305	1		R132	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1104	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C87	2353690001	ST138N1306	1		R133	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1105	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C88	2353690001	ST138N1307	1		R134	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1106	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C89	2353690001	ST138N1308	1		R135	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1107	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C90	2353690001	ST138N1309	1		R136	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1108	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C91	2353690001	ST138N1310	1		R137	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1109	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C92	2353690001	ST138N1311	1		R138	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1110	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C93	2353690001	ST138N1312	1		R139	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1111	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C94	2353690001	ST138N1313	1		R140	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1112	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C95	2353690001	ST138N1314	1		R141	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1115	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C96	2353690001	ST138N1315	1		R142	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1116	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C97	2353690001	ST138N1316	1		R143	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1117	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C98	2353690001	ST138N1317	1		R144	0901000001	ERD_SE2U1118	2	1.4K 1/4W
I_F2C99	2353690001	ST138N1318							

Symbol	Code	Name	QTY	Note
C12	2308280501	ECOS1WVEA4	1	1.6K 25V
C13	2308280501	ECOS1WVEA4	1	1u 25V
C19	2345371001	EC0B1H-122U	1	120pF
CH1	2345650101	CONNECTOR 5045-00A	1	
CH2	2345650101	*	5045-00A	1
CH3	2345650101	*	5045-00A	2
CH4	2345650101	*	5045-00A	1
CH5	2345650101	*	5045-00A	1
CH6	2345650101	*	5045-00A	1
CH7	2345650101	*	5273-03A	1
CH8	2345650101	*	5273-03A	1
CH9	2345650101	*	S-1353654	1
CH10	2345650101	*	X54-12031	1
CH12	23381010101	*	5045-00A	1
NR1	230828050101	PHB2-024H	1	100K
NR2	230828050101	HEATED BOARD#4	1	B02
	2331340101	HEATED BOARD#4	1	600515-12
	2331340101	HEATED BOARD#4	1	600515-12

NAME	CODE	NOTE
S-PCB	500B1~100V	291782110 1Phase 100V~110V
S-PCB	500B1~230V	291782123 1Phase 220V~240V
S-PCB	500B3~230V	291782323 3Phase 220V~240V
S-PCB	500B3~400V	291782340 3Phase 380V~415V

Note
Label indication

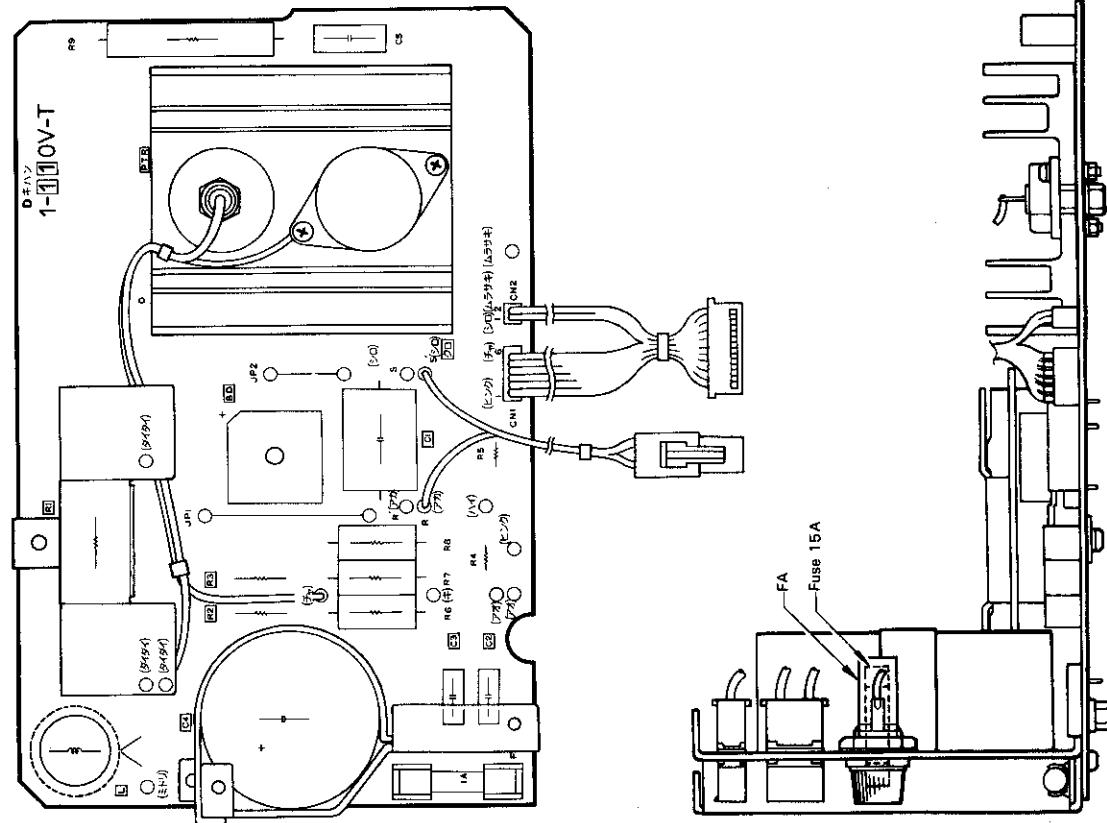
MD-803, 813 TREADLE UNIT (PS-PCB#11 ASSM.)



Symbol	Code	Name	Q _s	Note
G1, Q2, Q3	22B246000	PHOT JNT GP-1S02	3	
TR1, TR2, T18	22B2524000	SITR UNI213	3	
I-C1	22B247000	BIPIC UDC451C	1	
ZD1	233132001	ZD RD4.7US1	1	1500mV 4.7V
C1	Y51020010	ECOB1H102UZ	1	50V 0.001uF
C2	Y54720040	ECOV1H473UZ	1	50V 0.047uF
C3, C4	Y42285301	ECEA1HK5ZR2	2	50V 2.2uF
HO	2311897001	HS102A	1	
VR1	223154001	PR502H103HD	1	10K
VR2	233154001	*	1	10K
VR3	233155001	*	1	5K
VR4	233156001	*	1	10K
Q1	224291000	S D 1S15BB	1	
R14	Y03910511	ERD-1S1J391	1	1W 350
R12	0800561320	ERD-S1TJ561	1	0.5W 560
R3	0800821620	*	1	0.25W 820
R4	080102820	*	1	0.25W 1K
R1	0800153620	*	1	0.25W 15K
R2	0800472620	*	1	0.25W 4.7K
R5, R6	0800222620	*	2	0.25W 2.2K
R7, R8	0800694620	*	2	0.25W 680K
R10	080103620	ERD-S2TJ103	1	0.25W 10K
R13	0800339620	*	1	0.25W 33K
R9	0800582620	*	1	0.25W 5.6K
R11	0800732620	*	1	0.25W 7.5K
A	233153001	PS board#4	1	
B	224378001	NRF-365	6	
C	233157001	PS connector ASSM #3	1	
U1~U8				

NAME	CODE	NOTE
PS-PCB#11 ASSM.	291792001	

D printed-circuit board 1-110V assembly

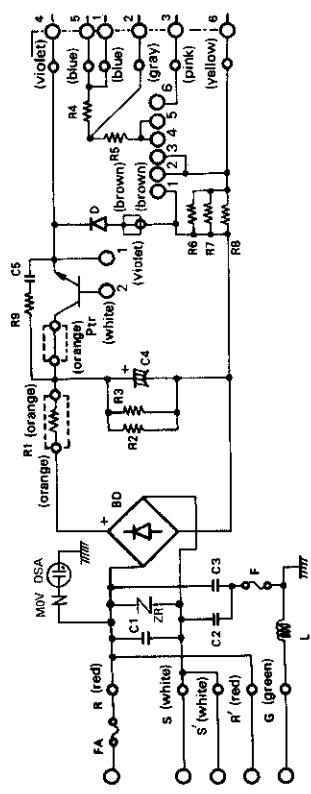
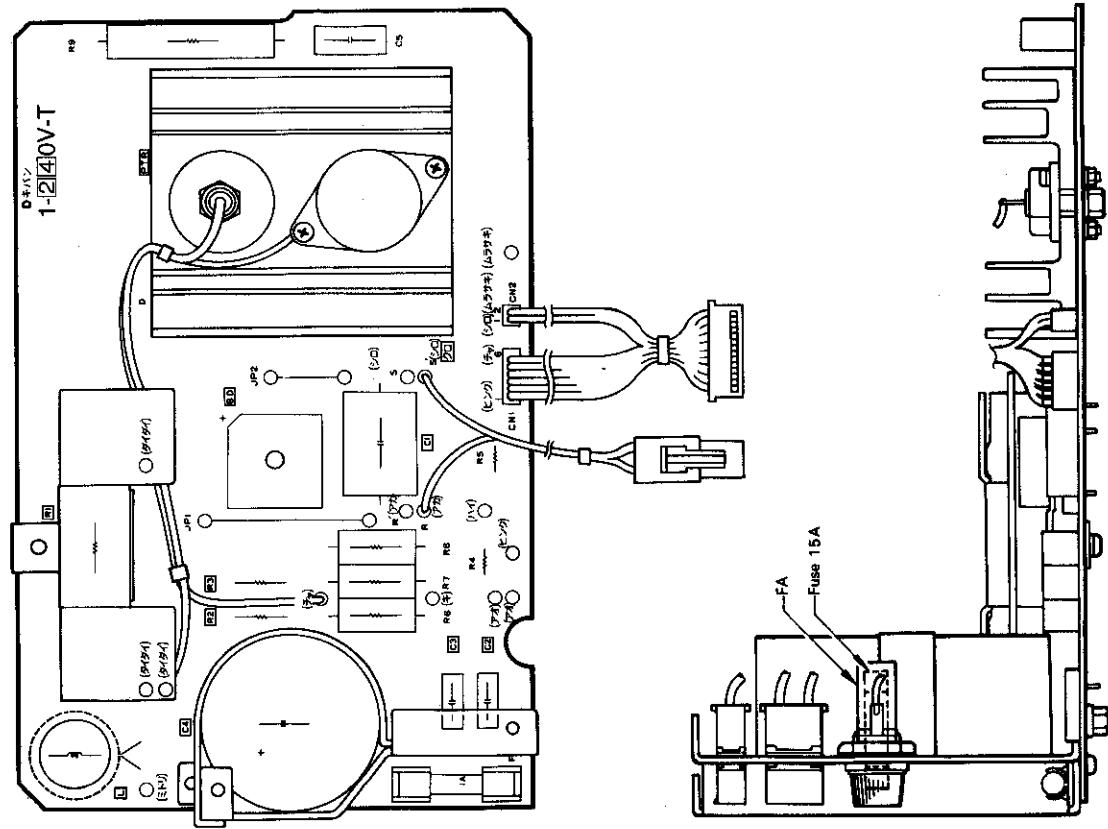


Symbol	Code	Name	Gty	Note
C1	228372001	P-Capacitor 400A105	1	400V 1 μ F
C2,3	228373001	P-Capacitor 400A222	2	400V 0.0022 μ F
F	228359001	Fuse Holder. SN5051	2	
Fuse	225432001	Fuse 1.0 A	1	1.0A
BD	224119000	SIDS15VB40	1	400V 15A
R1	228374001	MTR 40W 0.2 Ω	1	40W, 0.2 Ω
R2,3	090473420	DR-A1YJ473	2	1W, 47K Ω
C4	228377001	A-Capacitor 200B222	1	200V 2200 μ F
R9	228366001	MTR 10W .56 Ω	1	10W .56 Ω
C5	228356001	P-Capacitor 630B104	1	630V .01 μ F
PTR	224127001	S1TR T30K 40D	1	400V .28A
D	228367001	S1DERD 74-06	1	600V .12A
R6,7,8	228368001	MTR 5W. 0.1 Ω	3	5W .01 Ω
R4	DR-A12YJ 393		1	1/2W .39k Ω
R5	DR-A12YJ 224		1	1/2W .220k Ω
JP1	Jumper Wire .8x55		1	
JP2	Jumper Wire .8x35		1	
FA	225133001	Fuse Holder SN2054	1	250V AC 20A
Fuse	218169001	Fuse 15A	1	15A
L	228338001	SF Coil	1	3A
ZR	232380001	SABSORBER ENCS621D	1	620V
MDV	232382001	SABSORBER NW621D	1	620V
DSA	232384001	SABSORBER DSA362MA	1	

•MD-803- (B737, 738)

NAME	CODE	NOTE
D-PCB1-110V	291273001	1Phase 110V

D printed-circuit board 1-240V assembly

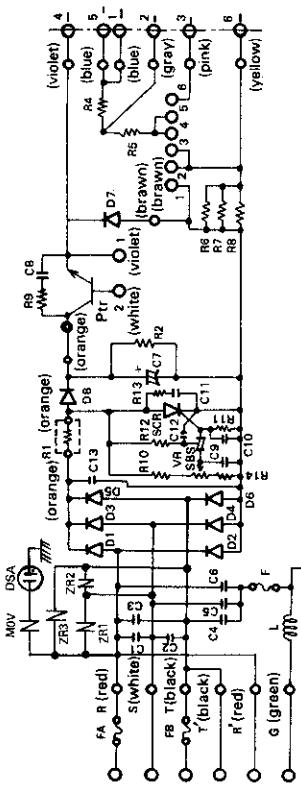
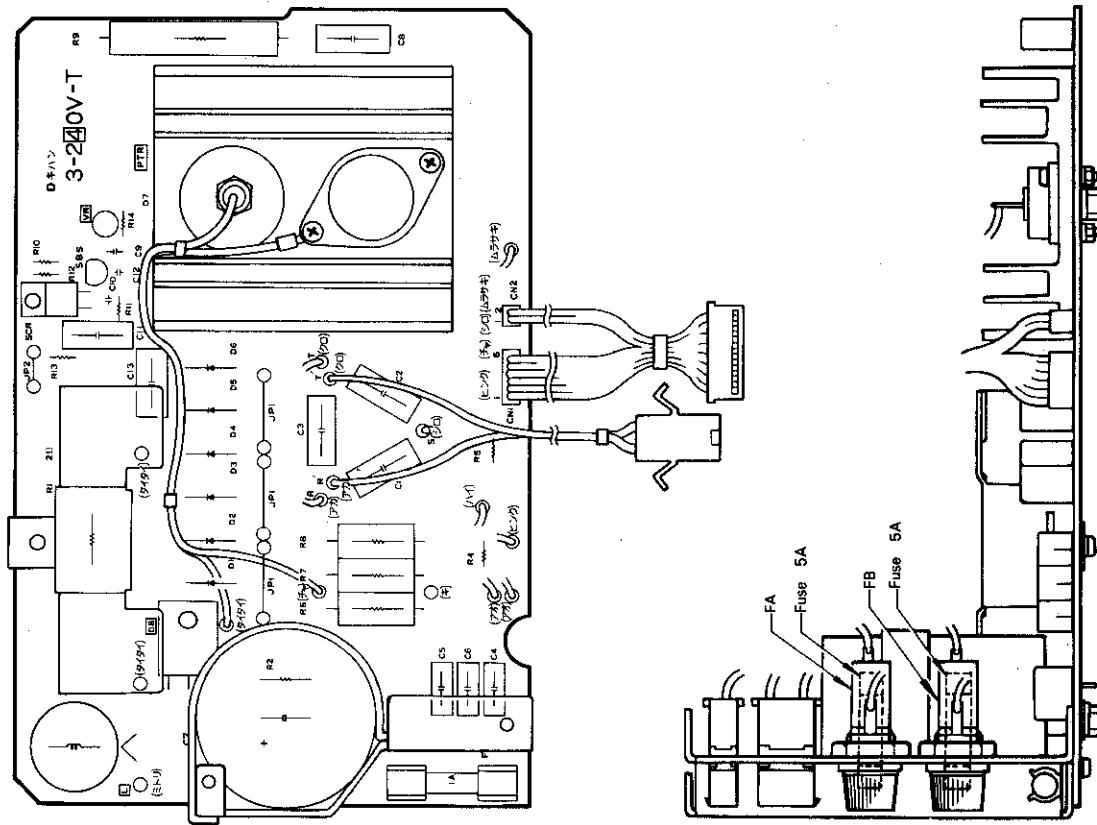


Symbol	Code	Name	Qty	Note
C1	229143001	P—Capacitor 630A105	1	630V 1 μ F
C2,3	229357001	P—Capacitor 630B223	2	630V 0.022 μ F
F	228359001	Fuse Holder SH5051	2	
Fuse	229432001	Fuse 1.0A	1	250V AC 1.0A
BD	229142001	SIDS15VB60	1	600V 15A
R1	229141001	MR 40W 0.4 Ω	1	40W .0.4 Ω
R2,3	090224420	DR-A1YJ 224	2	1W .220k Ω
C4	229139001	A—Capacitor 450B8821	1	450V .820 μ F
R9	228866001	MR 10W .56 Ω	1	10W .56 Ω
C5	228856001	P—Capacitor 630B104	1	630V .0.1 μ F
PTR	229138001	SITRT 30K 40DA	1	450V .20A
D	228367001	SIDERD 74-06	1	600V .12A
R6,7,8	228368001	MR 5W .0.1 Ω	3	5W .0.1 Ω
R4		DR-A12YJ 393	1	1/2W .39k Ω
R5		DR-A12YJ 224	1	1/2W .220k Ω
JP1		Jumper Wire 0.8x55	1	
JP2		Jumper Wire 0.8x35	1	
FA	225433001	Fuse Holder SN2054	1	250V AC 20A
Fuse	218469001	Fuse 15A	1	15A
L	228338001	SF Coil	1	3A
ZR	232380001	SABSORBER ENC821D	1	620V
MRV	232382001	SABSORBER NV621D	1	620V
DSA	232384001	SABSORBER DSA3622MA	1	

-MD-803- (B737, 738)

NAME	CODE	NOTE
D - PCB 1 - 240V	291274001	1Phase 220V~240V

D printed-circuit board 3-240V assembly

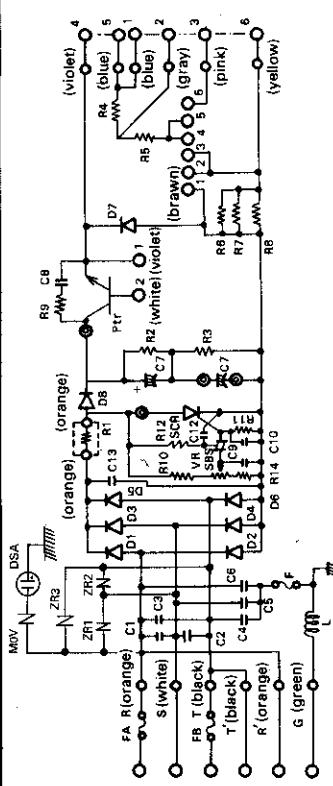
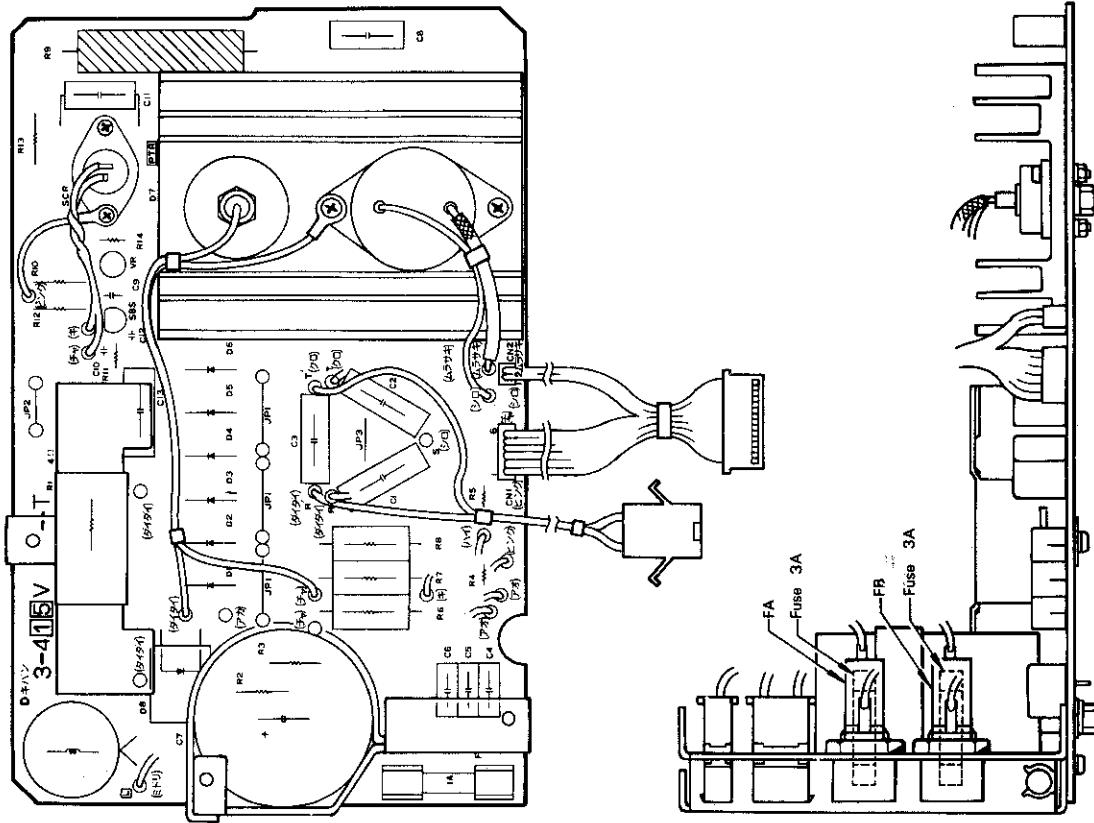


Symbol	Code	Name	Qty	Note
C1,2,11,13	228346001	P-Capacitor 630V 0.1μF	6	630V. 0.1μF
C4, 5, 6	228347001	P-Capacitor 630V 0.032μF	3	630V. 0.032μF
L	228348001	SF Coil	1	3 A
F	228349001	Fuse Holder SN5051	2	
Fuse	225442001	Fuse 1.0A	1	1.0A
D1~6	228340001	SIDP 300J	6	600V. 3A
R13		DR-A12YJ 47-1	1	1/2W. 47Ω
R 1	228342001	MNR 40W. 2Ω	1	40W. 2Ω
R10,12		DR-A12YJ474	2	1/2W. 47Ω. 2Ω
C 7	228345001	A-Capacitor 450V271	1	450V. 27μF
R 9	228346001	MNR 10W. 5.6Ω	1	10W. 5.6Ω
PTR	229148001	SI TRT30K 40DA	1	450V. 20A
D 7	228347001	SIDERD 74-6	1	600V. 12A
R6, 7, 8	228348001	MNR 5W. 0.1Ω	3	5W. 0.1Ω
R 4		DR-A12YJ 393	1	450V. 27μF
R 5		DR-A12YJ 224	1	1/2W. 220kΩ
JP1		Jumper Wire 0.8×30	3	
FA,FB	22407001	Fuse Holder-SN2050	2	250VAC. 10A
Fuse	21582000	Fuse 5A	2	5A
JP2		Jumper Wire 0.8×15	1	1/2W. 39kΩ
C 9	Y54740040	P-Capacitor 50V474	1	50V 0.47μF
C10	Y54730040	P-Capacitor 50V473	1	50V 0.47μF
R 2	090224420	DR-A1YJ 224	1	1W. 220kΩ
D 8	229144001	SIDS12KCA0A	1	12A. 500V
SCR	228615001	SCR CR6AM-12	1	6A. 600V
SBS	229027000	BS08A	1	8V
V R	229148001	CVR-1RLB 502RJ6P	1	5kΩ
C12	Y51040040	P-Capacitor 50V104	1	50V. 0.1μF
R11		DR-A14 YJ 102	1	1/4W. 1kΩ
R14		ERD-25TJ103	1	1/4W. 10kΩ
ZR1~3	23280001	SABSORBER ENG21D	1	620V
MOV	232382001	SABSORBER NV621D	1	620V
DSA	232384001	SABSORBER DSA362MA	1	

MD-813- (B737, 738)

NAME	CODE	NOTE
D-PCB3-240V	281276001	3phase 220V~240V

D printed-circuit board 3-415V assembly

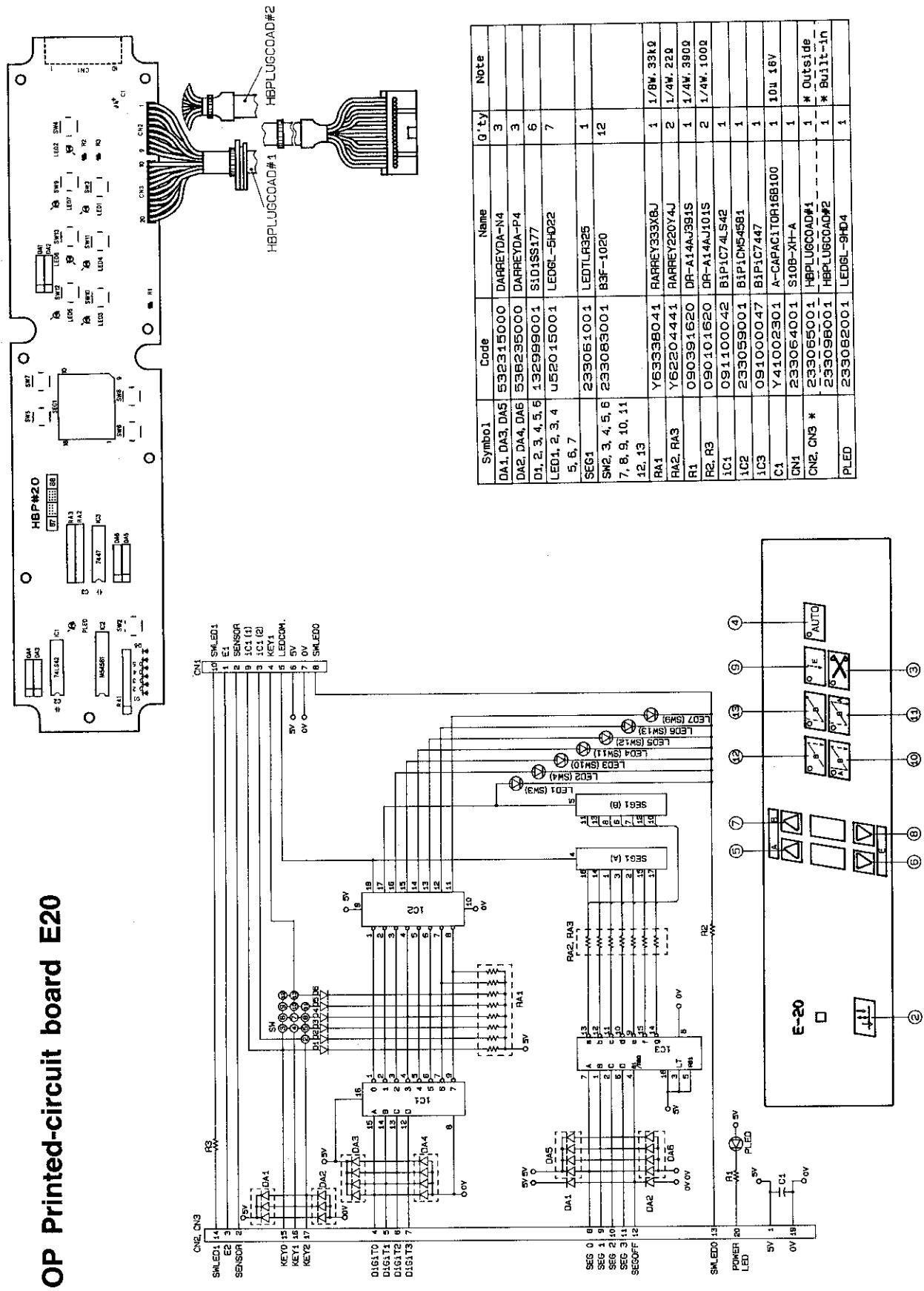


Symbol	Code	Name	Qty	Note
C1, 2, 3	229144001	P-Capacitor 1000B104	5	1000V . 0.1 μ F
C4, 5, 6	229177001	P-Capacitor 1000B103	3	1000V . 0.01 μ F
L	228335001	SF Coll.	1	3A
F	228335001	Fuse Holder . SN5051	2	
Fuse	225432001	Fuse 1.0A	1	1.0A
DI-6	229150001	SIDERC 01-10	6	1000V 1.5A
R 1	229151001	MR 40W . 4 Ω	1	40W . 4 Ω
R2, 3	090244220	DR-A1YJ 224	2	1W . 220K
R10, 12	090105320	DR-A1YJ 105	2	1W . 1M
C 7	229153001	A-Capacitor 450B101	2	450V . 1.00 μ F
R 9	229154001	MR 15W . 10 Ω	1	15W . 10 Ω
PTR	229155001	SITR ET212	1	800V . 30A
D 7	229156001	SIDERD 77-10	1	1000V . 10A
R6, 7, 8	228368001	MNR 5W . 0.1 Ω	3	5W . 0.1 Ω
R 4	DR-A12YJ 393		1	1/2W . 39 K
R 5	DR-A12YJ 274		1	1/2W . 270K
D 8	229157001	SIDD10V 100	1	1000V . 10A
SCR	229158001	SCR SC10C-00	1	1000V . 10A
SBS	229027001	BS08A	1	8V
VR	229148001	CVR-1RLB501RJ6P	1	5K
C12	Y510400040	P-Capacitor 50B104	1	50V . 0.1 μ F
R11	DR-A14YJ 102		1	1/4W . 1K
C 9	Y54740040	P-Capacitor 50B474	1	50V . 0.47 μ F
C10	Y54730040	P-Capacitor 50B473	1	50V . 0.047 μ F
FJ1	Jumper Wire	0.8x30	3	
FJ2	Jumper Wire	0.8x15	1	
FJ3	Jumper Wire	0.8x25	1	
FA-FB	224576001	Fuse Holder . SN2059	2	
Fuse	215769001	Fuse 3.0A	2	3.0A
R14	ERD-25TJ103		1	1/4W . 10K
ZR1~3	232380001	SABSORBER ENC521D	3	1100V
MOV	232382001	SABSORBER NV112D	1	1100V
DSA	232384001	SABSORBER DSA362MA	1	

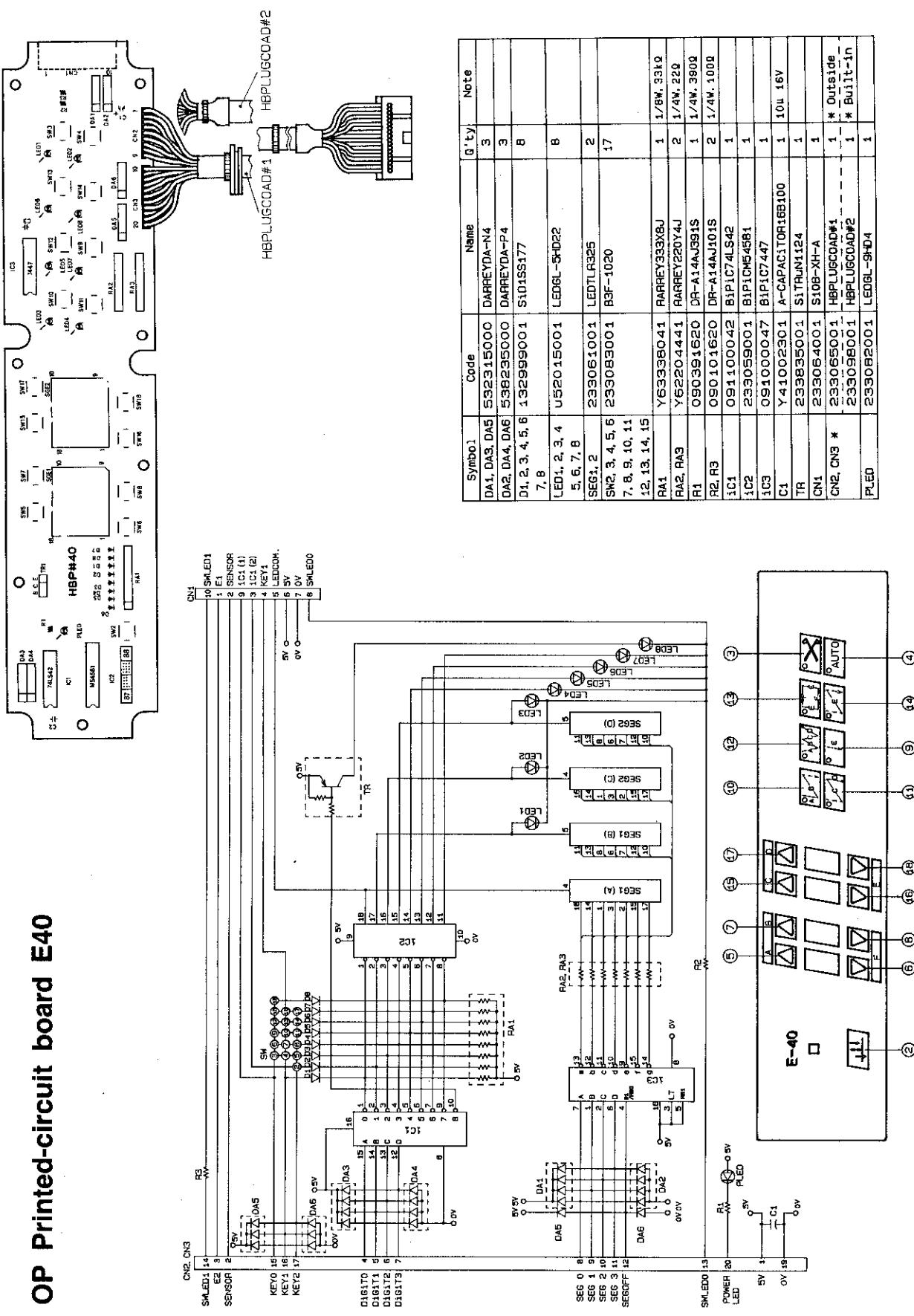
MD-813- (B737, 738)

NAME	CODE	NOTE
D - PCB 3 - 415 V	291276001	3Phase . 380V - 415V

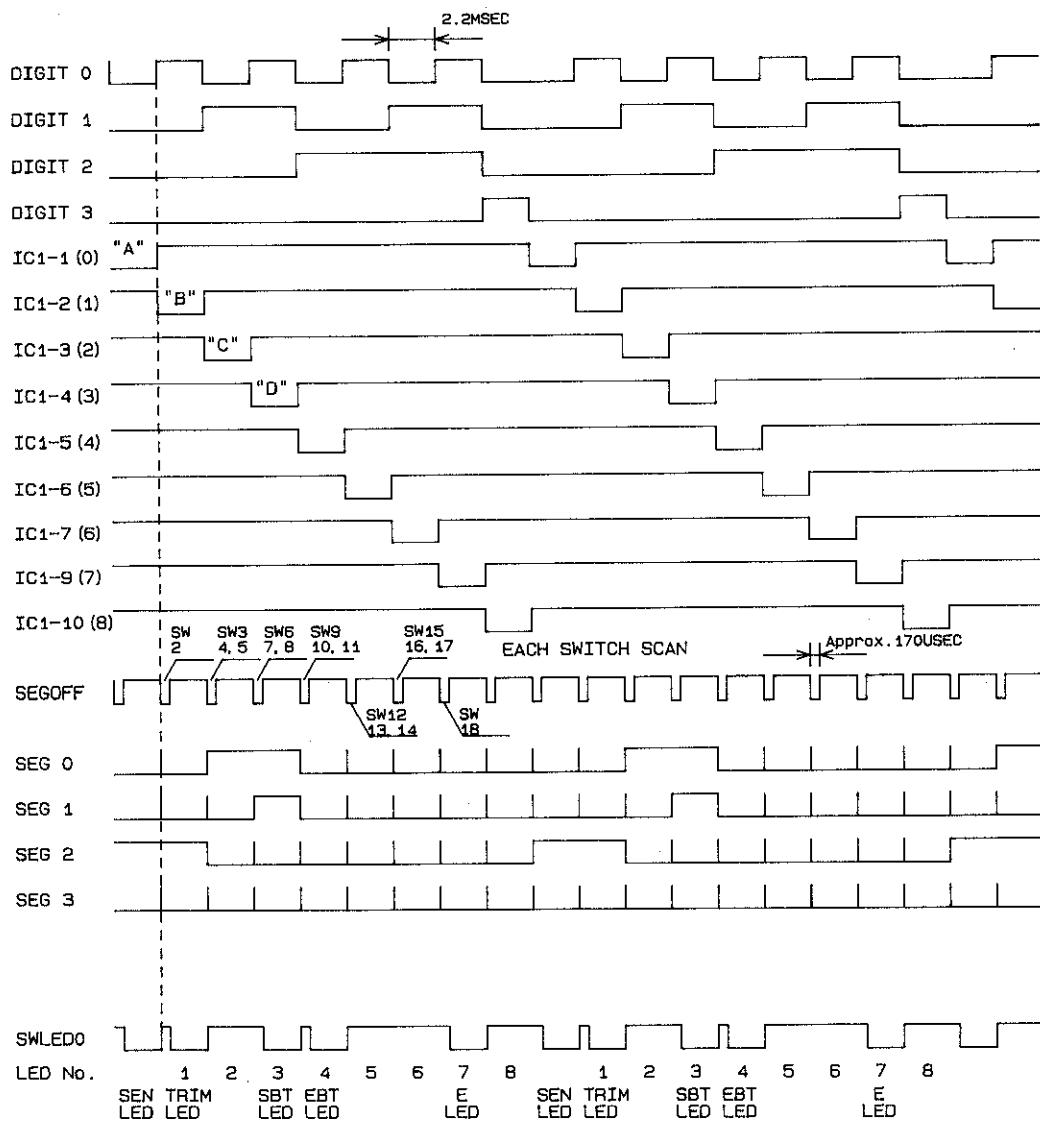
OP Printed-circuit board E20



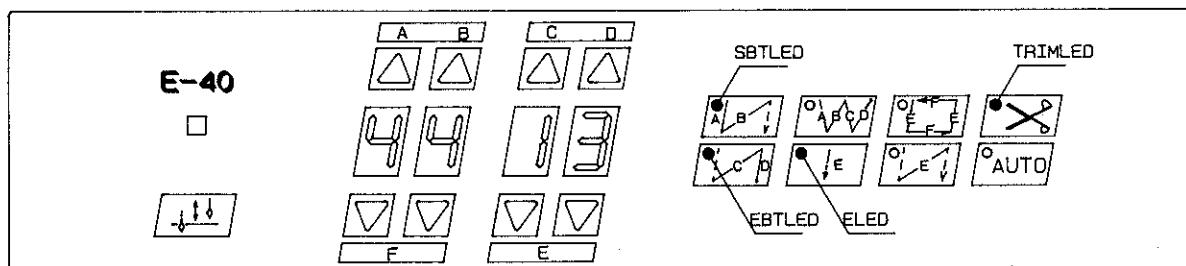
OP Printed-circuit board E40



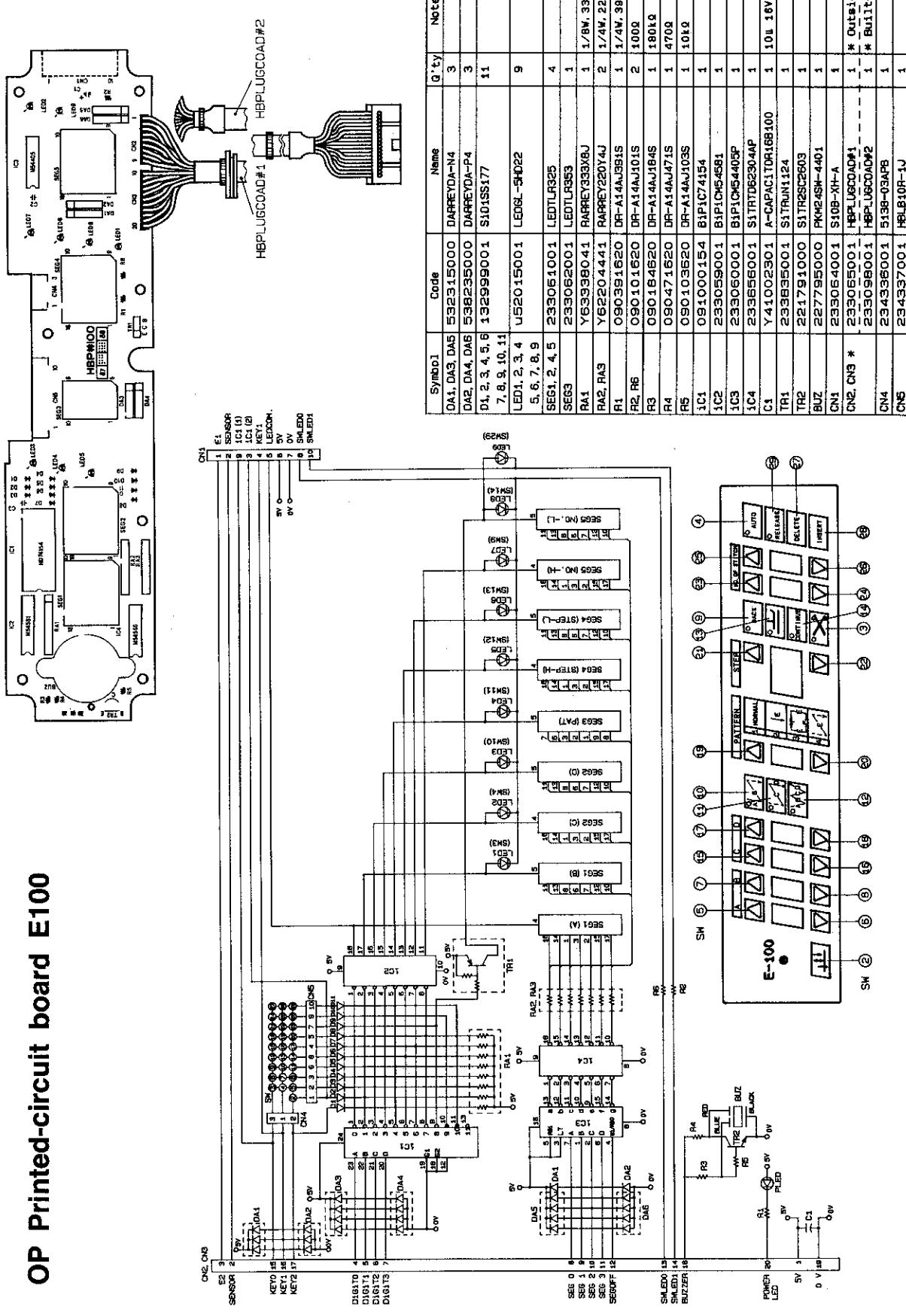
TIMING CHART OF OP. PANEL E-40



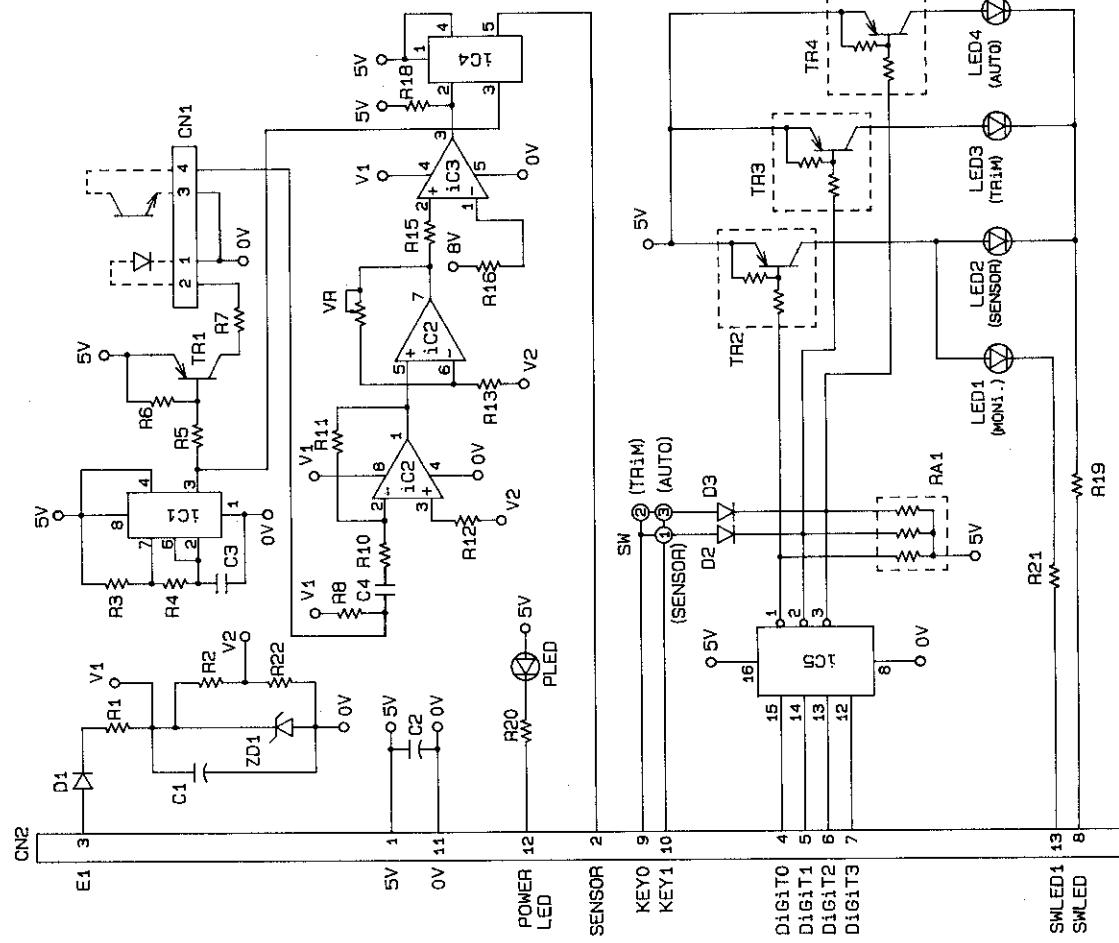
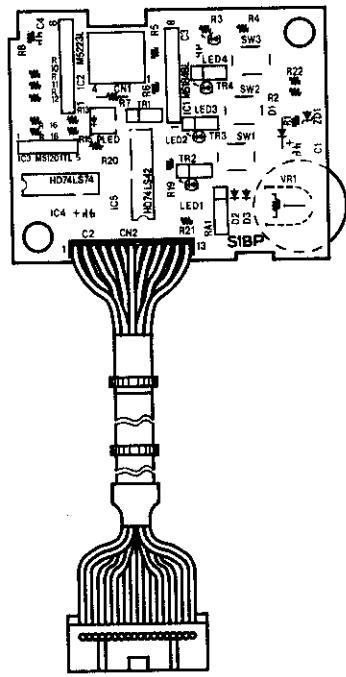
Remark: High level of signal, except (SWLEDO), is higher than +3V
and low level is lower than +0.5V.



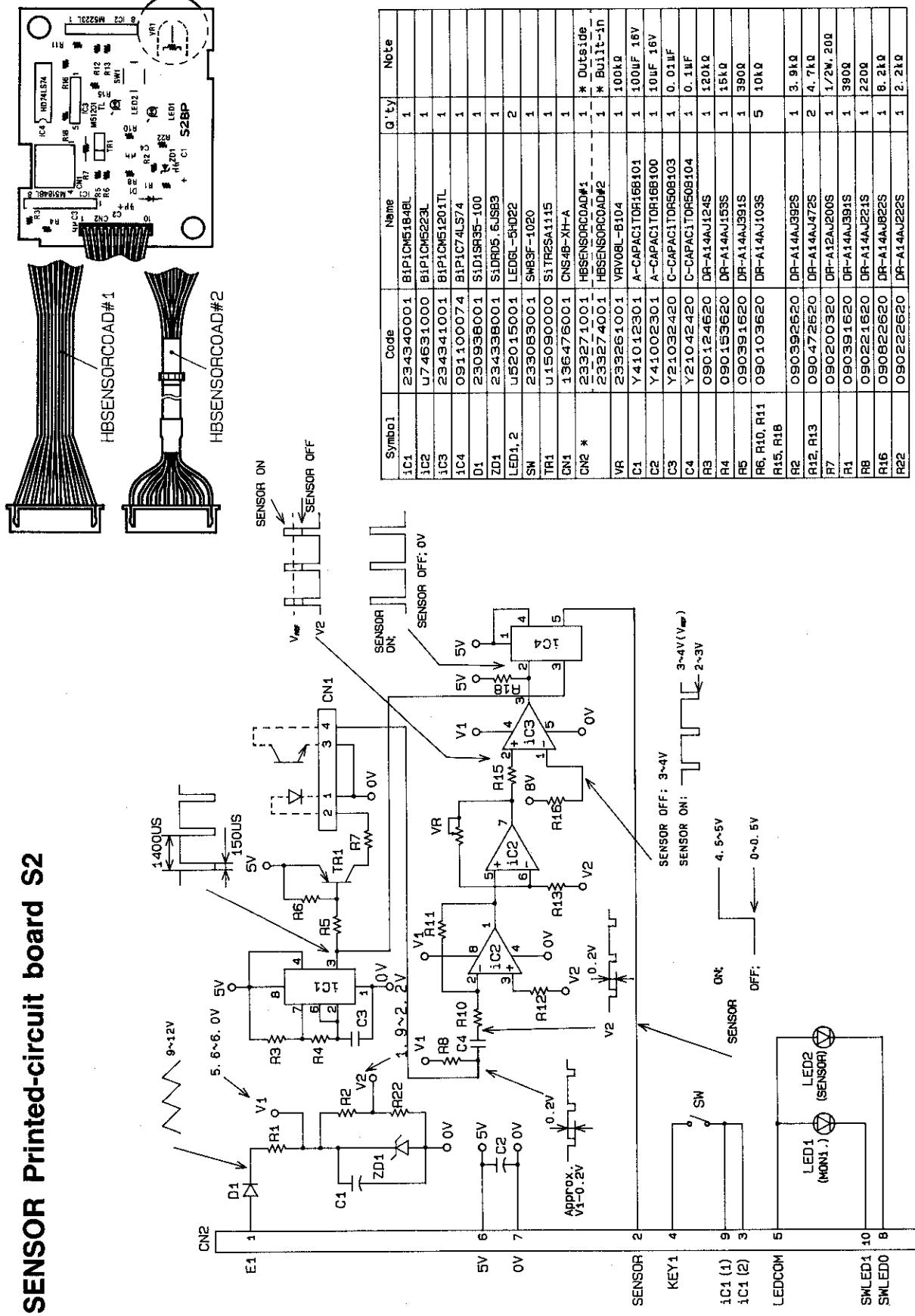
OP Printed-circuit board E100



SENSOR Printed-circuit board S1

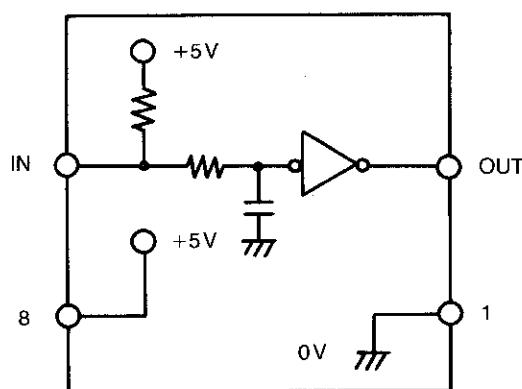


SENSOR Printed-circuit board S2



HIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

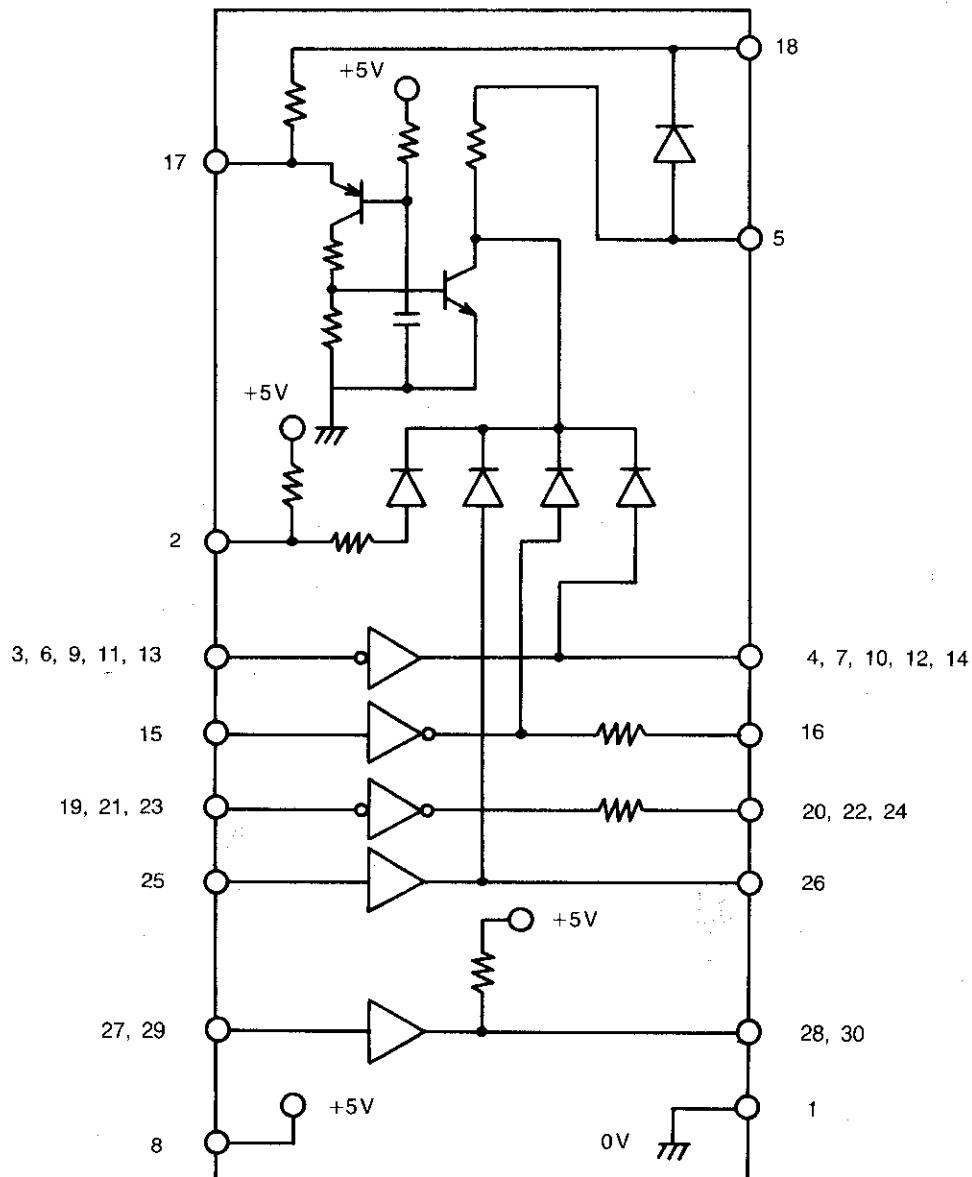
① INP CIRCUIT (228307001)



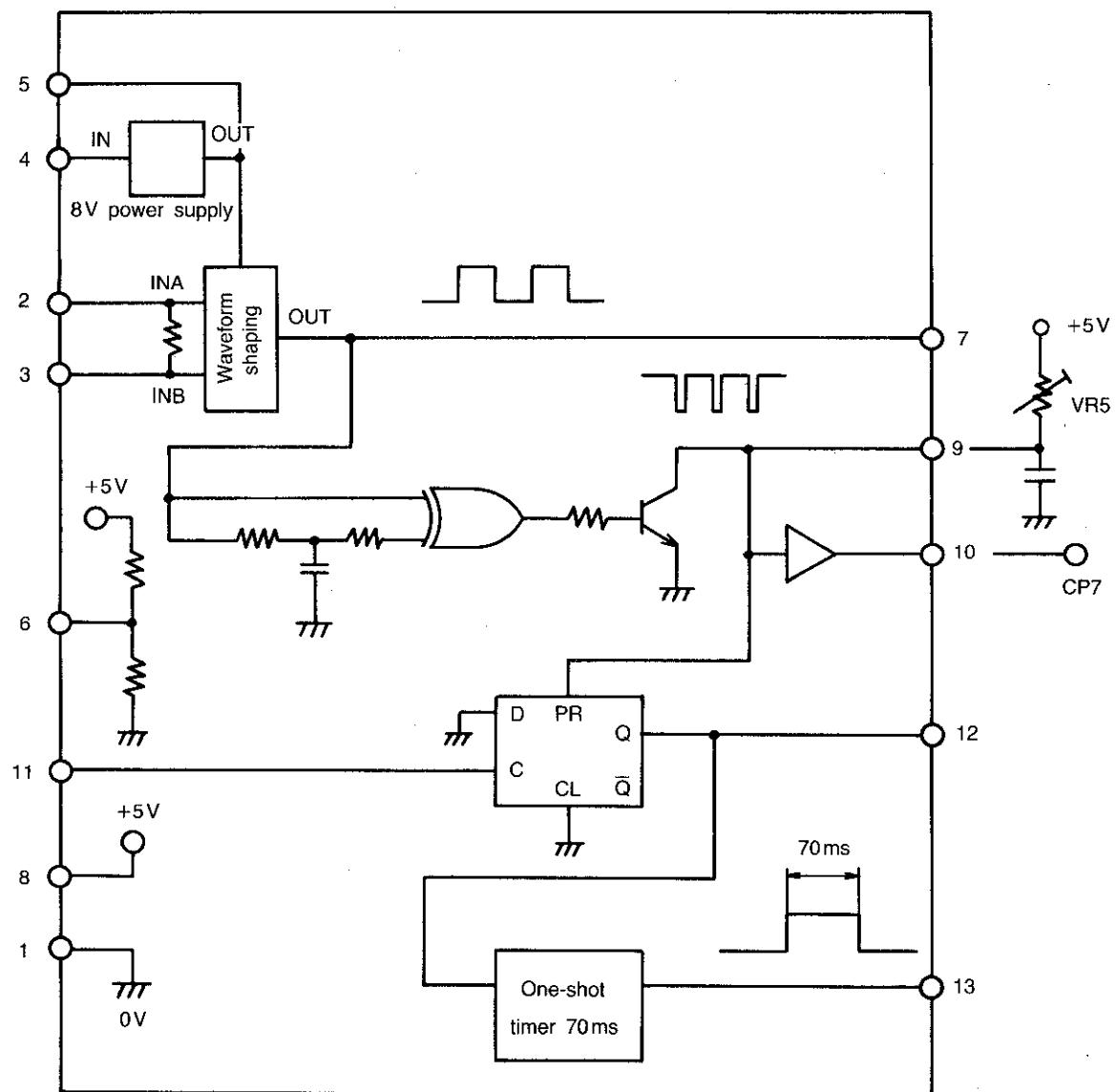
Pin No (IN-OUT)

IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
2	3	11	12	19	20
4	5	13	14	22	21
6	7	16	15	24	23
9	10	18	17	25	26

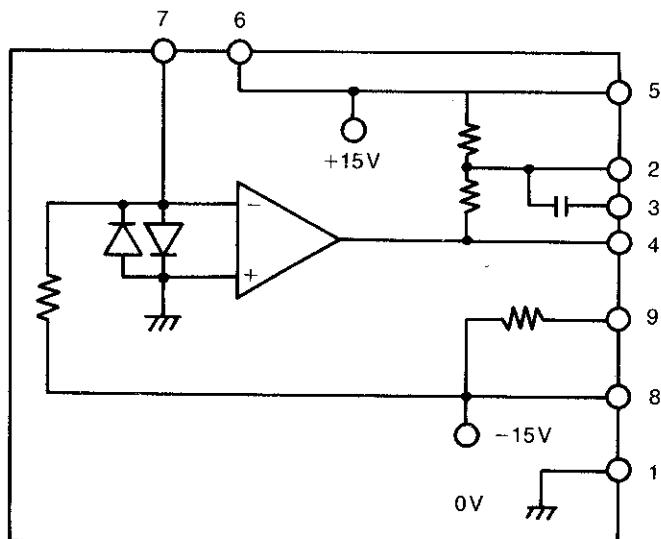
② OUT DRIVE (228308001)



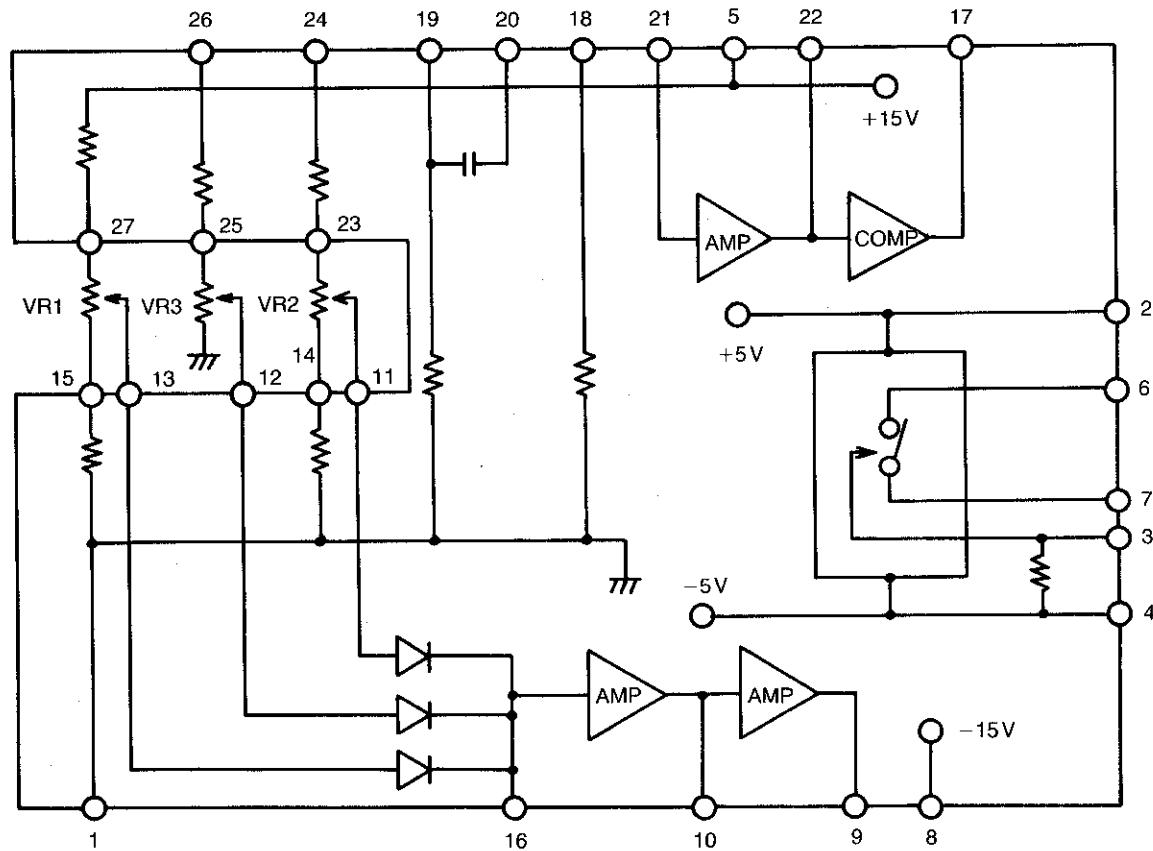
3 ENC CONT (228309001)



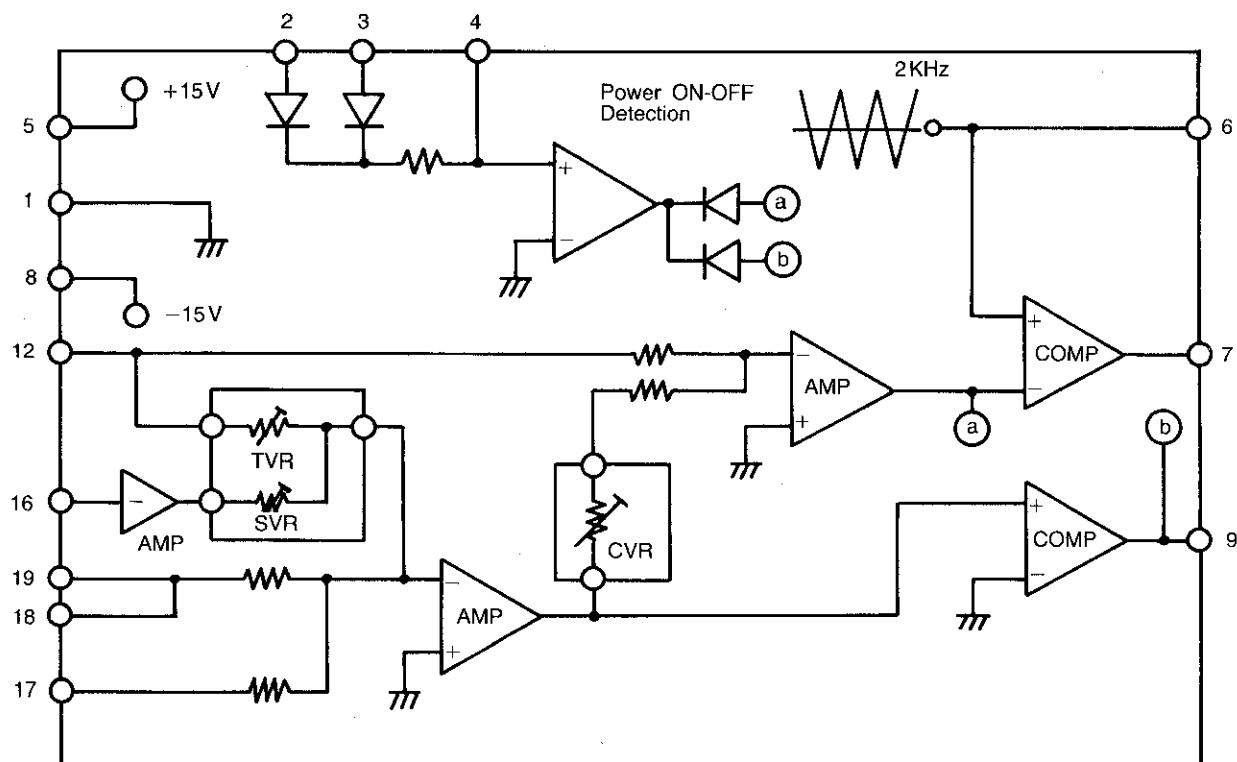
④ MOTOR DRV (228310001)



5 MOTOR INST (228311001)



6 MOTOR CONT (228312001)



FRAME ASSEMBLY #2 REPLACEMENT

Refer to the motor disassembly diagram (Fig. 1).

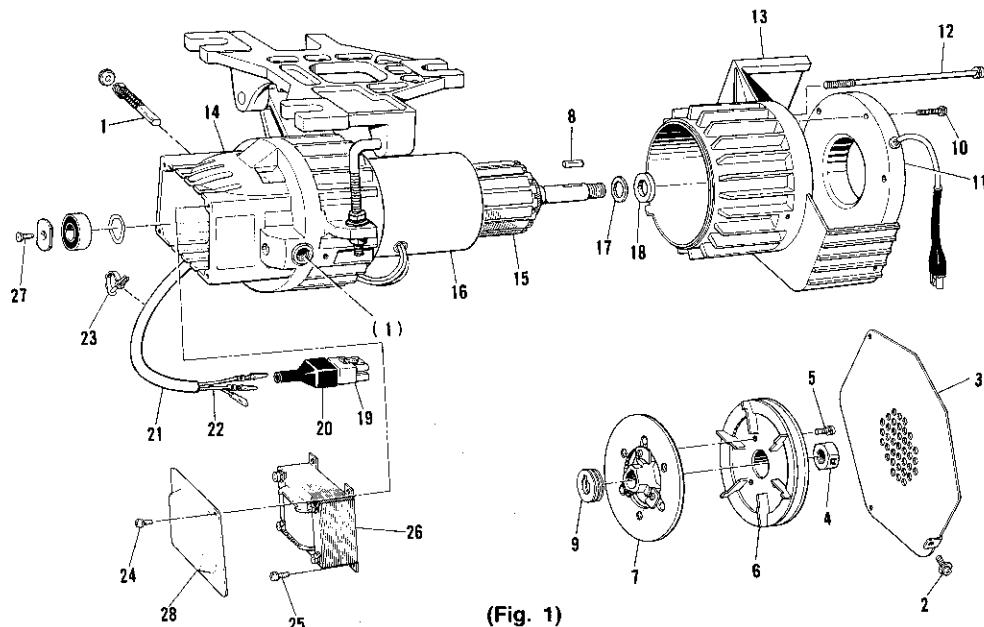
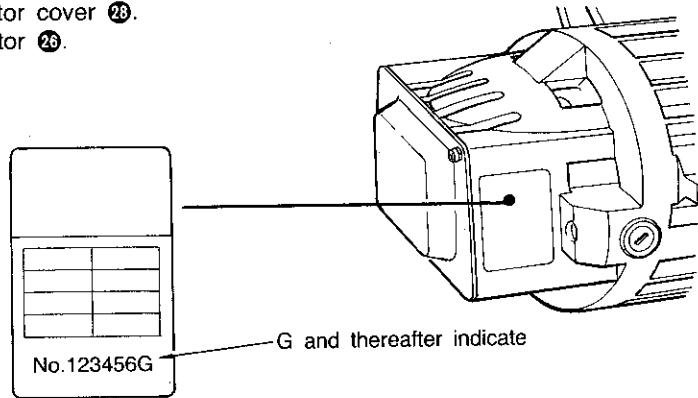
① Disassembly

- (1) Remove the two MD carbon brushes ①.
Note: The position of each carbon brush should be noted and remembered.
- (2) Take off the lead clamps ② at two places from the installation plate.
- (3) Remove the screw ③ and the belt cover.
- (4) Remove the nut ④ and the screw ⑤, and then remove the pulley ⑥.
- (5) Remove the brake armature assembly ⑦ from the rotor shaft, and then remove the woodruff key ⑧ and the washer ⑨.
- (6) Remove the screw ⑩ and the brake stator assembly ⑪.
Note: If the stator is difficult to remove, strike it gently to loosen it for removal.
- (7) Remove the screw ⑫, and then separate bracket R ⑬ and bracket assembly L ⑭. A slight impact may help.
- (8) Take out the rotor ⑮ from the frame assembly ⑯. (Note)
Because the rotor is held to the frame assembly ⑯ by magnetic force, the rotor should be grasped tightly and care should be taken so that the commutator part (see Fig. 3) of the rotor does not touch the magnet inside the frame.
Be careful not to lose the motor shaft's spring washer ⑯ and collar ⑰.
- (9) Using the molex pin remover (J5800-03), take out all pins from the 6-pin plug ⑯.
- (10) Pull out the plug cover ⑲ and the tube ⑳ from the cord assembly ㉑.
- (11) Cut at the crimped part of the two black cords, as close the end of the cord as possible, and then separate.
- (12) The frame assembly ⑯ can then be removed from bracket assembly L ⑭.
A slight impact may be necessary to facilitate removal.

(Note)

Perform steps 1-3 below before removing the rotor on motors with a serial number ending with any letter G-Z (see the motor name plate).

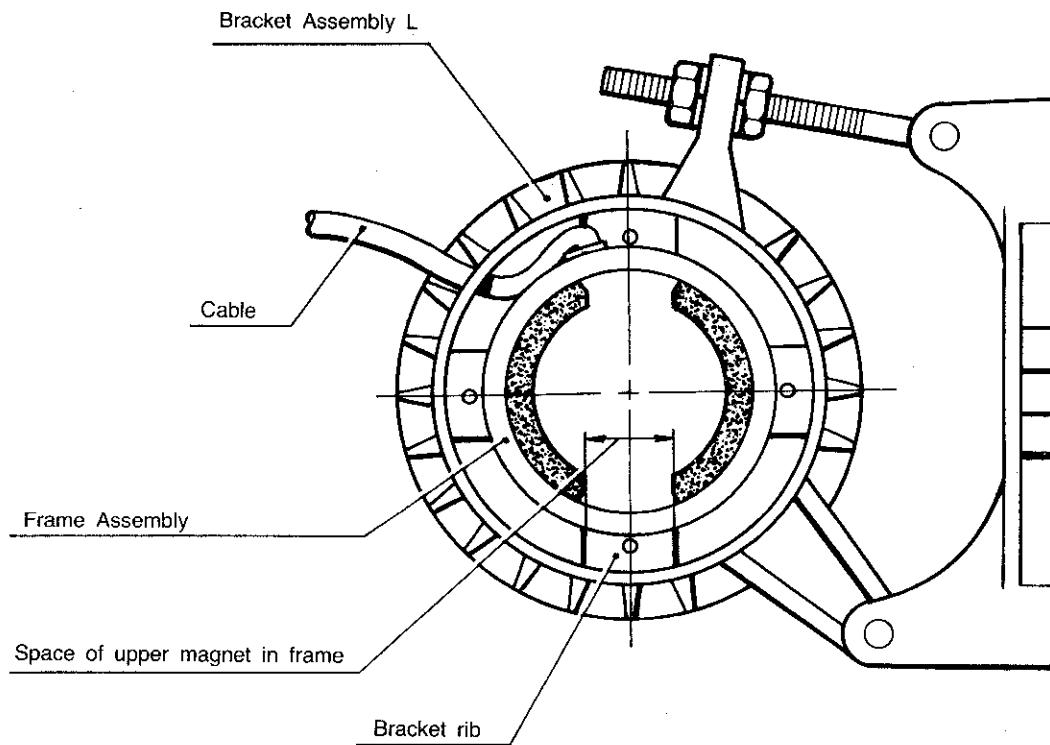
- (1) Remove the screw ㉔ and Reactor cover ㉕.
- (2) Remove the screw ㉖ and Reactor ㉗.
- (3) Remove the screw ㉘.



(Fig. 1)

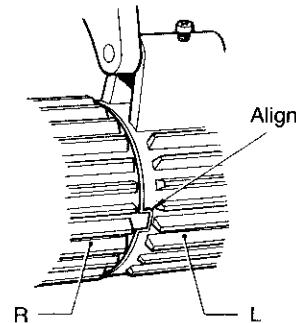
② Assembly

- (1) Pass the cable of the new frame assembly through bracket assembly L.
When doing so, note the following.
 - 1) Be careful that the cable is not caught in the frame.
 - 2) Be sure to align the bracket's rib with the space of the upper magnet in the frame.

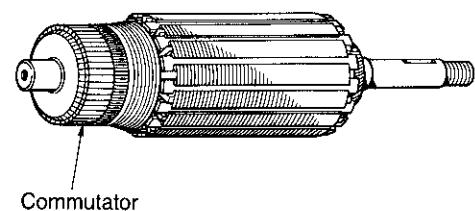


(Fig. 2)

- (2) Align the projection of bracket R with the groove of bracket L, and then try the insertion.
Note that insertion cannot be completely in unless the rib within bracket R is aligned with the clearance of the upper magnet within the frame.
For alignment, move the position of the frame assembly.



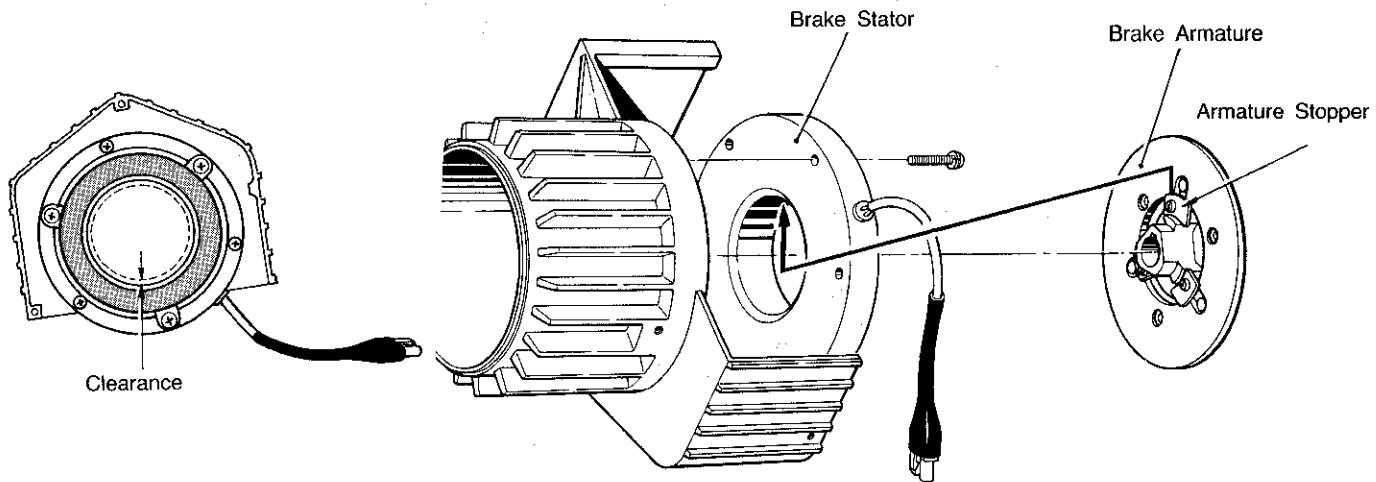
- (3) When the installation position of the frame assembly is adjusted, remove bracket R once again and push the rotor all the way into bracket L.
At this time the rotor must be grasped tightly so that the commutator part of the rotor does not contact the magnet inside the frame.
Be sure not to forget to check whether or not the spring washer is included.



- (4) Install bracket R so that it is positioned to bracket L as described in 2. above.
When the position is correct, gently tap it in by using a wooden hammer.
- (5) Insert and tighten the four screws in the screw holes in bracket L.

(Fig. 3)

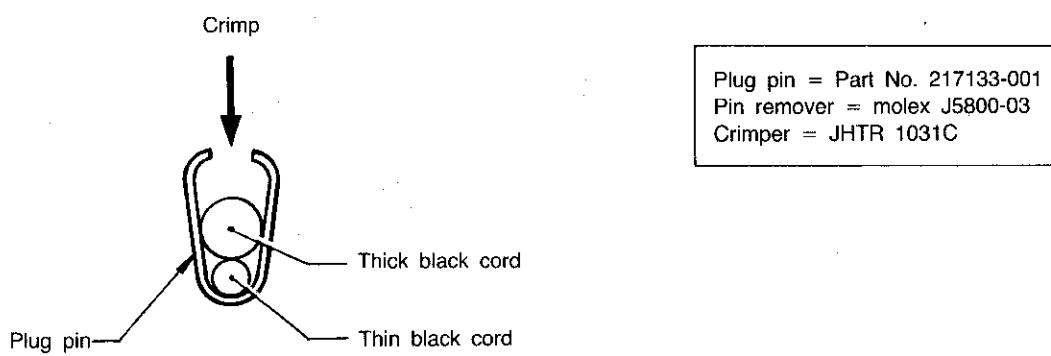
- (6) Temporarily secure the brake stator assembly to bracket R by using the screw.
- (7) Insert the washer and woodruff key to the rotor shaft, and then insert the brake armature assembly.
- (8) Make the positional alignment of the brake stator.



Adjust the position of the brake stator so that, as shown in the figure at the right, the clearance opens between the brake armature's armature stopper and the inner side of the brake stator when the brake armature is rotated. A noise will be heard if there is contact, so the position is OK if no noise is heard.

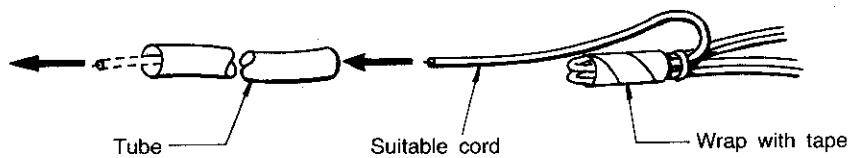
After the correct position has been determined, tighten the screw that was previously temporarily tightened. If the brake armature interferes, remove the brake armature after tightening to a certain extent, and then tighten further.

- (9) After installing the pulley and securing with the three screws, tighten the 14 lock nut to the rotor shaft.
- (10) Install the belt cover and tighten the screw.
- (11) Simultaneously crimp together, as described below, the black cord divided at the time of disassembly and the new frame's black cord.

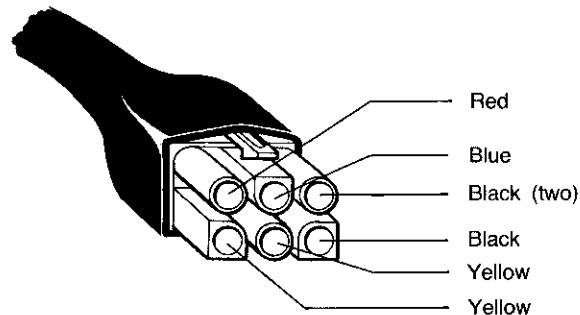


(12) Pass all through the new tube.

If, rather than a new tube, the plate tube used before is used as is, the following method is easy.

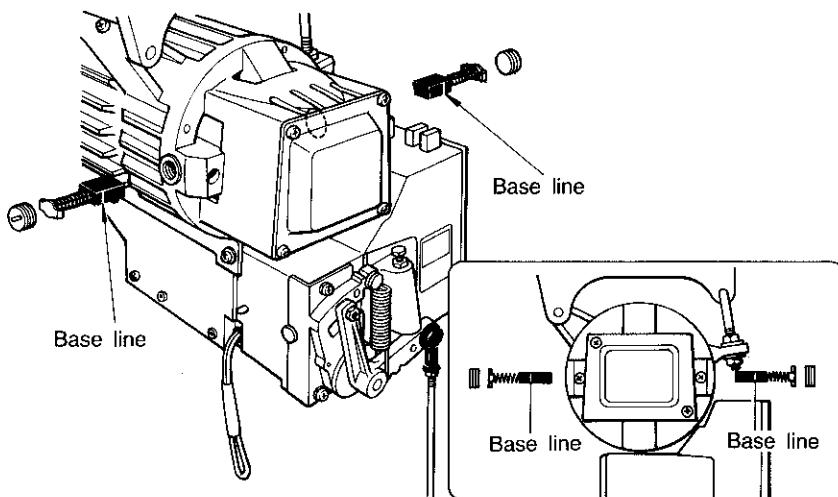


(13) Pass all plug pins through the plug cover and insert at the 6-pin plug's designated position.



(14) Secure the installation plate by the screw, and then affix two lead clamps to the holes at the upper part of the plate and secure the cable.

(15) Insert the carbon brushes at their designated positions and in the correct direction.



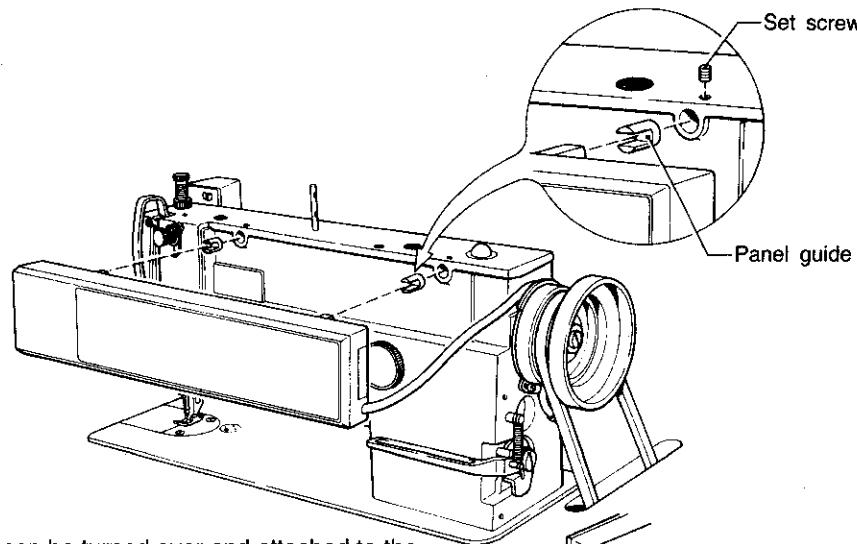
③ Megger test

After assembly is completed, check (by using a megger) to be sure that there is 100 mega-ohms or more.

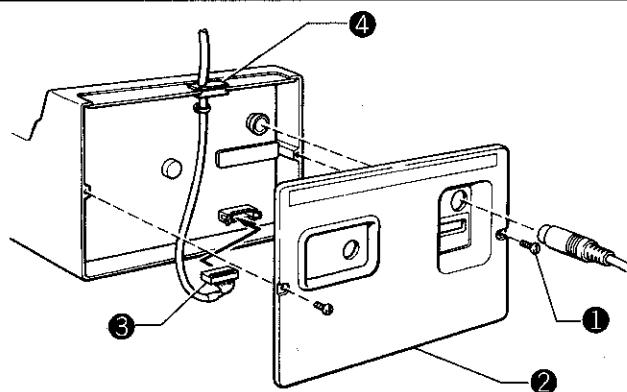
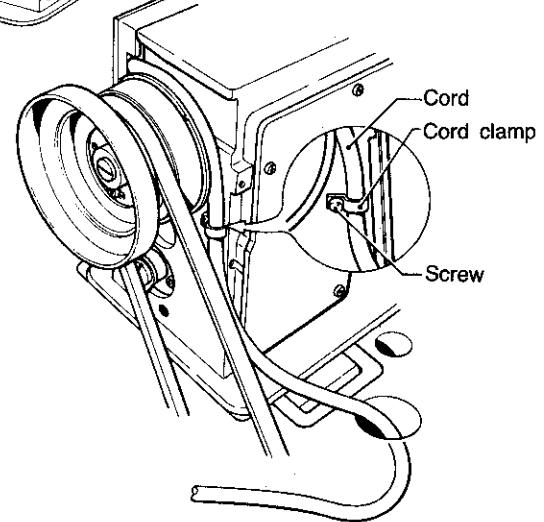
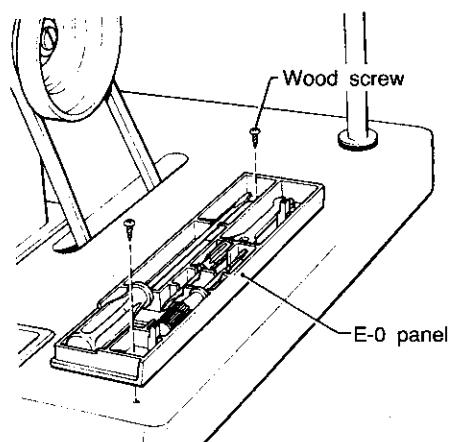
INSTALLATION OF OPTIONS

1 Operation panels Models DB2-B737

- ★ Remove the front panel (E-0) from the machine, and then install the new optional operation panel (E-20/40/100).
- ★ Remove the control box cover and connect the connector.



- ★ The removed control panel can be turned over and attached to the right end of the work table with wood screws for use as an accessories tray.



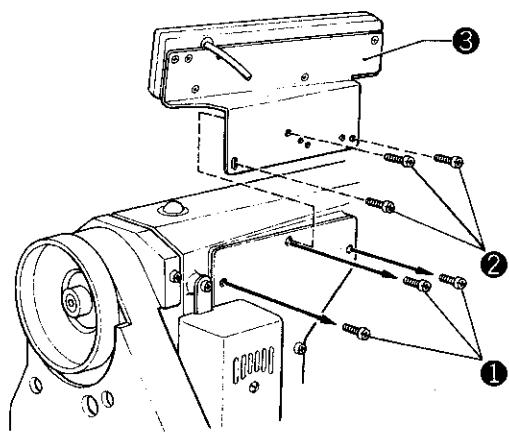
■ Connecting the cord

1. Remove screw ①, and remove face plate ②.
 2. Connect operation panel connector ③ to the circuit board.
 3. Fit the rubber cushion ④ over the cord, and fit the cord in the control box, being careful not to damage the cord.
- * When removing face plate ②, unplug the synchronizer.

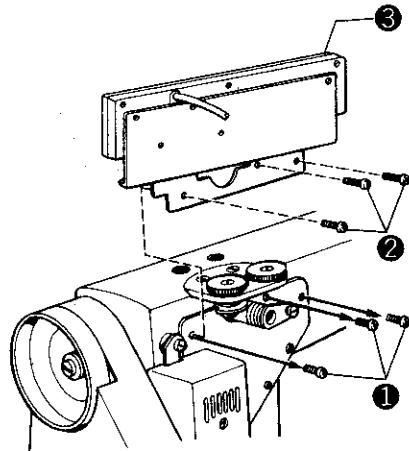
■ Installation of operation panel bracket

1. Remove the three screws ① in the back of the arm bed.
2. Of the six long screws, use the long screws ② that are the same diameter as screws ①.
3. Mount operation panel bracket ③ on the back of the arm bed with screws ②.

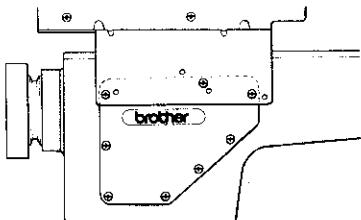
Models DB2-B748



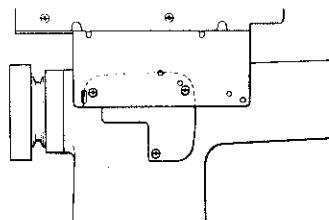
Models DB2-B793-015
DB2-B795



Models DB2-B791, B793



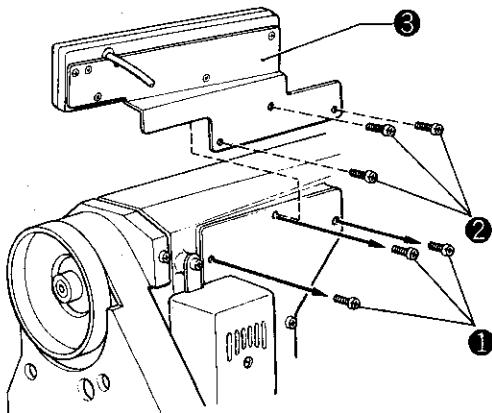
Models DB2-B798



■ Installation of operation panel bracket

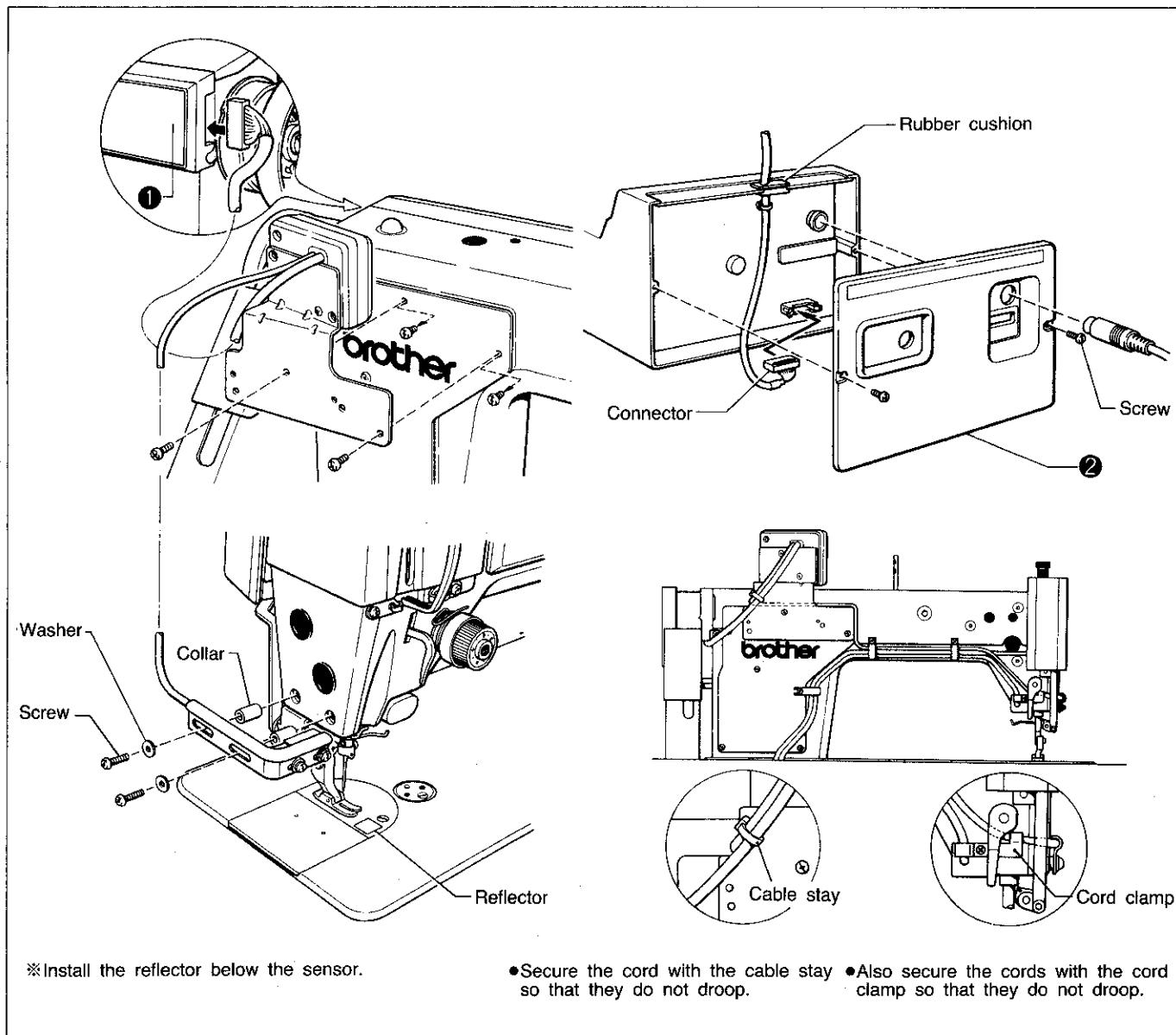
1. Remove the three screws ① in the back of the arm bed.
2. Use the three long screws ②.
3. Mount operation panel bracket ③ on the back of the arm bed with screws ②.

Models
LT2-B842, LT2-B845
LT2-B847, LT2-B848
LT2-B872, LT2-B875



2 Material edge sensor Models DB2-B737

- Be sure to turn the power switch off before installing the material edge sensor.
- ★ When installing sensor II, connect the sensor to the connector on the right side of the operation panel ①.
- ★ When installing sensor I, remove the control box cover ②, and connect the connector.



Models DB2-B748

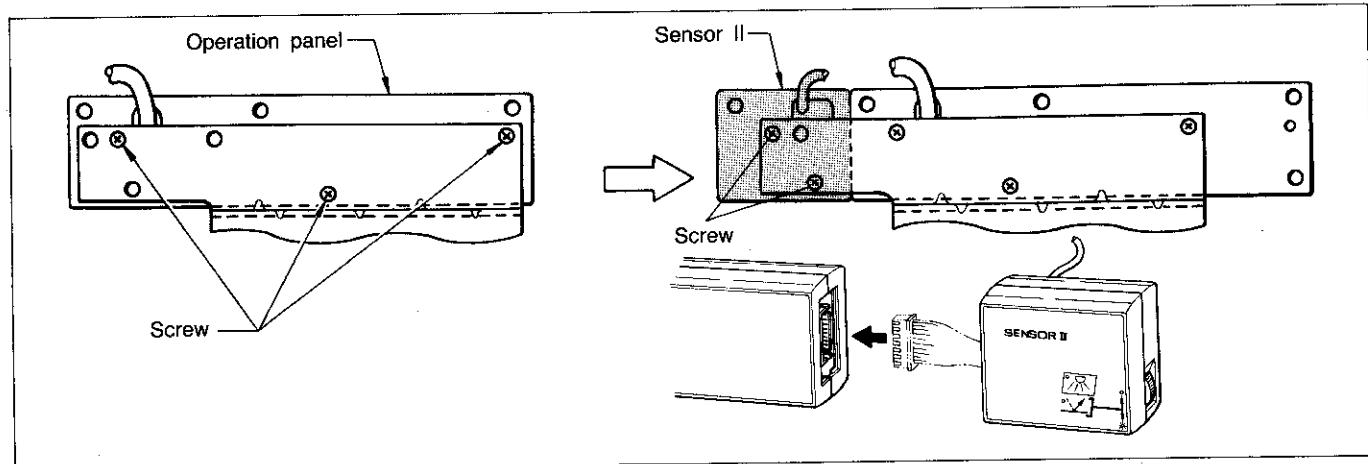
- ★ When installing sensor II on the operation panel, refer to models DB2-B791.

Models DB2-B791

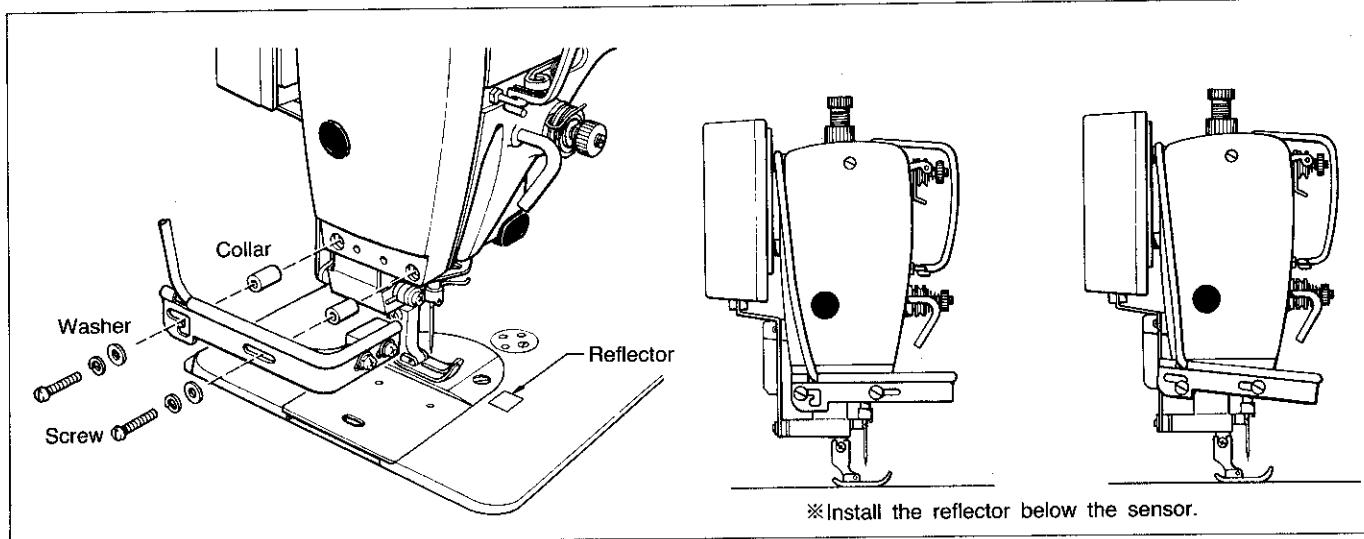
- Be sure to turn the power switch off before installing the material edge sensor.

■ To install Sensor II

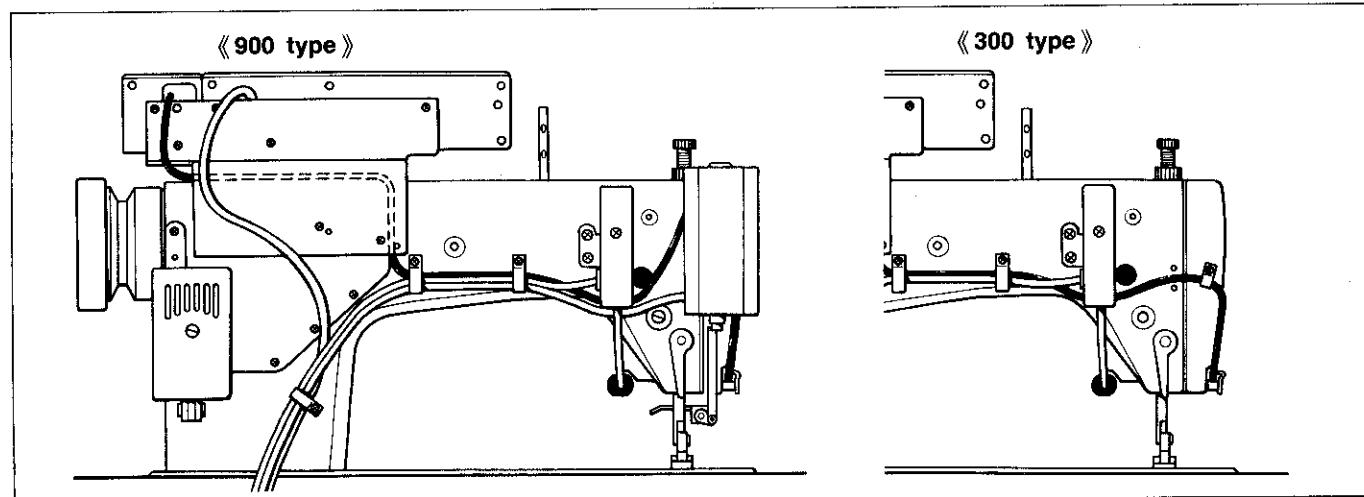
- Shift the position of the operation panel as shown in the figure below.
- Remove the rubber cap on the side of the operation panel, and connect the sensor II connector.
- Secure sensor II with two screws, being careful not to pinch the flat cable.



■ Material edge sensor



■ Connecting the power cord

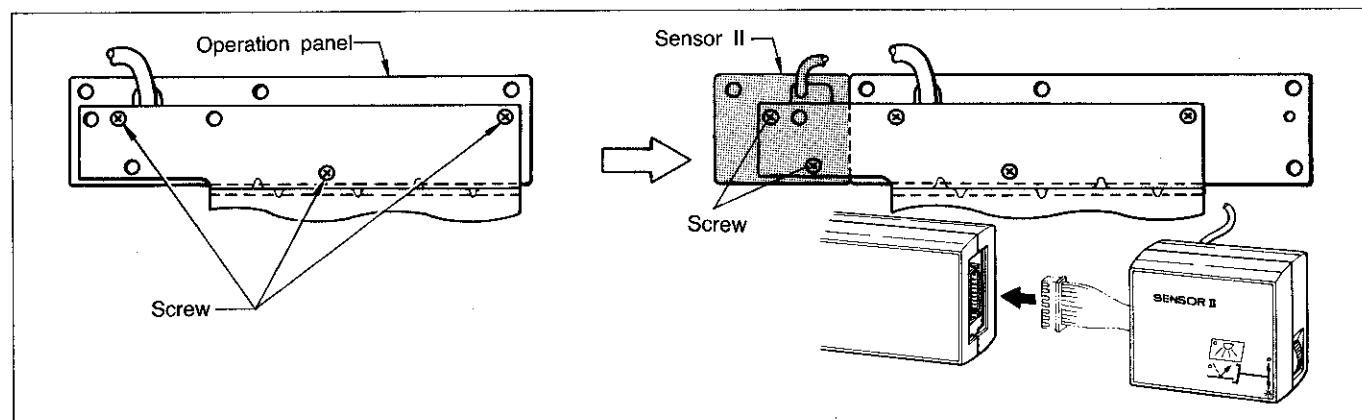


Models DB2-B793, DB2-B795

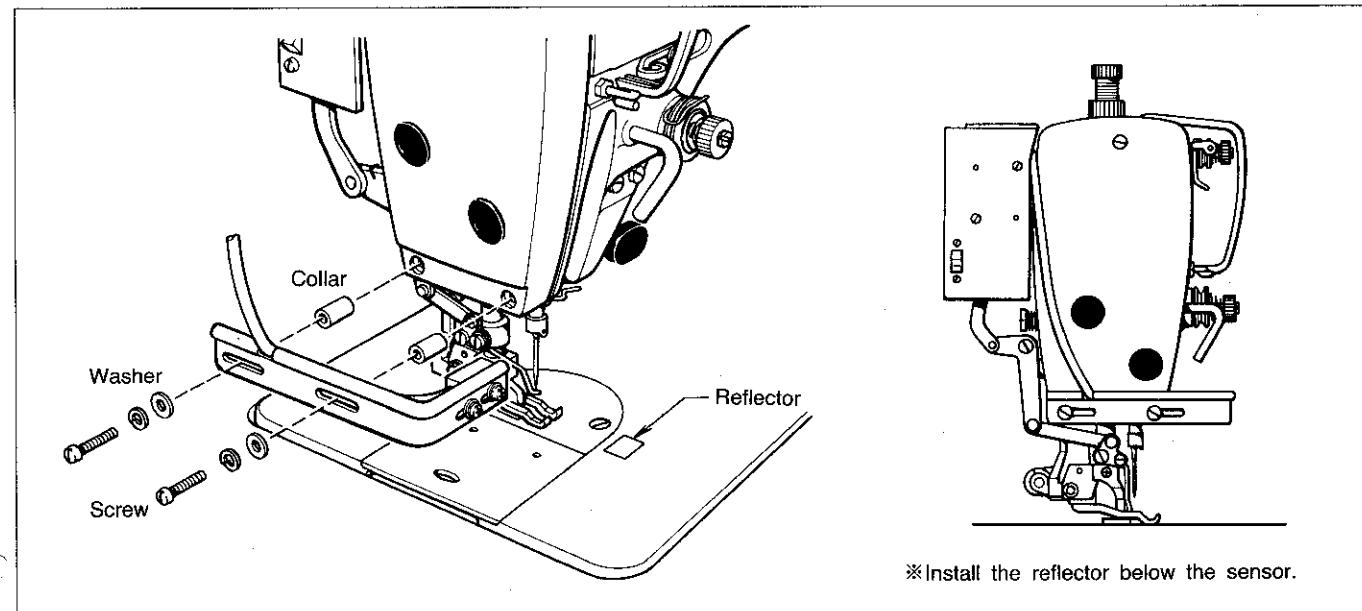
- Be sure turn the power switch off before installing the material edge sensor.

■ To install Sensor II

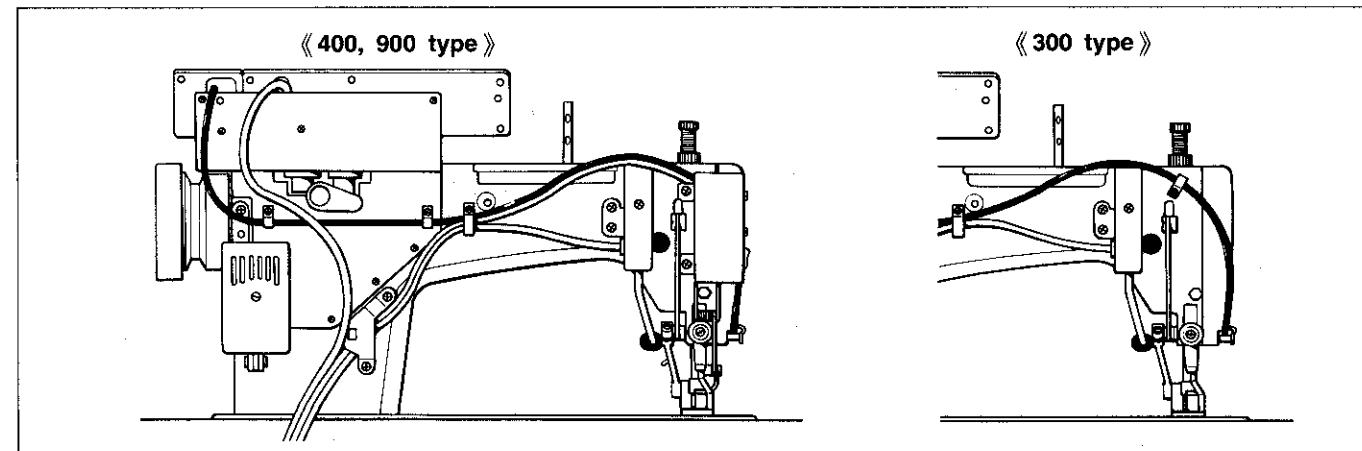
1. Shift the position of the operation panel as shown in the figure below.
2. Remove the rubber cap on the side of the operation panel, and connect the sensor II connector.
3. Secure sensor II with two screws, being careful not to pinch the flat cable.



■ Material edge sensor



■ Connecting the power cord

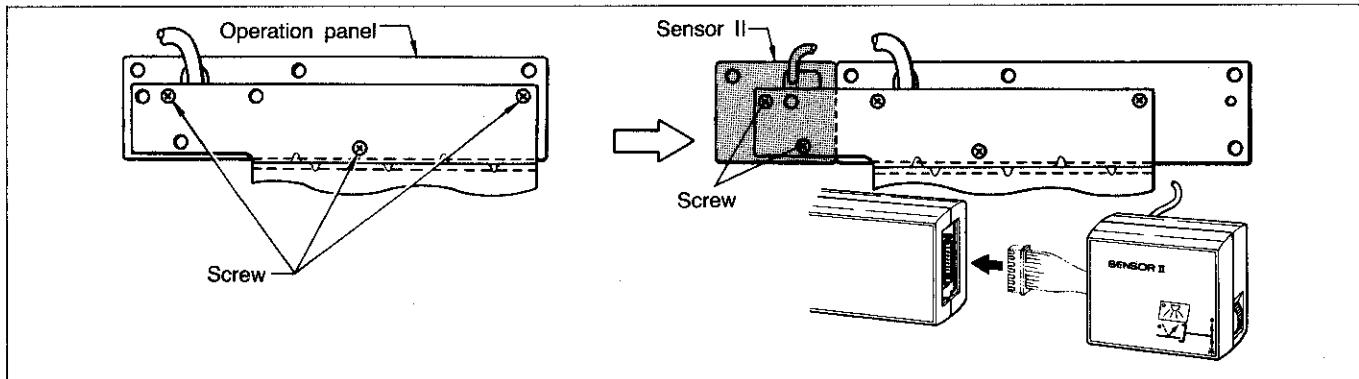


Models DB2-B798

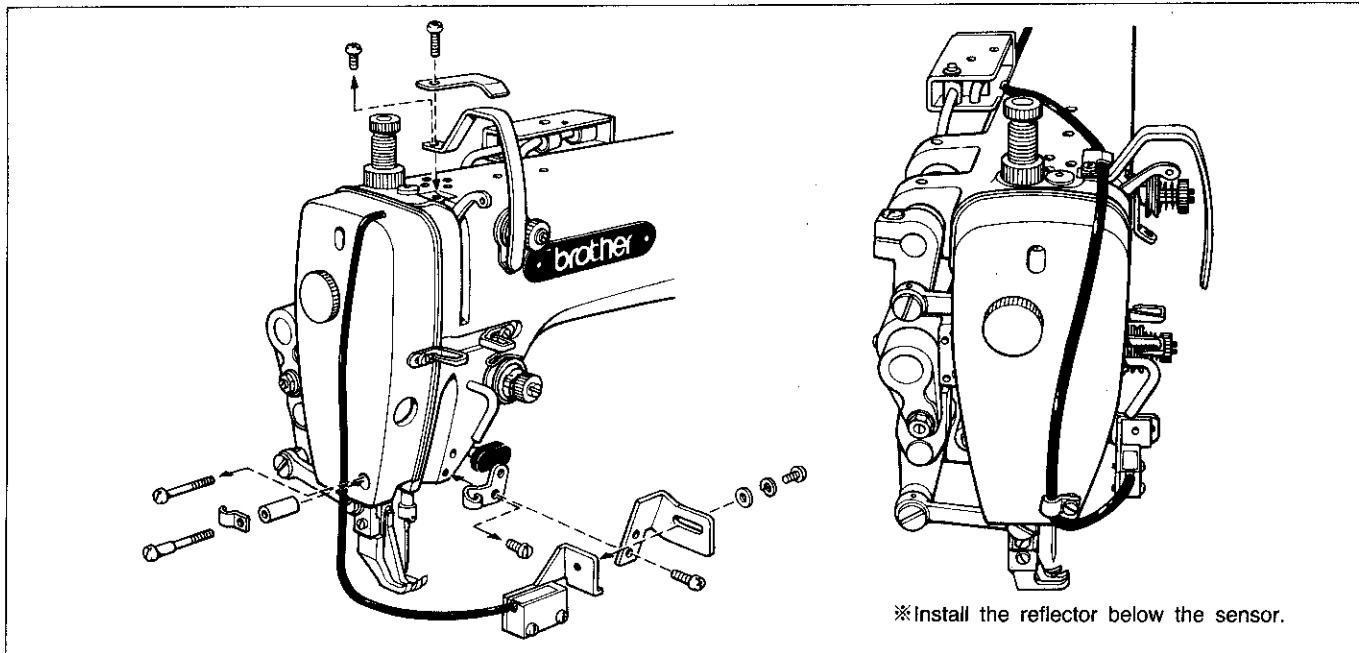
○ Be sure turn the power switch off before installing the material edge sensor.

■ To install Sensor II

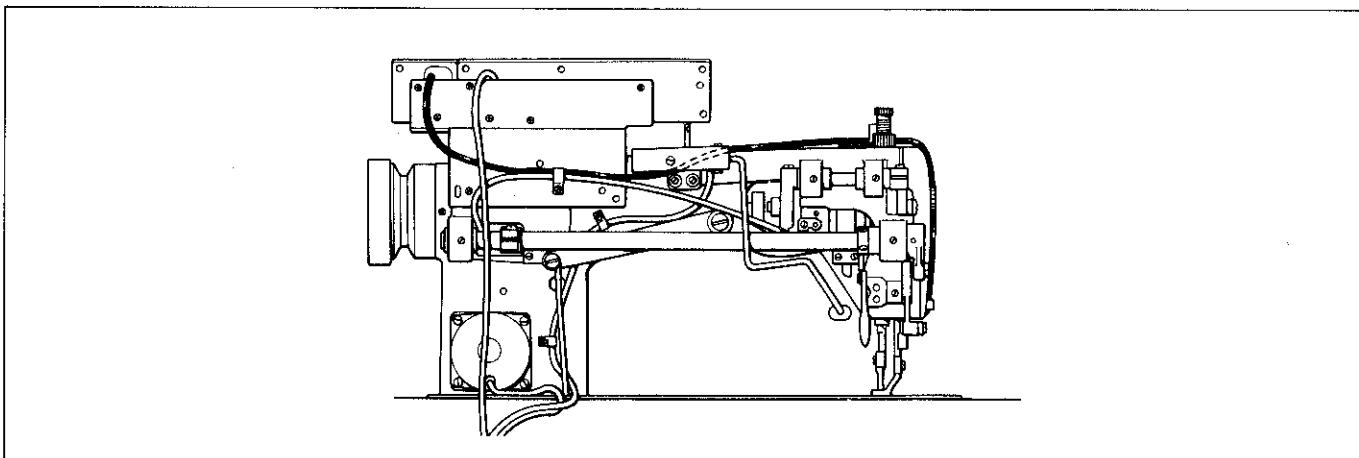
1. Shift the position of the operation panel as shown in the figure below.
2. Remove the rubber cap on the side of the operation panel, and connect the sensor II connector.
3. Secure sensor II with two screws, being careful not to pinch the flat cable.



■ Material edge sensor



■ Connecting the power cord

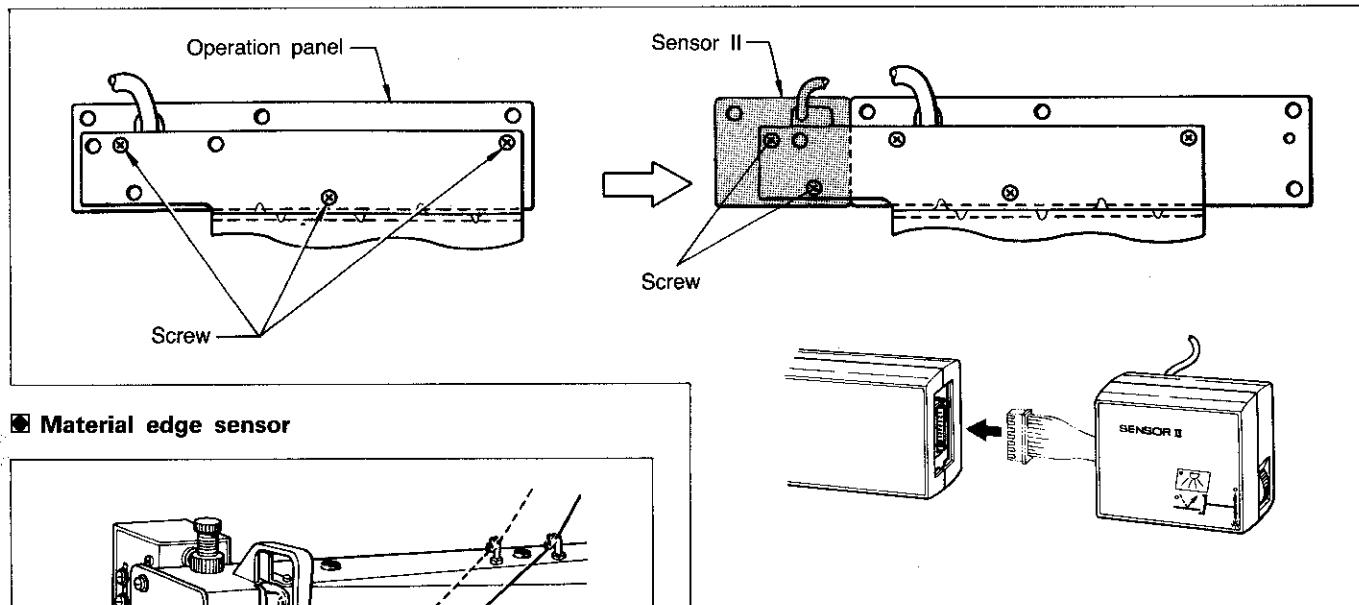


Models LT2-B842, LT2-B845, LT2-B847, LT2-B848, LT2-B872, LT2-B875

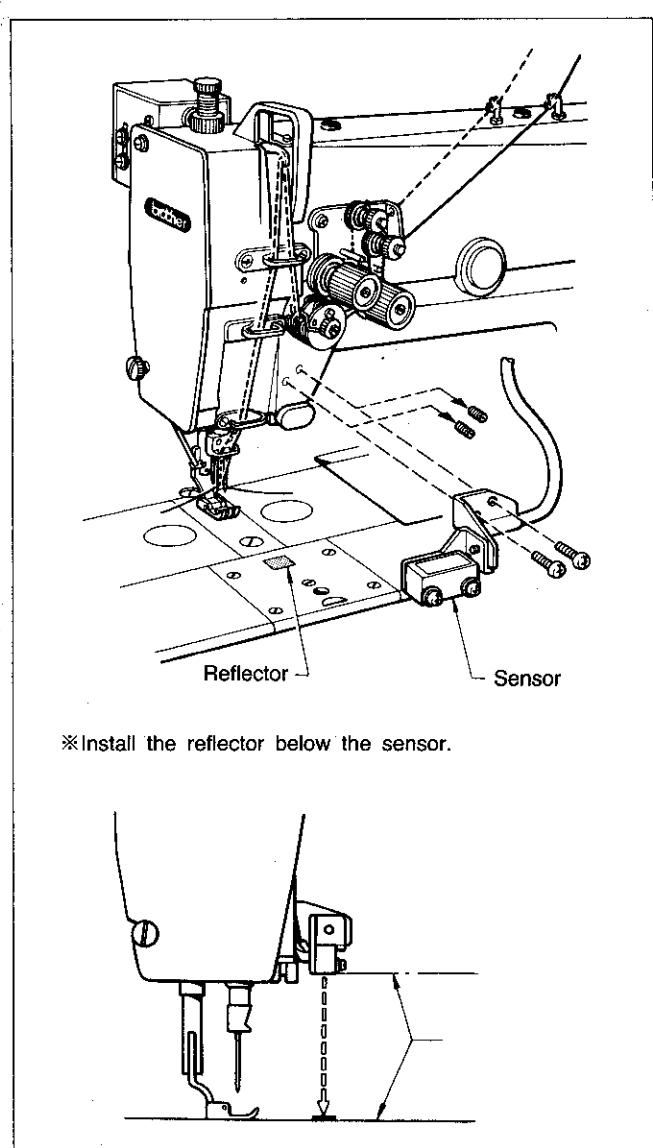
○ Be sure turn the power switch off before installing the material edge sensor.

■ To install Sensor II

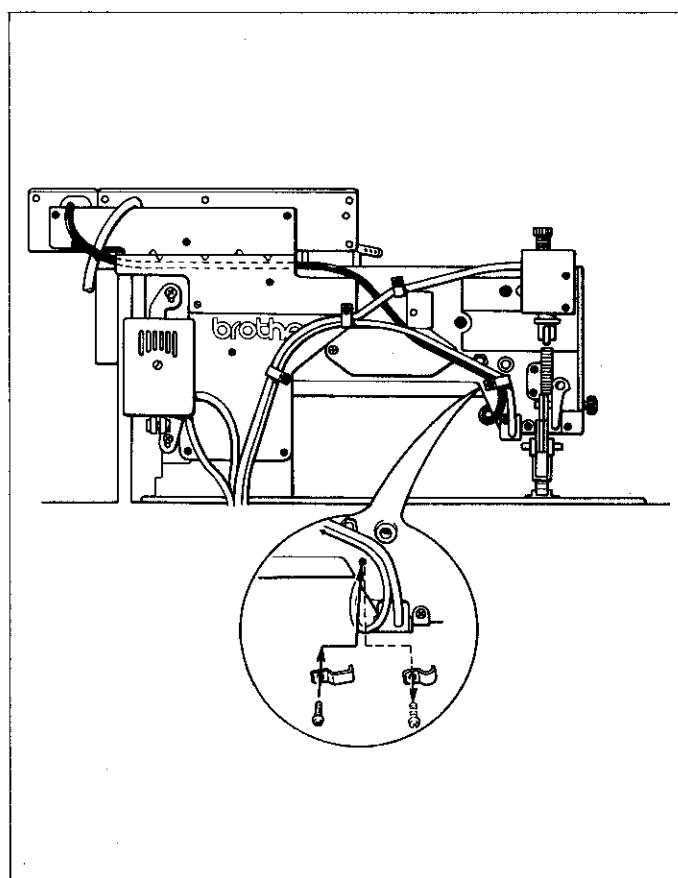
1. Shift the position of the operation panel as shown in the figure below.
2. Remove the rubber cap on the side of the operation panel, and connect the sensor II connector.
3. Secure sensor II with two screws, being careful not to pinch the flat cable.



■ Material edge sensor



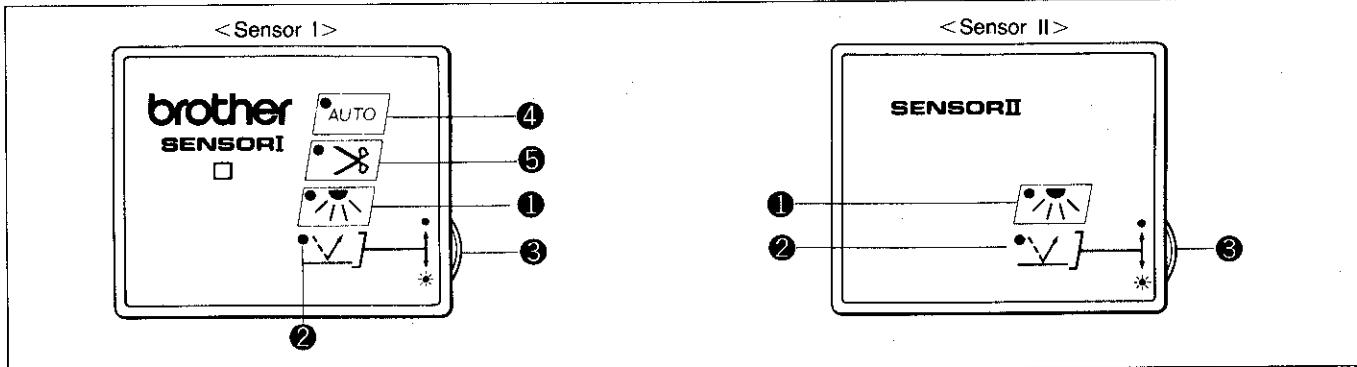
■ Connecting the power cord



USING THE MATERIAL EDGE SENSOR

- ★ The material edge sensor can be used to automatically stop the sewing machine when the material edge is reached.
- ★ The material edge sensor operates in conjunction with operation panels E-20/40/100, and cannot be used alone.
- ★ To adjust the material edge stop position with sensor I, change the mounting position of the sensor.
- ★ To adjust the material edge stop position with sensor II, change the mounting position of the sensor, or change the number of stitches setting shown on the operation panel.

1 Part names and functions



① Sensor key



•Press to light the indicator. Material edge detection is active while the indicator is on.

② Sensor sensitivity indicator

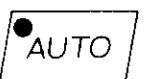


•The indicator is out while material is under the sensor, and lights when there is no material under the sensor.

③ Sensitivity control

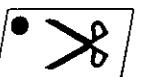
•Used to adjust sensor sensitivity.

④ AUTO key



•Press to light the indicator. While the indicator is on, simply press the treadle once to sew automatically to the material edge.

⑤ Thread trimmer key



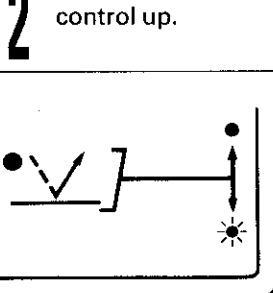
•Press to light the indicator. Thread trimming will be performed automatically at the material edge while the indicator is on.

2 Adjusting the material edge sensor

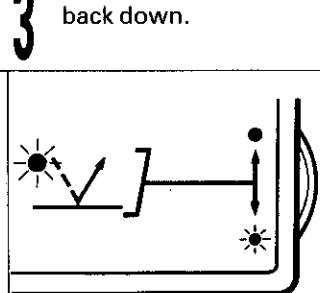
1 •Press the sensor key.



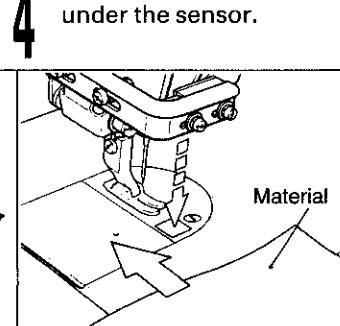
2 •Turn the sensitivity control up.



3 •Slowly turn the control back down.



4 •Insert a piece of material under the sensor.



•The indicator will light.

•The indicator will go out.

•Stop where the indicator lights.

•Make sure the indicator goes out.

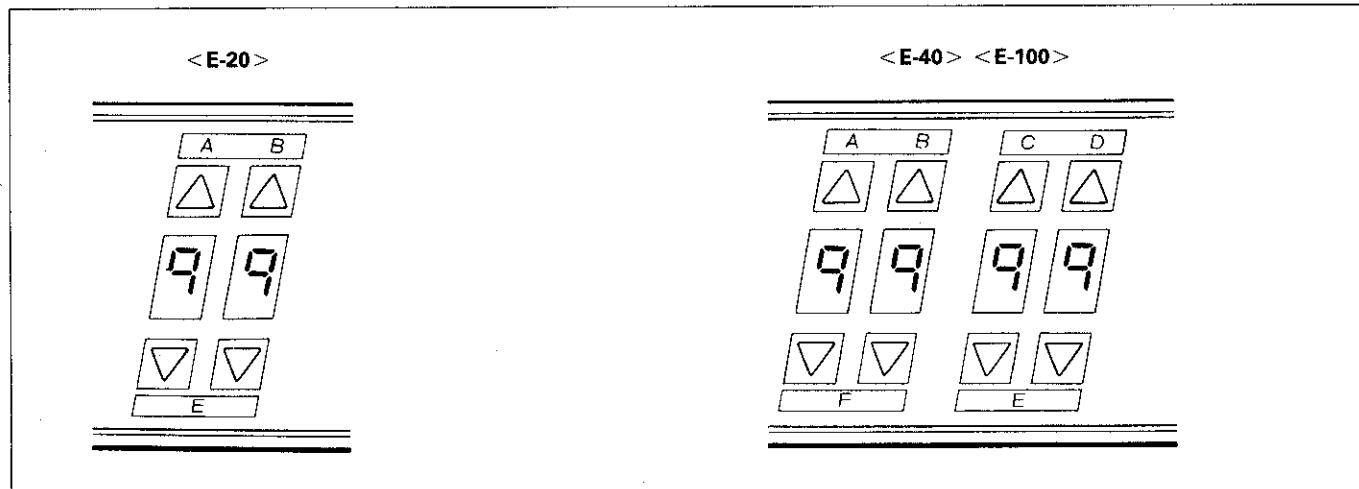
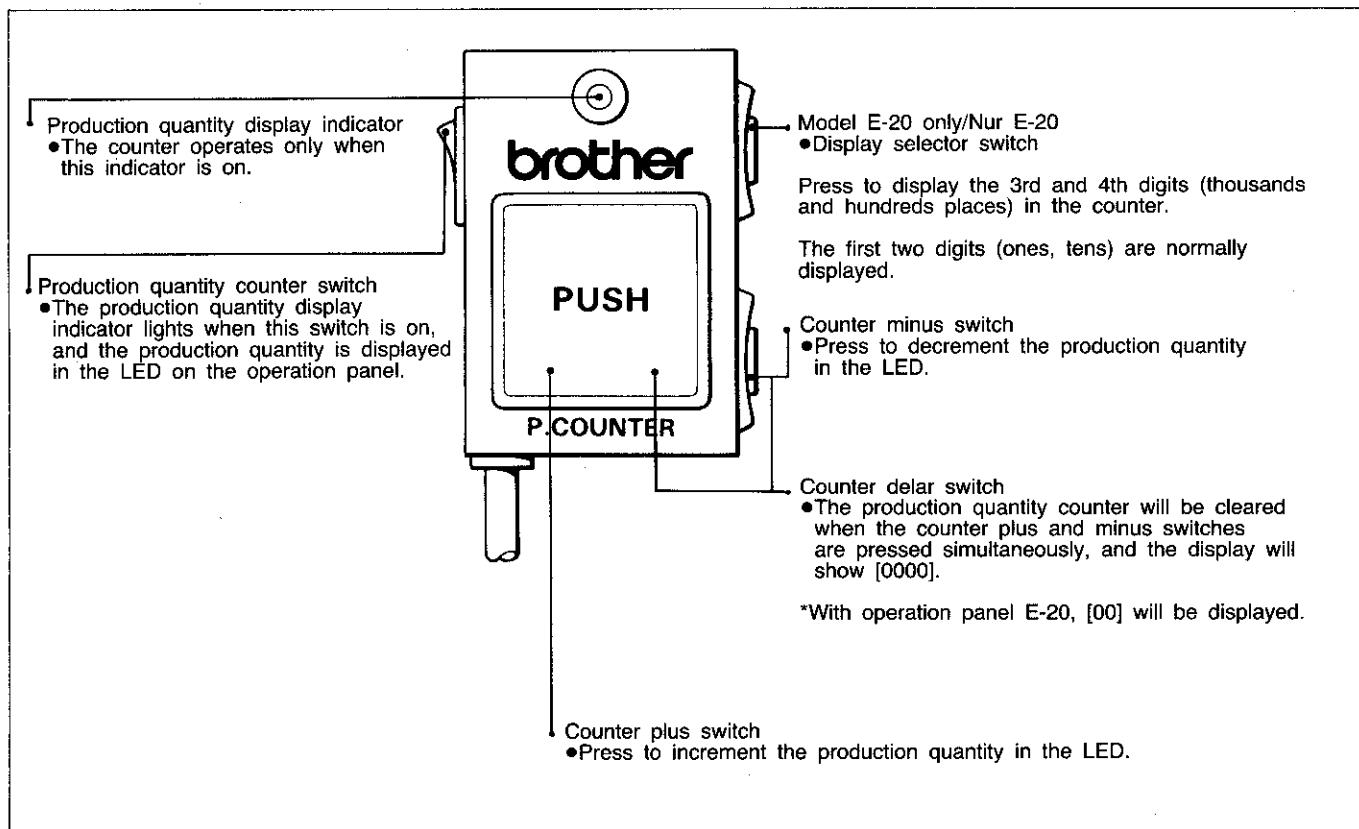
*1) To cancel the material edge sensor, press the sensor key ① again so the indicator goes out.

*2) If the sensitivity control is turned too far in step 3 above, the material edge sensor will not function properly.

USING THE PRODUCTION QUANTITY COUNTER

- ★ The number of completed work pieces can be displayed on the stitch number display on the operation panel.
- ★ The production quantity counter operates in conjunction with operation panels E-20/40/100, and cannot be used alone.

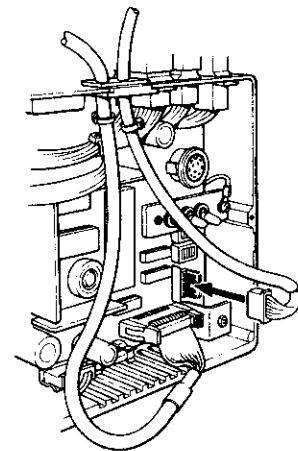
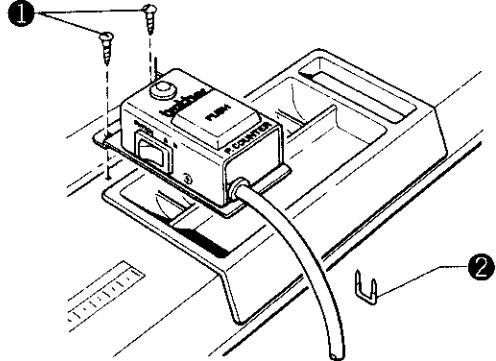
1 Part names and functions



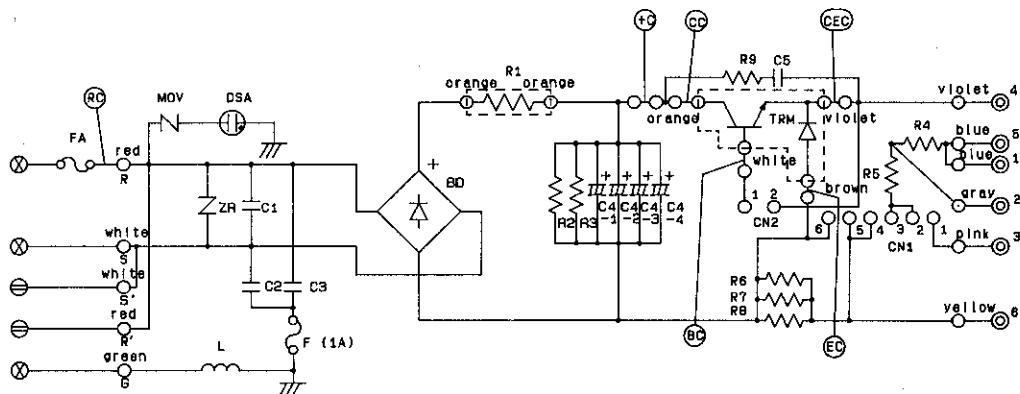
- *1) The same display is used to separately display the first two and second two digits (1s, 10s and 100s, 1000s) on the E-20 panel. The 100s and 1000s places are displayed when the selector switch is pressed. The production quantity is displayed in four digits, e.g. [9999], on the E-40/100 displays.
- *2) The production quantity is displayed so long as the production quantity indicator is on. Note that start and end backtack will not be displayed at this time.

② Production quantity counter

- ★ The production quantity counter operates in conjunction with operation panels E-20/40/100, and cannot be used alone.
- ★ Mount the production quantity counter to the table with wood screws ①.
- ★ Secure the production quantity counter cord to the underside of the table with a staple ②.



D printed-circuit board 1-110V assembly

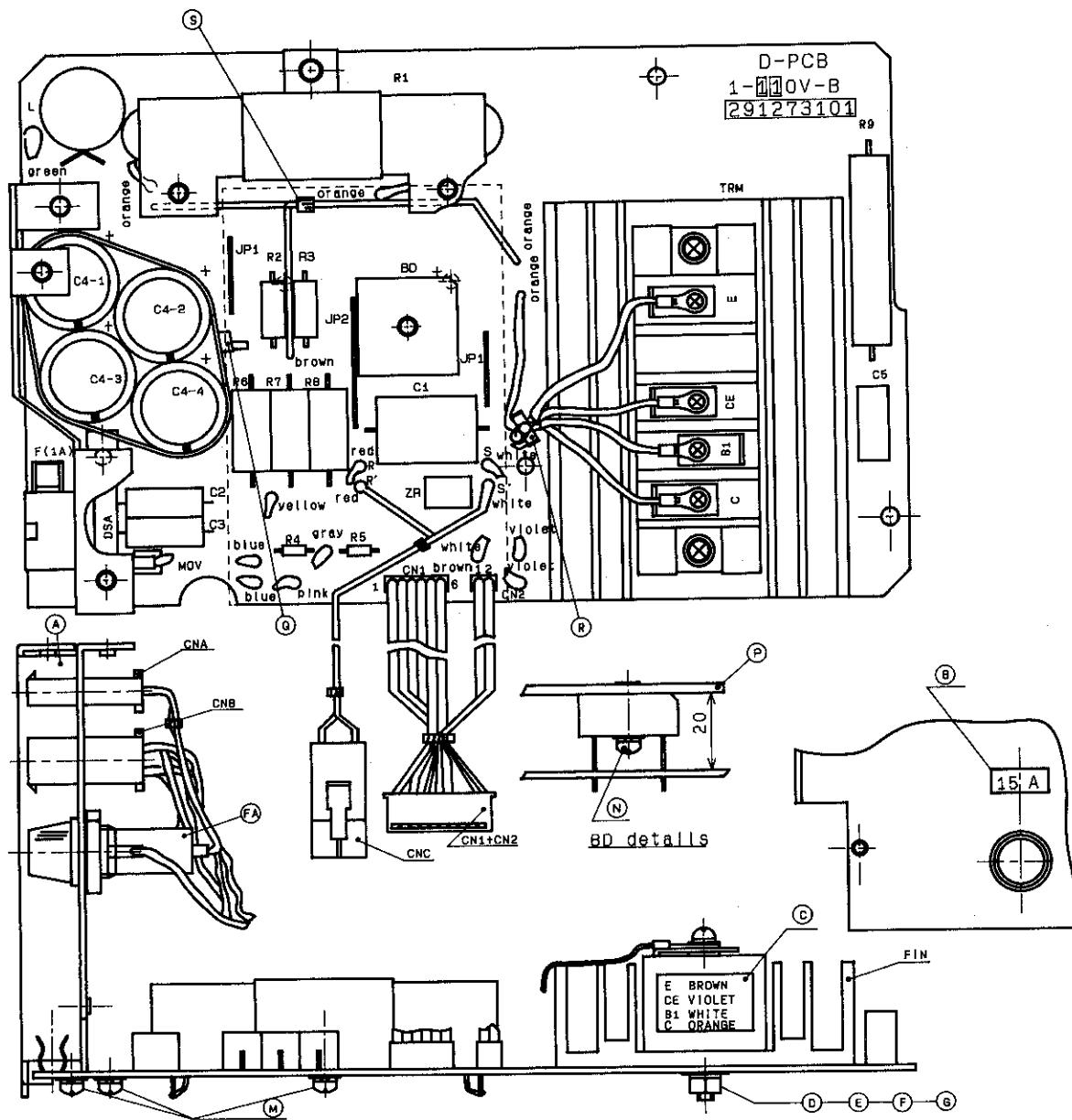


Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
C1	228372001	MTB-26-105K	1	400V, 1uF
C2, C3	228373001	MTB-26-222K	2	400V, 2200pF
C6	228356001	MDD-2J-104K	1	630V, 0.1uF
C4-1, -2	233641001	HPR2D681M	4	200V, 680uF
C4-3, -4				
R1	228375001	MFS40AR2K	1	40W, 0.2
R6, 7, 8	228368001	MS505NR1K	3	5W, 0.1
R9	228368001	MS510NSR8K	1	10W, 5.6
TRM	233643001	SITRM1D130F-050	1	450V, 30A
BD	224190001	S10S15V840	1	400V, 15A
R2, R3	234373001	ERC-16J473	2	1W, 47K
R4	090393320	ERD-50TJ393	1	0.5W, 39K
R5	080224320	ERD-50TJ224	1	0.5W, 220K
L	228358001	SF-T10-50M	1	3A
F	228359001	Fuse Holder S-N5051	2	
ZR	233645001	ENC271D-10A	1	270V
MOV	232382001	NV620D10	1	620V
DSA	232384001	D5A362MA	1	
FIN	233637001	27CU078	1	
RC	228384001	RC code	1	
+C	233649001	+ *	1	
CC	233650001	C *	1	
CEC	233651001	CE *	1	
BC	233652001	B *	1	
EC	233653001	E *	1	
S	218859001	Band M150	4	
G	233655001	Band M270	1	
R	227189001	Fastener 5.2L	1	
FA	225433001	Fuse Holder #3	1	
	218469001	Fuse 15A	1	

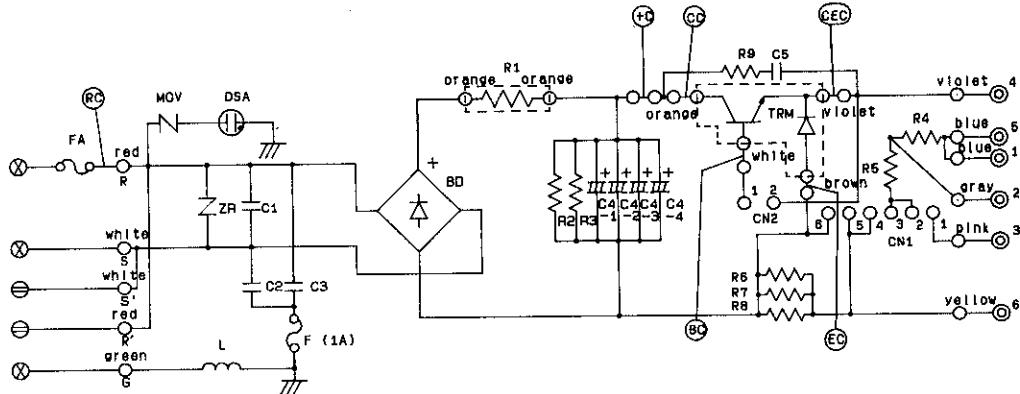
Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
A	233636001	Connector Base -4	1	
B	224090001	Label 15A	1	
D	062501660	Screw 5X16	2	
E	025050370	Washer 5	2	
F	028050280	Spring Washer 2-5	2	
G	021500260	Nut 2-5	2	
N	224120001	Set screw 4X16DB	1	
C	233688001	Wire Label	1	
M	216872001	Set Screw 4X8DB	3	
CNA	230862001	Power Connector Assem.	1	
CNB	228376001	Motor Connector Assem.	1	
CNC	228286001	Trans Connector Assem.	1	
CN1+CN2	228383001	FIB Connector Assem.	1	
JP1	228371001	Jumper Wire 0.0X30	2	
JP2	228379001	Jumper Wire 0.0X55	1	
P	233639001	FIN 70X110	1	

MD-802, 803 D-PCB1-110V-B 291273101 1 Phase 110V

NOTE: This D-PCB assembly is interchangeable for MD-802.



D printed-circuit board 1-240V assembly

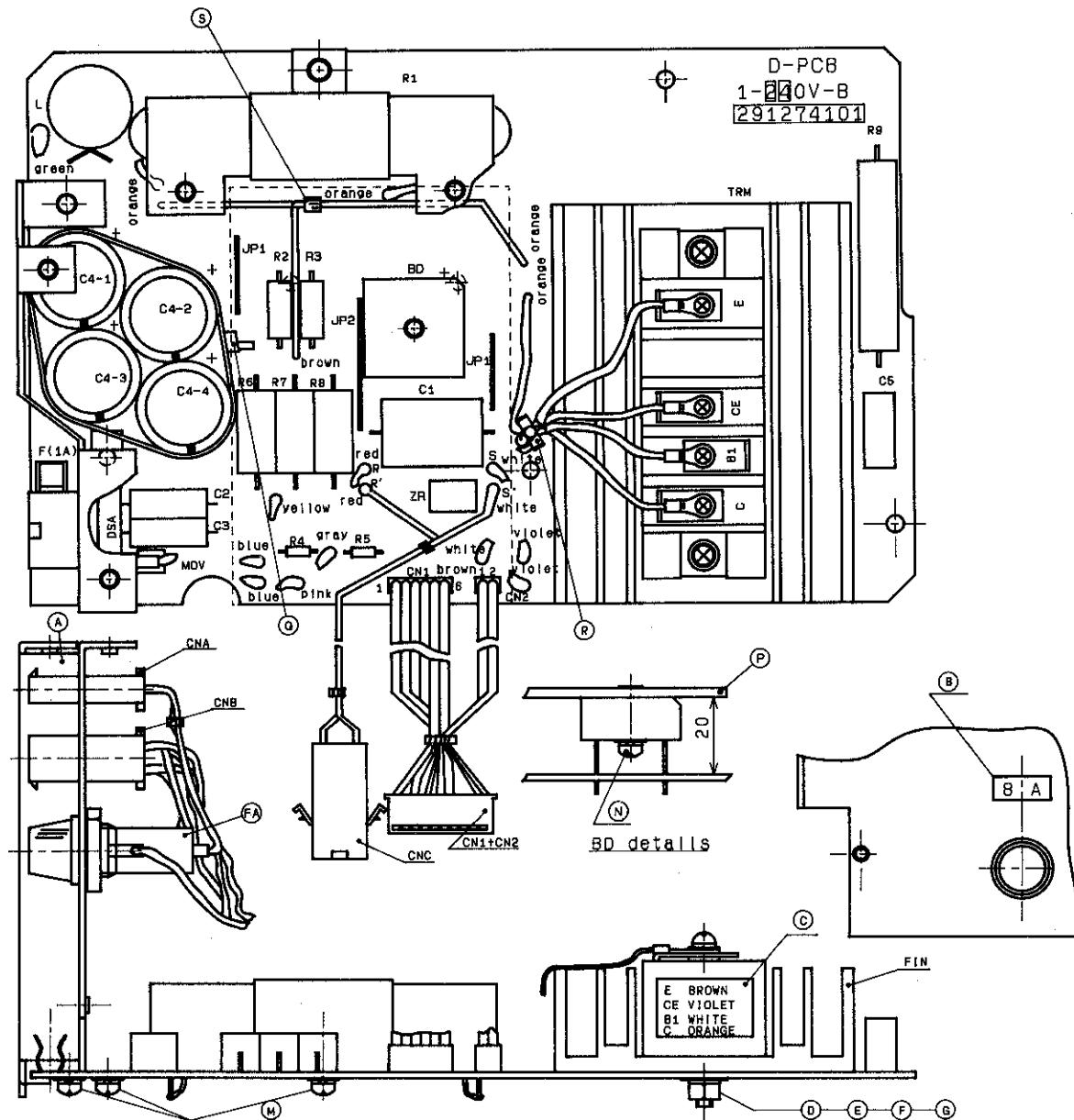


Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
C1	229143001	MFB-2J-105K	1	630V, 1uF
C2, C3	229357001	MDD-2V-223K	2	630V, 2200PF
C5	229356001	MDD-2J-104K	1	630V, 0, 1uF
C4-1, -2	233640001	HPR2W221M	4	450V, 220uF
C4-3, -4				
R1	229140001	MFS40AR4K	1	40W, 0, 4
R6, 7, 8	229368001	MSS05NR1K	3	5W, 0, 1
R9	229368001	MSS10N5R6K	1	10W, 5, 6
TRM	233643001	SITRMID130F-050	1	450V, 30A
BD	229142001	S1D515VB60	1	600V, 15A
R2, R3	234372001	ERC-1GJ224	2	1W, 220K
R4	090393320	ERD-50TJ393	1	0, 5W, 39K
R5	090224320	ERD-50TJ224	1	0, 5W, 220K
L	229358001	SF-T10-50M	1	3A
F	229358001	Fuse Holder S-N5051	2	
ZR	232380003	ENC821D-10A	1	620V
MOV	232382001	NV620D10	1	620V
DSA	232384001	DSA362MA	1	
FIN	233637001	2TCU078	1	
RC	229384001	RC code	1	
+C	233649001	+	1	
CC	233650001	C +	1	
CEC	233651004	CE +	1	
BC	233652001	B +	1	
EC	233653001	E +	1	
S	218859001	Band M150	4	
G	233655001	Band M270	1	
R	227189001	Fastener 5, 2L	1	
FA	226433001	Fuse Holder #3	1	
	219225000	Fuse BA	1	

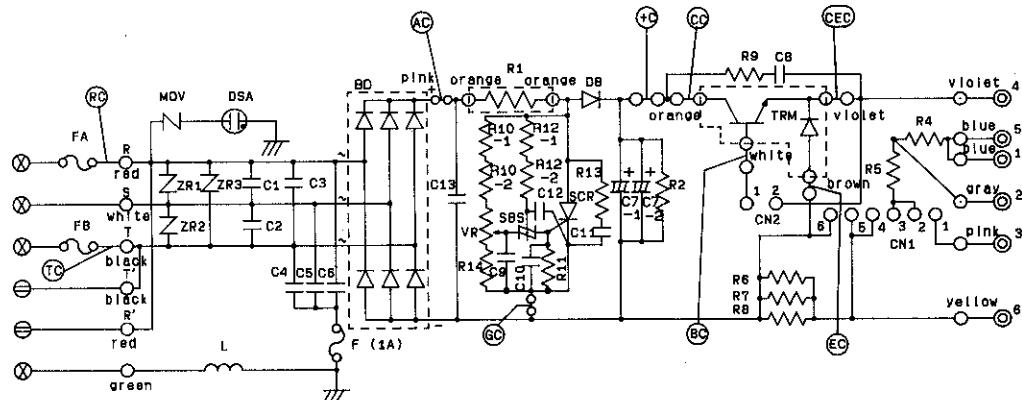
Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
A	239363001	Connector Base -4	1	
B	239383001	Label BA	1	
D	062501660	Screw 5X16	2	
E	025050370	Washer 5	2	
F	028050280	Spring Washer 2-5	2	
G	021500260	Nut 2-5	2	
N	224120001	Set screw 4X16DB	1	
C	233688001	Wire Label	1	
M	216872001	Set Screw 4X8DB	3	
CNA	229145001	Power Connector Assem.	1	
CNB	228376001	Motor Connector Assem.	1	
CNC	229146001	Trans Connector Assem.	1	
CN1+CN2	228383001	FIR Connector Assem.	1	
JP1	228371001	Jumper Wire 0, 8X30	2	
JP2	228379001	Jumper Wire 0, 8X55	1	
P	233639001	FIN 70X110	1	

MD-802, 803 D-PCB1-240V-B 291274101 1 Phase 240V

NOTE: This D-PCB assembly is interchangeable for MD-802.



D printed-circuit board 3-240V assembly

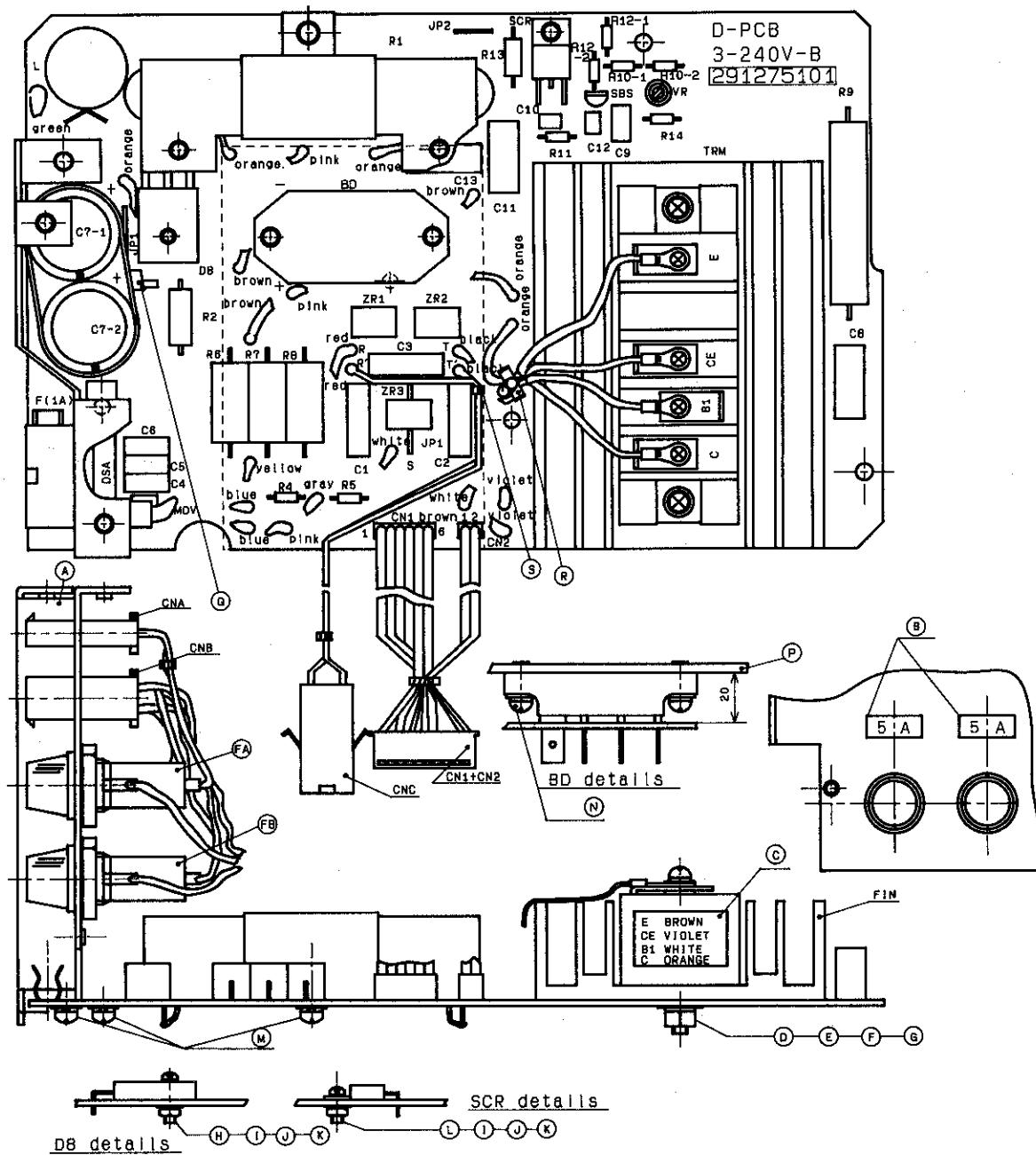


Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
C1, C2, C3, CB	228356001	MDD-2J-104K	6	630V, 0.1uF
C11, C13				
C4, C5, C6	228357001	MDD-2J-223K	3	630V, 0.22uF
C9	Y54740040	ECQ-Y1H474JZ	1	50V, 0.47uF
C12	Y51040040	ECQ-Y1H104JZ	1	50V, 0.1uF
C10	Y54730040	ECQ-Y1H473JZ	1	50V, 0.047uF
C7-1, -2	233640001	HPR2W221M	2	450V, 220uF
R1	228363001	MFS40A020K	1	40W, 2
R9	228366001	MSS10N5R6K	1	10W, 5.6
R6, R7, R8	228368001	MSS05NR1K	3	5W, 0.1
TRM	233643001	SITRM1D130F-050	1	450V, 30A
BD	234369001	SiDDF200B	1	800V 20A
VR	229148001	CVR-1RLB502RJ-6P	1	5K
SCR	22B615001	SCRCP6AM-12	1	600V, 6A
SBS	229027000	B50BA	1	BV
DB	229144001	SID512KC40	1	400V, 12A
R2	234372001	ERC-16JU224	1	1W, 220K
R4	090293320	ERD-50TJ393	1	0.5W, 39K
R5	090224320	ERD-50TJ224	1	0.5W, 220K
R13	234374001	ERC-16JU330	1	1W, 33
R10-1, -2	090244320	ERD-50TJ244	4	0.5W, 240K
R12-1, -2				
R14	090222120	ERD-25TJB22	1	0.25W, 8.2K
R11	090102120	ERD-25TJ102	1	0.25W, 1K
L	228358001	SF-T10-50M	1	3A, 110uH
F	228359001	Fuse Holder S-N5051	2	
ZR1, ZR2, ZR3	232380001	ENC621D-10A	3	620V
MOV	232382001	NV620D10	1	620V
DSA	232384001	DSA362MA	1	
FIN	233637001	27CU07B	1	
TC	228385001	T code	1	
+C	233649001	+ *	1	
CC	233650001	C +	1	
CEC	233651001	CE *	1	
BC	233652001	B *	1	
EC	233653001	E *	1	
RC	228384001	R *	1	
AC	233654001	A *	1	
GC	234368001	G *	1	
S	218859001	Band M150	4	
G	233655001	Band M270	1	
R	227189001	Fastener 5.2L	1	
FA, FB	224087001	Fuse Holder #2	2	
	215822000	Fuse 5A	2	

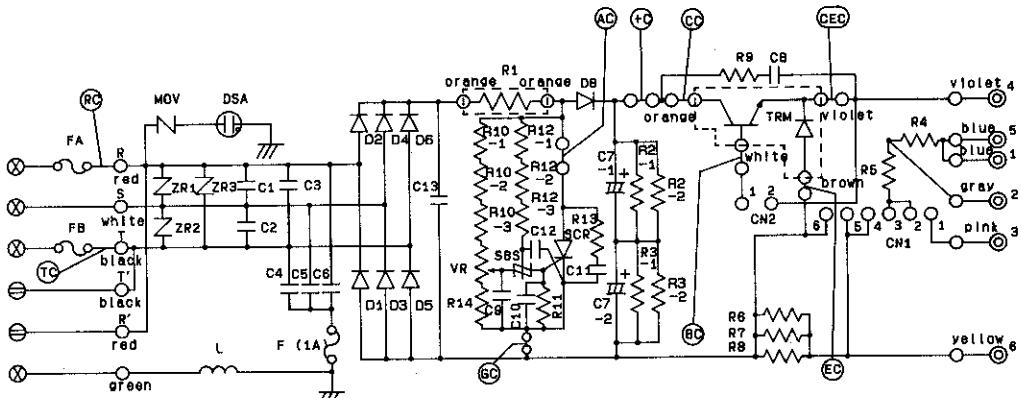
Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
A	233635001	Connector Base -3	1	
B	224089001	Label 5A	2	
D	062501660	Screw 6X16	2	
E	025050370	Washer 5	2	
F	028050280	Spring Washer 2-5	2	
G	021500260	Nut 2-5	2	
H	062301260	Screw 3X12	1	
I	025030270	Washer 3	2	
J	028030280	Spring washer 2-3	2	
K	021300260	Nut 2-3	2	
L	062300860	Screw 3X8	1	
M	216872001	Set Screw 4XB8	3	
CNA	228386001	Power Connector Assem.	1	
CNB	228376001	Motor Connector Assem.	1	
CNC	228397001	Trans Connector Assem.	1	
CN1+CN2	228393001	F18 Connector Assam.	1	
JP1	228371001	Jumper Wire 0.8X30	2	
JP2	228820001	Jumper Wire 0.8X15	1	
C	233688001	Wire Label	1	
N	217093001	Set Screw 4X12D	2	
P	233639001	FIN 70X110	1	

MD-812, 813 D-PCB3-240V-B 291275101 3 Phase 220~240V

NOTE: This D-PCB assembly is interchangeable for MD-812.



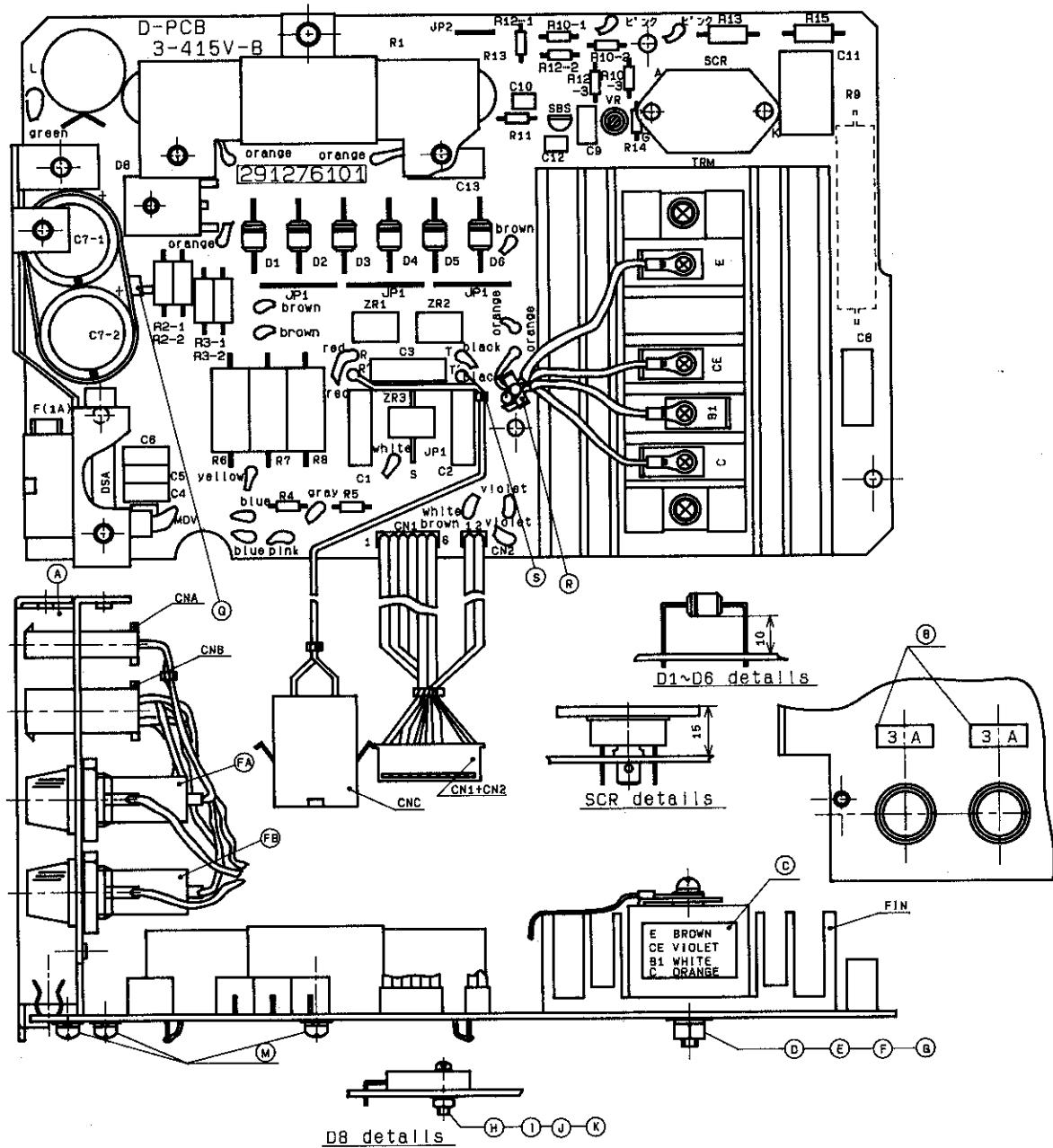
D printed-circuit board 3-415V assembly



Symbol	Code	Name	Q'ty	Note
C1, C2, C3, C8	229149001	MDD-3A-104K	6	1000V, 0.1uF
C11, C13				
C4, C5, C6	229178001	MDD-3A-103K	3	1000V, 0.01uF
C9	Y54740040	ECQ-V1H474JZ	1	50V, 0.47uF
C12	Y51040040	ECQ-V1H104JZ	1	50V, 0.1uF
C10	Y54730040	ECQ-V1H473JZ	1	50V, 0.047uF
C7-1, -2	233640001	HPR2W221M	2	450V, 220uF
R1	229152001	MFS40A040K	1	40W, 4
R9	229154003	MS15N100K	1	10W, 10
R6, R7, R8	228368001	MSS05NR1K	3	5W, 0.1
TRM	233644001	SITRM1D130F-100	1	1000V, 30A
D1~D6	229150001	SIDERC01-10	6	1000V, 1.5A
VR	229148001	CVR-1RLB502RJ-6P	1	5K
SCR	233642001	SCRSG16AA80	1	800V, 16A
SBS	229027000	BS08A	1	BV
D8	229157001	SIDD10V100	1	1000V, 10A
R9-1, -2	234372001	ERC-1GJ224	4	1W, 220K
R4	090393320	ERD-50TJ393	1	0.5W, 39K
R5	090274320	ERD-50TJ274	1	0.5W, 270K
R13, R15	234375001	ERC-1GJ180	1	1W, 18
R10-1, -2, -3	090334320	ERD-50TJ334	6	0.5W, 330K
R12-1, -2, -3				
R14	090822120	ERD-25TJB22	1	0.25W, 8.2K
R11	090102120	ERD-25TJ102	1	0.25W, 1K
L	228358001	SF-T10-50M	1	3A, 110uH
F	228359001	FU8A Holder S-N5051	2	
ZR1, ZR2, ZR3	232381001	ENC112D	3	1100V
MOV	232383001	NV112D	1	1100V
DSA	232384001	DSA362MA	1	
FIN	233637001	27CU078	1	
TC	228385001	T code	1	
+C	233649001	+ *	1	
CC	233650001	C *	1	
CEC	233651001	CE *	1	
BC	233652001	B *	1	
EC	233653001	E *	1	
RC	228384001	R *	1	
AC	233654001	A *	1	
GC	234368001	G *	1	
S	218859001	Band M150	4	
Q	233655001	Band M270	1	
R	227189001	Fastener 5.2L	1	
FA, FB	224087001	Fuse Holder #2	2	
	215769001	Fuse 3A	2	

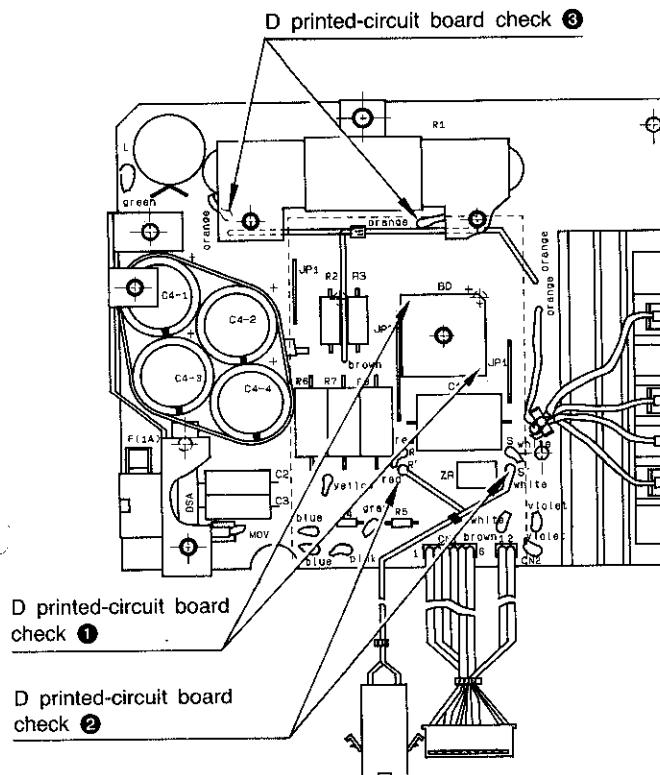
MD-812, 813 D-PCB3-415V-B 291276101 3 Phase 380~415V

NOTE: This D-PCB assembly is interchangeable for MD-812.

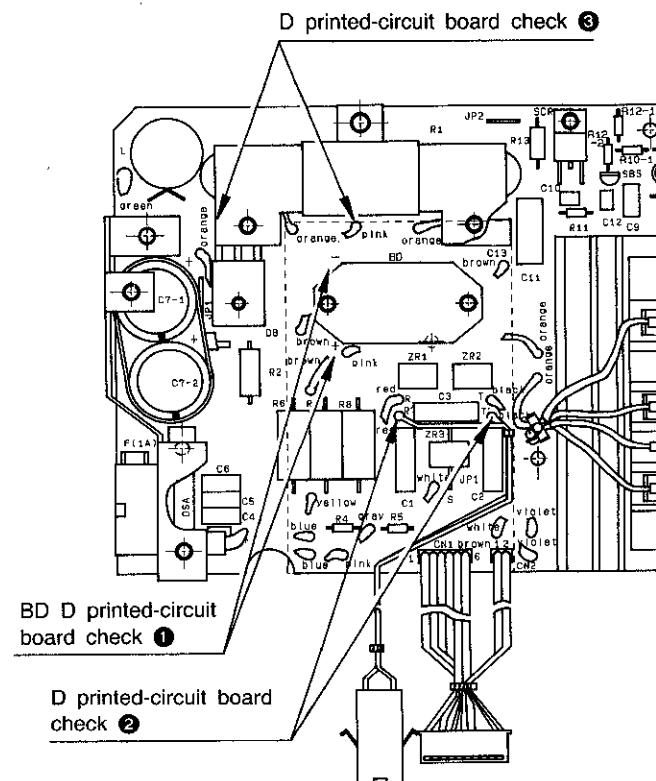


B Type D printed-circuit board

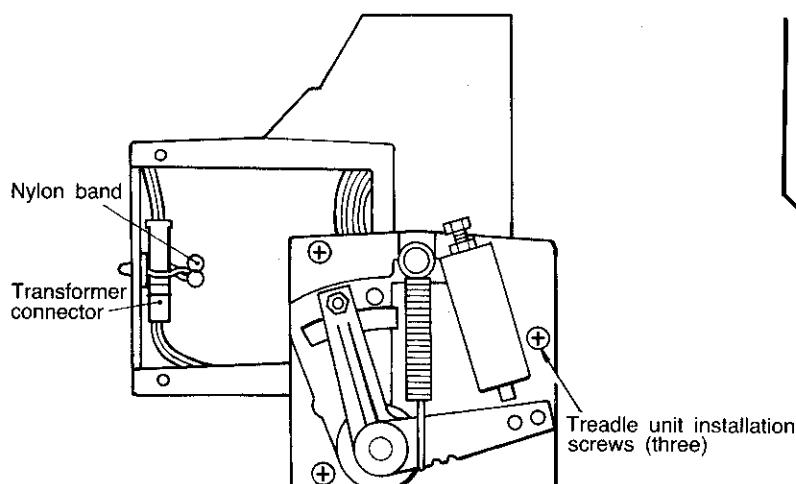
D printed-circuit board 1–110V assembly
1–240V assembly



D printed-circuit board 3–240V assembly
3–415V assembly

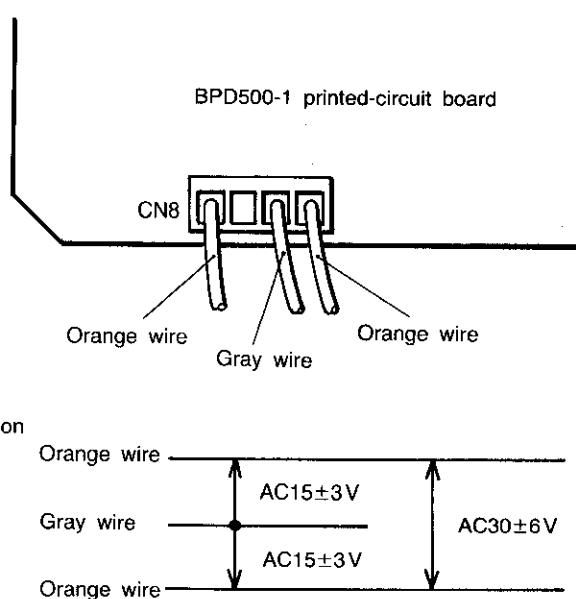


Transformer primary voltage: OK #3–8



- (1) Remove the three treadle unit installation screws.
- (2) Disconnect the transformer connector from the nylon band.
- (3) Check the AC voltage of the transformer connector.

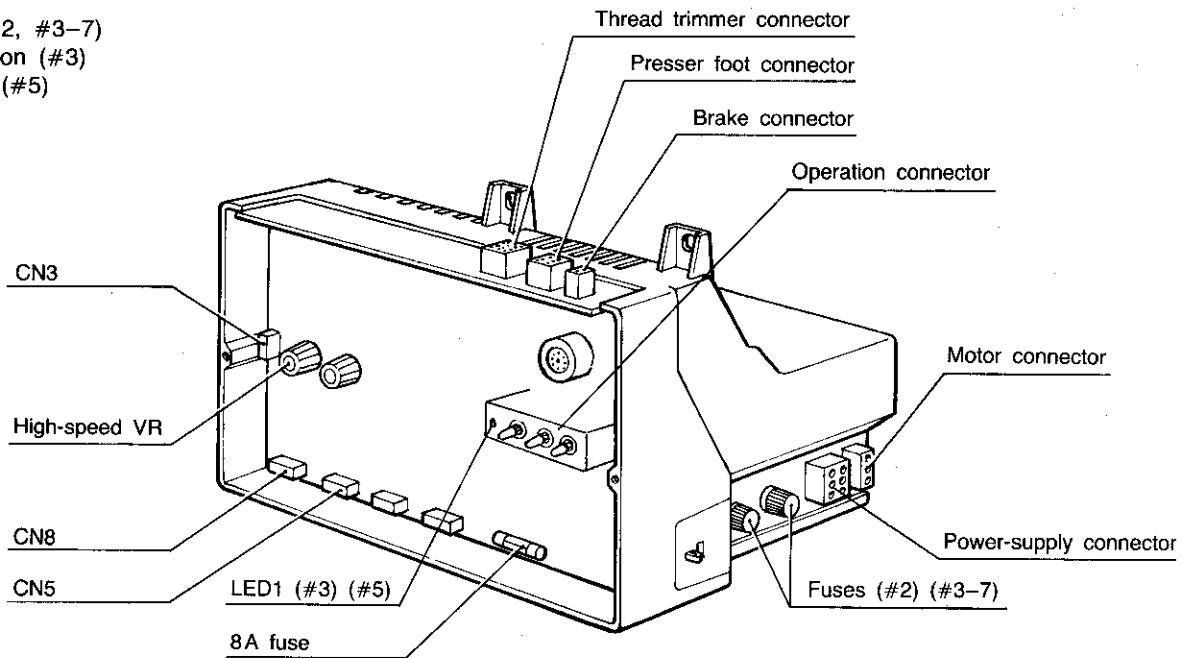
CN8 voltage: OK #4



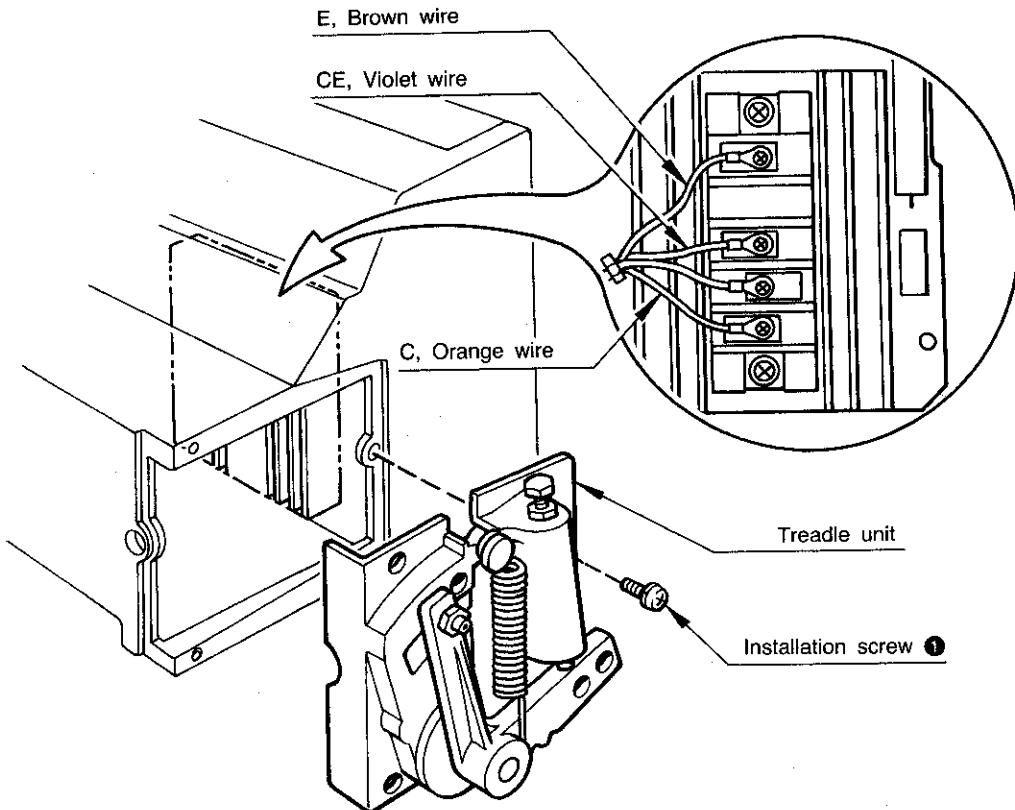
Fuse failure (#2, #3-7)

LED 1 illumination (#3)

LED 1 flashing (#5)



PTR, D: OK #1



TRM check methods

1. Remove the three treadle unit installation screws ①.
2. Set the tester to the X 1Ω range (0ohm adjustment).
3. PTR continuity test
Between TRM C (orange wire) and CE (violet wire)
Should not be Oohms in both directions.
4. D continuity test
Between CE (orange wire) and E (brown wire)
Should not be Oohms in both directions

Note:

If the TRM is damaged, replace the frame assembly of the motor used as a set with the control box. (The motor torque becomes weak and all rotation becomes higher.)



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